



SUBMIT ORIGINAL WITHIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER ISSUE TO:
**Wisconsin Department of Agriculture,
 Trade and Consumer Protection**
 Division of Animal Health
 PO Box 8911, Madison, WI 53708-8911
 Phone: 608-224-4872 Fax: 608-224-4871

OFFICE USE ONLY

FISH HEALTH CERTIFICATE

ATCP 10.65, Wis. Adm. Code

FISH SOURCE INFORMATION

(See Page 2 for required certificate contents based on movement and fish type.)

INSPECTION DATE		ISSUE DATE (A fish health certificate CANNOT be issued until test results are obtained.)	
FISH FARM REGISTRATION		LIVESTOCK PREMISES CODE (if any)	
FISH FARM NAME		OWNER / MANAGER NAME	
FISH FARM ADDRESS / CITY / STATE / ZIP		BUSINESS ADDRESS / CITY / STATE / ZIP	
TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY (Check all that apply) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake <input type="checkbox"/> Stream <input type="checkbox"/> Spring <input type="checkbox"/> Well <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) _____		TYPE OF FISH HEALTH CERTIFICATE (FHC) <input type="checkbox"/> Annual (Expires 12 months from date issued) <input type="checkbox"/> Lot (Expires 30 days from date issued)	
List fish species present on date of inspection:			
QUALIFIED FISH HEALTH INSPECTOR INFORMATION (4)			
PRINTED NAME		CONTACT TELEPHONE	
LICENSE NUMBER		ADDRESS / CITY / STATE / ZIP	
I certify that fish for any required laboratory tests have been sampled and inspected by lot or facility according to the current version of the Inspection Section of the AFS-FHS Blue Book or the OIE Manual and Code. I have also visually inspected a minimum of 60 fish per species (or 100% of the population for populations of 60 fish or less) and certify that the fish have no gross clinical signs of contagious or infectious diseases except as noted on this form. All laboratory test results are summarized in the table below and the laboratory's report is appended to this document.			
SIGNATURE OF QUALIFIED FISH HEALTH INSPECTOR (4) & DATE _____			
Comments on visible signs of contagious or infectious disease (5):			

LABORATORY TESTING (3)

See Page 2 for accepted test methodology. Number sampled (line 1) and results (line 2)

Species (1)	Lot Number	Age (2)	Number in Lot	Sampling Date	Farm (F) Wild (W)	Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia	Whirling Disease	Other: _____	Other: _____	Other: _____	Other: _____
						_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
						_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
						_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
						_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
						_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
						_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Attach copies of laboratory test results required (ATCP 10.65).

Some of the information you provide on this Fish Health Certificate is CONFIDENTIAL, as provided by s. 95.60(7), Wis. Stats., and not subject to Open Records requests under s. 19.35, Wis. Stats., except as the department determines is necessary to protect fish health or prevent the spread of disease.

REQUIRED CERTIFICATE CONTENTS

- (1) Use STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS (see page 3).
- (2) AGE: for hatchery fish give the age in months; for wild fish use one of the following:
E = eggs or fry F = fingerlings Y = yearlings B = older fish
- (3) ACCEPTED TESTING METHODOLOGIES:
All laboratory testing required on the FHC must be performed using either the current USFWS/AFS-FHS Standard Procedures for Aquatic Animal Health Inspections as detailed in the Suggested Procedures for the Detection and Identification of Certain Finfish and Shellfish Pathogens, American Fisheries Society, Fish Health Section, Bethesda, Maryland: **OR** The World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) Manual of diagnostic Tests for Aquatic Animals, OIE, Paris, France or a protocol approved by APHIS for export inspection.
A fish health certificate shall include test results from a qualified laboratory to confirm those test results listed on the certificate form.
A qualified laboratory is one of the following:
- A lab approved by the federal bureau for purposes of disease testing related to interstate movement of fish or fish eggs.
 - A lab approved by DATCP for purposes of disease testing of fish or fish eggs.
 - A federal or state veterinary diagnostic laboratory. (s. ATCP 10.67(2), Wis. Adm. Code.)
- For purposes of this certificate a laboratory test result is rebuttably presumed to be valid if the department or the federal bureau has approved or certified the laboratory to perform that type of test.
- (4) QUALIFIED FISH HEALTH INSPECTOR must be one of the following:
- A WI certified veterinarian who has completed a training program approved by DATCP.
 - A fish health inspector or pathologist certified by the American Fisheries Society that has taken a training program approved by DATCP.
 - For inspection and sampling outside of WI, any accredited veterinarian. (s. ATCP 10.67 (1) Wis. Adm. Code)
- (5) COMMENTS regarding visible signs of contagious or infectious disease are included as part of the visual inspection.

Any person affected adversely by any DATCP action on this FHC may petition the Department for a hearing under s. ATCP 1.06, Wis. Adm. Code. The request shall identify the action on which a hearing is sought, the grounds for the hearing request, and the relief sought. Hearings shall be granted or denied within 20 days following the filing of a complete request with DATCP.

(3) REQUIRED TESTING

*A "wild source" includes a wild source in this state or outside this state. Fish and fish eggs imported from other states (including bait fish and fish eggs) must also comply with import requirements under s. ATCP 10.62. Species that the federal bureau has found to be susceptible to viral hemorrhagic septicemia are listed at http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/aqua/pdf/vhs_susceptible_species.pdf.

Fish for any required laboratory tests must be sampled and inspected by lot or facility according to the current version of the Inspection Section of the AFS-FHS Blue Book or the OIE Manual and Code. A minimum of 60 fish per species (or 100% of the population for populations of 60 fish or less) must be visually inspected for gross clinical signs of contagious or infectious diseases and any findings noted on this form.

Laboratory Tests required for importing any live fish or fish eggs into Wisconsin [ATCP 10.62(3)]:

- Infectious hematopoietic necrosis, viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS) and whirling disease (*Myxobolus cerebralis*) if an import shipment covered by the health certificate includes salmonids.
- White sturgeon iridovirus if an import shipment covered by the health certificate includes sturgeon.
- Viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS) if an import shipment covered by the health certificate includes fish or fish eggs from a state or province where that disease is known to occur.

Laboratory tests required for stocking live fish or fish eggs into waters of Wisconsin [ATCP 10.63]:

- Whirling disease (*Myxobolus cerebralis*) if a farm or shipment covered by the health certificate includes salmonids.
- Viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS) if a farm or shipment covered by the health certificate includes any of the following fish or fish eggs of a species that the federal bureau has found to be susceptible to viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS):
 - Fish or fish eggs collected from a wild source* within the 12 month period immediately preceding the shipment.
 - Fish or fish eggs kept at a fish farm that received fish or fish eggs of any species collected from a wild source within the 12 month period immediately preceding the distribution date.

Laboratory tests required for farm to farm movement of any live fish or fish eggs in Wisconsin [ATCP 10.64] (see Exception below):

- Viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS) if a farm or shipment covered by the health certificate includes any of the following fish or fish eggs of a species that the federal bureau has found to be susceptible to viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS):
 - Fish or fish eggs collected from a wild source within the 12 month period immediately preceding the shipment.
 - Fish or fish eggs kept at a fish farm that received fish or fish eggs of any species collected from a wild source within the 12 month period immediately preceding the distribution date.

EXCEPTIONS [ATCP 10.64(3)]:

- Fish or fish eggs moved between fish farms registered under s. ATCP 10.61 by the same fish farm operator, if the operator keeps a complete record of the movement under s. ATCP 10.61(10). This exemption does not apply to the movement of fish or fish eggs from a type 3 fish farm to a type 1 or type 2 fish farm, or, the movement of fish or fish eggs between fish farms that are required under s. ATCP 10.61(5m) to be medically separated.
- Fish or fish eggs moved to a food processing plant, retail food establishment or restaurant for processing or direct sale consumers, provided that the receiving entity does not hold any of the fish or fish eggs for more than 30 days prior to slaughter or direct sale to consumers, commingle the fish or fish eggs with fish or fish eggs that may be used for any other purpose, sell or distribute unprocessed fish or fish eggs to consumers at any place other than the food processing plant, retail food establishment or restaurant at which the entity first receives them, discharge to waters of the state any untreated water used to hold or process any of the fish or fish eggs, and dispose of any dead fish, dead fish eggs or fish offal except by rendering, composting, municipal solid waste disposal, or other means approved by the department.

Laboratory Tests required for wild source live fish or fish eggs distributed for use as bait [ATCP 10.645]:

- Viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS) if a farm or shipment covered by the health certificate includes any of the following fish or fish eggs of a species that the federal bureau has found to be susceptible to viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS):
 - Fish or fish eggs collected from a wild source within the 12 month period immediately preceding the shipment.
 - Fish or fish eggs kept at a fish farm that received fish or fish eggs of any species collected from a wild source within the 12 month period immediately preceding the distribution date.

A fish health certificate is not required for the movement of live fish or fish eggs between fish farms that are registered by the same registrant provided that the registrant keeps complete records of the movement.

STANDARD FISH SPECIES ABBREVIATIONS

GENERAL SPECIES

AMP	Amur pike	GAR	Gar	OTM	Other minnow
ARG	Arctic grayling	GIT	Gila trout	OTP	Other pike
ATS	Atlantic salmon	GOF	Goldfish	OTS	Other sucker
BCF	Blue catfish	GOS	Golden shiner	PAH	Paddlefish
BCFCCF	Blue catfish x channel catfish	GOT	Golden trout	RBTSTT	Rainbow trout x steelhead trout
BIB	Bigmouth buffalo	GRC	Grass carp	RSF	Redear sunfish
BKT	Brook trout	GSF	Green sunfish	SAB	Smallmouth buffalo
BLB	Black bullhead	KIH	Killifish	SAR	Sauger
BLGHYB	Hybrid bluegill	KOE	Kokanee	SCS	Spring chinook salmon
BLP	Blue pike	LAS	Landlocked Atlantic salmon	SOS	Sockeye salmon
BON	Bowfin	LAT	Lake trout	SPB	Spotted bass
CAP	Carp	LAY	Lamprey	STB	Striped bass
DAR	Darters	LIR	Livebearer	STK	Stickleback
DOV	Dolly varden	MCS	Miscellaneous warm water	STN	Sturgeon
DOVBKT	Dolly varden x brook trout	MOE	Mooneye	STT	Steelhead trout
COS	Coho salmon	MUW	Mudminnow	SVC	Silver carp
CUT	Cutthroat trout	OCF	Other catfish	WAESAR	Walleye x sauger
FCF	Flathead catfish	OHT	Other trout	WAM	Warmouth
FCS	Fall chinook salmon	OSH	Other salmonid	WCF	White catfish
FHM	Fathead minnow	OSF	Other sunfish	WCS	Winter chinook salmon
				WSK	White sucker

VHS SUSCEPTIBLE SPECIES (as of January 2010) (www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/aqua/pdf/vhs_susceptible_species.pdf)

BLC	Black crappie	GZS	Gizzard shad	SHRH	Shorthead redhorse
BLG	Bluegill	LWF	Lake whitefish	SRH	Silver redhorse
BNM	Bluntnose minnow	LMB	Largemouth bass	SMB	Smallmouth bass
BNT	Brown trout	MUE	Muskellunge	STS	Spottail shiner
BRT	Burbot	NOP	Northern Pike	T-P	Trout-perch
BRB	Brown bullhead	PSD	Pumpkinseed	WAE	Walleye
CCF	Channel catfish	RBT	Rainbow trout	WHB	White bass
CHS	Chinook salmon	RHS	Redhorse sucker	WHP	White perch
EMS	Emerald shiner	RB	Rock bass	YPC	Yellow perch
FRD	Freshwater drum	RG	Round goby		