Biology 333: General Microbiology Sections 1, 2, and 3 Fall 2019 Class Syllabus

Course and Instructor Information

Lecture: W F 11:00-11:50, CBB 101

Lab: Section 1: T R 10:00-11:50, CBB 366 Section 2: T R 1:00-2:50, CBB 366 Section 3: T R 3:00-4:50, CBB 366

Final Exam: Thursday, December 19, 2:45-4:45

Instructor: Dr. Matt Rogge Office hours: W, F: 10:00-10:50

Office: CBB 345 Other times by appointment

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Course Description

This course is designed based on American Society for Microbiology "Recommended Curriculum Guidelines for Undergraduate Microbiology Education" (ASM, 2012). This ensures that all students in the course receive an education in topics consistent with microbiology curricula used nationwide. The Guidelines provide a framework of microbiological concepts that are central to a complete undergraduate microbiology education. These concepts include **evolution**, **cell structure and function**, **metabolic pathways**, **information flow and genetics**, **microbial systems**, **and the impacts of microorganisms**. Furthermore, development of scientific and reasoning skills and microbiological laboratory skills are recommended for an undergraduate microbiology course. These concepts and skills are aligned with those recommended for a general biology education. Although the course is not structured such that those topics are followed in sequence, the topics covered in the course are directly related to those overarching concepts.

What you should acquire from this class

Students will understand that...

- The microscopic world includes organisms from many taxonomic groups.
- Microbes are involved in complex environmental interactions that can be both beneficial and detrimental.
- The study of microbes requires careful observation and precise techniques.
- The study of microscopic organisms involves the analysis of physiological, morphological, and genetic traits.
- Cells, organelles, and all major metabolic pathways found in higher level species evolved from early prokaryotic cells.

Learning outcomes

Knowledge:

Students will...

- Distinguish features of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
- Describe metabolic pathways used by microbes that allow them to live in diverse habitats, and how the metabolic activities contribute to a functional ecosystem.
- Recognize how microbial genetics affects physical traits of microbes and are used to classify and identify microbes.
- Recognize beneficial and detrimental interactions that microbes have with humans and other organisms in an environment.

Skills:

Students will...

- Exhibit proper microbiological lab safety.
- Demonstrate the ability to use aseptic technique in the handling and culture of microbes.
- Execute commonly used laboratory practices for the culture and identification of microbes.
- Perform standard practices to analyze the growth of microbes and treatments, both physical and chemical, that inhibit microbial growth.
- Relate laboratory techniques with experimentation to better understand the biology of microorganisms and their impacts.

Dispositions:

Students will...

- Identify the advantages and disadvantages of microbes to health and well-being of humans and other organisms.
- Recognize the ubiquitous occurrence of microbes in the environment and the necessary functions they perform in an ecosystem.
- Realize the effects of overuse and misuse antimicrobial agents and the potential negative impacts.

Prerequisites

This course has prerequisites of an <u>introductory biology course</u>, a <u>principles of genetics</u> course, and a <u>general chemistry</u> course. This class will build on many of the topics covered in those courses, and I expect that you come in **prepared** to build onto those ideas rather than having to cover that material again. As such, you will be provided with chapters and sections in the textbook that should be used to **refresh** your memory of those concepts. Those review sections **are not** covered during lecture.

Required materials

Textbook: Willey, et al. 2017. Prescott's Microbiology, 10th Edition. McGraw-Hill, New York, New

York. Available from text rental.

Lab manual: Microbiology in the Laboratory, A manual for Biology 333/533, Fall 2019 Edition,

available in the bookstore

Other materials: A black permanent marker is required for lab

Optional materials

An optional lab manual by Leboffe and Pierce, *A Photographic Atlas for the Microbiology Lab*, is available for purchase in the DUC bookstore. This book is <u>not</u> required for the class, but you may find it beneficial.

Attendance

Students are <u>expected</u> to attend all lecture and lab sessions. It is usually (but not always) impossible to make up missed labs or lab assignments because of the unavailability of cultures, media, and reagents after the regularly scheduled labs. <u>Assume that if you miss a lab, you will not be able to make it up, even if the absence is health-related.</u> If you do miss a lab, DO ask if you are able to make it up, especially if important techniques were covered during the lab.

ATTENDANCE FOR ALL GRADED ACTIVITIES IS REQUIRED. Makeups for unexcused absences will only be administered in the event of illness or emergency, which <u>will require documentation</u>. The professor reserves the right to change the format of any makeup assignments, including exams. If you are aware ahead of time of a conflict with a scheduled exam, a <u>meeting</u> with the instructor is required <u>at least a week in advance</u> of the exam to discuss the situation. A makeup exam is <u>not</u> guaranteed.

Open labs

The lab <u>may be</u> open when there are not any other scheduled labs during normal business hours (9am-5pm). For safety reasons, students will not be allowed to use the lab without an instructor or another student present in the area. *If you use Bunsen burners during open lab, be sure they are TURNED OFF before you leave.* Before attempting to conduct lab work outside of the regularly scheduled lab period, check the lab schedule posted near the lab entrance to be certain a class is not scheduled at the same time you plan to work. **Scheduled classes have priority over open lab work.** If a class is scheduled, please vacate the lab at least **10 minutes before** the beginning of the class so that students in the class can prepare themselves for class.

Microbiological safety

You will be working with live microorganisms that have the potential to be infectious to humans. Careless or sloppy work endangers other students and is **unacceptable** in any microbiology lab. Part of this class is learning about and using proper microbiological lab techniques as described by the Centers for Disease Control and other agencies, and students will be graded on their ability to perform these techniques. <u>Students that</u> consistently use improper technique will **receive point deductions** and may be asked to leave the lab.

Grading

Lab quizzes

There will be six lab quizzes worth a total of 90 points. Each quiz is worth 15 points. The quizzes will cover information and techniques demonstrated and used during lab sessions, as well as real-world application of the methods used in the exercises. The format of the quizzes will be any combination of multiple choice, short answer, matching, diagrams, and fill in the blank. Lab quizzes will *rarely* cover specific results from previous labs, and most question/problems will be related to the *application* of the techniques covered, e.g., how cultures are interpreted, why media or culture conditions support or inhibit the growth. In other words, focus on **why** the tests are done, **how** they work, and **what** they show. There will be <u>no makeup points</u> for a missed quiz.

Total value: 90 points (18%)

Lab exercises

There will be five graded lab exercises (practical lab exercises – PLEs) each worth 10 or 15 points. More information regarding these exercises can be found in the lab manual and will be discussed in class. PLEs are *individual* exercises, not group exercises. You are expected to perform them on your own without help from others. There will be <u>no makeup points</u> for missing a PLE.

Total value: 60 points (12%)

Pop lab quizzes

You should come to lab prepared to do the work scheduled for the day. For randomly chosen lab sessions, there will be short pop quizzes given that cover the introductory information provided in the lab manual for that day's scheduled lab exercise. The quiz point values will vary but will not exceed 4 points per quiz. The format of the quizzes will be any combination of multiple choice, short answer, matching, diagrams, and fill in the blank. There will be no makeup points for missing a quiz.

Total value: 20 points (4%)

Lab worksheets

For some labs, worksheets are to be submitted for grading. The questions or exercises found in the report sheets relate to recognition of how those types of laboratory techniques are useful for microbiological studies. There will be eleven labs that have worksheets associated with them. You must complete and submit *five* of those report sheets. Each submitted report sheet is worth 10 points. *The worksheets are due at the beginning of lab period FOLLOWING the lab period in which the lab results are discussed*. Lab worksheets are **individual** exercises. The answers on your submitted worksheets should be generated independently, i.e., not as a result of group work.

Total value: 50 points (10%)

Lab professionalism

Many lab activities are performed in groups. To ensure you are being a productive member of the group and involved in the preparation and analysis of experiments, you will be assigned points for your participation. There are about 30 labs in the semester, and *participation* (not simply attendance) in each lab is worth 1 point. If you are active within your group, you will get the point. If you are not actively participating in group work, you will receive 0 points for that day. Missing a lab for *any* reason will result in receiving 0 points that day. Furthermore, it is imperative that laboratory safety protocols are followed <u>rigorously</u>. If you are observed <u>consistently</u> ignoring laboratory safety guidelines (proper glove use, proper disposal of biohazards, etc.), professionalism points will be **deducted**.

Total value: 30 points (6%)

Exams

There will be four exams. The first three exams are 50 points each and cover only the material in that unit. The final is worth 100 points, with 25 points covering the chapters covered since the third exam and 75 points covering **cumulative** material from the semester, including the last portion of lecture. The lecture exams will only cover material that was discussed in lecture. Material discussed *only* in lab will not be on the exam but realize that some material covered in lecture can overlap with lab information. The format of the exams will be any combination of multiple choice, short answer, matching, diagrams, and fill in the blank.

Total value: 250 points (50%)

Enrichment points

Throughout the semester, you can perform extra credit (NOT bonus) assignments. These assignments are <u>not required</u>. These exercises are not graded but are checked for completeness. By putting forth the effort to do the assignment and following <u>all</u> provided guidelines, you will receive the full point value. Further information regarding these assignments will be distributed as due dates approach. Completing all assignments can increase your final grade by 1-3 <u>percentage</u> points.

- Pre-exam (20 pts) Due by the beginning of the of the 4th lecture; <u>can be submitted late</u>, but no points will be awarded for a late submission.
- Pre-exam review (25 pts) Due by the last lecture period (Canvas upload) <u>Cannot be submitted for points if the Pre-exam was not completed.</u> <u>Late submissions will **NOT** be graded.</u>
- Lab check-out (5 pts) Last day of lab; cleanup of incubators and drawers

Total value: up to 50 points

TOTAL CLASS POINTS: 500 to 550 pts (depending on the number of enrichment assignments completed). Grades will be calculated by dividing the total points received by the total points possible and multiplied by 100 (a simple percentage). The following scale will be used to assign a final grade.

93 to 100%	A	80 to 82%	B-	67 to 69%	D+
90 to 92%	A-	77 to 79%	C+	60 to 66%	D
87 to 89%	B+	73 to 76%	C	<60%	F
83 to 86%	В	70 to 72%	C-		

Grades are assigned based on how well you perform on the graded exercises. I do not "adjust" a grade because you need it to get into med school, graduate school, or stay in your current program of study. **Note that some programs will not accept a C- as a passing grade.** If you want an A in the course, you will need to exhibit *excellence* in every aspect of the course, including both lab and lecture materials. Average performance will result in an average grade (usually B- to C). Achieving only *minimum* expectations is <u>not</u> exhibiting excellence and will result in an average grade.

ROUNDING: Percentages with a decimal value of 0.50 or higher will be rounded $\underline{\mathbf{up}}$ to the next whole percentage (e.g., $89.50\% \rightarrow 90\%$). Percentages with a decimal value less than 0.50 will be rounded $\underline{\mathbf{down}}$ to the next whole percentage (e.g., $89.499\% \rightarrow 89\%$). NO EXCEPTIONS.

Future Letters of Recommendation and References

In the future, you may need a former professor to write a letter of recommendation or be a reference for your employment application, application for graduate school, awards and scholarships, or other future endeavors. If you decide that you want to ask me to be a reference for you, you need to consider what you have provided for me to write or talk about. Were you an average, above average, or excellent student? Were you engaged in class and excited about the material? Do I only know you based on a grade you received, or am I familiar with you outside of class and your goals for your life and career? Have you separated yourself from other students I have had in terms of interest, motivation, or academic success? In other words, What am I going to be able to say about you to convince someone else that you are better than other applicants? Furthermore, have you exhibited any negative characteristics that I might mention in my letter? The information I give reflects my entire impression of you based on what I have observed, and I will not give false or misleading information. Serving as a reference in no way guarantees that the reference will be a positive one. You need to consider these things for any person you hope to be a reference.

If you do ask me to be a reference or write a letter, I require the request to be in writing and an in-person meeting scheduled to discuss the position(s) for which you are applying. Before I give a recommendation, I require a current CV and/or transcript, copies of or links to forms I need to fill out, and all necessary contact information (names, addresses, phone numbers) required for me to submit the recommendation. Finally, I require these materials be delivered a minimum of **two weeks** before a recommendation is due. More time is greatly appreciated. If any of these criteria are not met, I will not have time, nor will I be well enough informed to write a letter.

Graduate credit

Students taking the course for graduate credit will be assigned additional work and should discuss this work with the instructor as soon as possible.

Attendance

I do not take attendance other than during the times required by the University. In a small class such as this, however, frequent absences will be noticed. You are responsible for attending lecture to ensure exposure to all the material covered. You are responsible for asking questions regarding topics you do not fully understand. I am willing and happy to meet with you outside of class to further explain any topics. You can stop by during office hours or call/email/see me after class to set up an appointment outside of office hours. If there is any way I can assist you in this class, do not hesitate to ask, and I will do my best to help. Do not risk falling so far behind that catching up is impossible.

Academic Expectations

UWSP values a safe, honest, respectful, and inviting learning environment. In order to ensure that each student has the opportunity to succeed, we have developed a set of expectations for all students and instructors. This set of expectations is known as the *Rights and Responsibilities* document, and it is intended to help establish a positive living and learning environment at UWSP.

Academic integrity is central to the mission of higher education in general and UWSP in particular. Academic dishonesty (cheating, plagiarism, etc.) is taken very seriously. **Don't do it!** The minimum penalty for a violation of academic integrity is a failure for the assignment. For more information, see the UWSP "Student Academic Standards and Disciplinary Procedures" section of the *Rights and Responsibilities* document, Chapter 14.

Access for all Students

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) is a federal law requiring educational institutions to provide reasonable accommodations for students with disabilities.

If you have a disability and require classroom and/or exam accommodations, please register with the Disability and Assistive Technology Center and then contact me **AT THE BEGINNING OF THE COURSE**. I am happy to help in any way that I can, but you need to be registered. For more information, please visit the Disability and Assistive Technology Center, located on the 6th floor of the Learning Resource Center.

How to be successful in this class

- Attend all lectures and, pay attention, and be an active learner.
- Look at the material you anticipate will be covered in class **before** you arrive to class. We cover a lot of material during the semester.
- Develop good note-taking skills. Do not try to write down everything that is said or that appears on the PowerPoint slides. Sort through the information and make note of the **important ideas and concepts** being discussed. Reading and processing the information is the first step in learning the information. Print out the provided PowerPoint presentations and bring them to class to supplement your notes.
- Learn to take notes with abbreviations so that you can spend enough time listening in addition to writing. Leave space in your notes so that you can go back and fill in more details later.
- Be **engaged** in the classroom. Write information in *your own words*, and answer questions asked by the instructor, even if it is quietly to yourself. If your answer is incorrect, make sure you understand why.
- Do not study *for exams*. Studying that way promotes memorization, not understanding. Instead, **study for learning and understanding**, and do it often. You need to develop critical thinking skills to succeed in a science-based course and career. No boss is going to walk into your workspace and ask you to define a list of terms. They will expect you to **understand and apply** the information, not define it.
- Training your mind (studying and learning) is like training your body (sports, musical instruments, gaming, etc). The more you practice, the better you get. Practice (study) **early and often**.
- Begin studying for exams at least two weeks before the exam.
- Begin studying your notes in terms of "big picture" ideas. Find the bigger concepts and make sure you have a basic understanding of those ideas. Once those bigger concepts are understood, add additional details relating to those ideas. By doing this, you construct "compartments" in your mind to store the details rather than simply trying to absorb all the details and hoping that they arrange themselves into a coherent idea. Ultimately, the difference between an A, B, or C is the level of detail that you know, but you should begin by focusing on the bigger picture.
- Study frequently. **Repetition** is the key to learning any topic. Studying for 40 hours over the span of two weeks will be much more beneficial than studying for 40 hours the weekend before the exam. Learn to study **efficiently**.
- Do not try to memorize definitions. You <u>will</u> need to know what words mean to understand and answer questions, but I will never ask you to define a word.
- When you do not understand something, LOOK IN THE TEXTBOOK! The book can give more detailed explanations and images that may help you better understand the material. Alternatively, use the internet. You have a wealth of information at your fingertips, use it!
- When your notes do not make sense and the book does not help, schedule an appointment with me. I am here to help you learn. I do not expect you to be an microbiologist *before* taking the class. I understand that much of this material is new to you and everyone else, and one or two lectures on a topic is not enough for you to fully grasp the concepts. Do not be too stubborn or independent to ask for help or you will risk falling behind
- After you have studied and know some or most of the material, meet with other students in the class and actively **discuss** the information. **Explain mechanisms**, **theories**, **concepts**, etc. to other students. The other students can help you fill in areas where you are deficient. You will find that explaining these things to

someone else is one of the best ways to ensure you **know** and **understand** the information. Then have another student explain a different idea or concept and help them identify areas in which they are deficient.

- The level of detail that you will be required to know is the **level of detail that I cover in lectures**. The book has much more detailed information, which may help you better understand the material I cover, but I will not ask about the details I do not cover.
- Pay attention to the details. That does not mean to study and know every single detail covered, but when you are answering questions, use appropriate terms. Describe things accurately. The more clearly and accurately you describe things and answer questions, the more confident I am that you know and understand the material. In other words, you will get better grades by having better attention to detail.
- When answering questions on exams, be sure you answer them **clearly** and **completely**. You should not expect me to interpret vague answers in your favor (because I will not). Your ability to explain something clearly is related to your knowledge of the subject. If your answers are not clear or direct, my interpretation is that you do not understand that topic very well.
- When I ask you to **explain** or **describe** something, the answer should not be a one or two-word answer. A good explanation will incorporate answers to the following questions:
 - o "What is happening?"
 - o "Why is it happening?"
 - o "How it is happening?"
 - o Remember WHAT, WHY, and HOW.
- Watch the following YouTube videos. The first is 1hr lecture by a psychology professor discussing how to study. The second is a 6 minute summary of the first video.
 - o https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IIU-zDU6aQ0
 - o https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=23Xqu0jXlfs

Use of electronics during class

Please <u>turn off/mute any electronic devices</u> that could interrupt class *before class begins*. If it is a personal emergency, feel free to excuse yourself from the class and communicate <u>outside of the classroom</u>.

TENTATIVE LECTURE SCHEDULE

(Subject to change)

Week	Date	Topic	Chapter(s)
1	Sept 4	Syllabus / Introduction to Microbiology	1
	Sept 6	Introduction to Microbiology	1
2	Sept 11	Introduction to Microbiology	1
	Sept 13	Cellular Structure of Bacteria	3
3	Sept 18	Cellular Structure of Bacteria/Archaea	3/4
	Sept 20	Virus and Prion Structure and Replication	6
4	Sept 25	Virus and Prion Structure and Replication	6
	Sept 27	Bacterial Nutrition and Growth	7
5	Oct 2	EXAM 1	
	Oct 4	Antimicrobial Therapy and Resistance	9
6	Oct 9	Bacterial Catabolism	11
	Oct 11	Bacterial Catabolism	11
7	Oct 16	Bacterial Anabolism	12
	Oct 18	Bacterial Genetics	13
8	Oct 23	Bacterial Genetics: Regulation of Expression	14
	Oct 25	Bacterial Genetics: Regulation of Expression	14
9	Oct 30	EXAM 2	
	Nov 1	Bacterial Genetics: Mechanisms of Genetic Variation	16
10	Nov 6	Bacterial Genetics: Mechanisms of Genetic Variation	16
	Nov 8	Microbial Genomics	18
11	Nov 13	Bacterial Diversity and Evolution	19
	Nov 15	Viral Diversity	27
12	Nov 20	Viral Diversity	27
	Nov 22	Microbial Ecology	28, 29, 30, 31
13	Nov 27	Microbial Ecology	28, 29, 30, 31
	Nov 30	THANKSGIVING BREAK – NO CLASS	
1.4	Dec 4	EXAM 3	
14	Dec 6	Microbial Interactions	32
15	Dec 11	Infection and Pathogenicity	35
	Dec 13	Epidemiology	37
16	Dec 19	FINAL EXAM, Thursday, December 19, 2:45-4:45	

TENTATIVE LAB SCHEDULE

Week	Date	Topic	Page(s)
44 CCK	Sept 3	Lab Introduction	III
	Sept 5	Laboratory Safety	IV
1		The Scientific Method	XIII
2		1	
	Sept 5	Fomites Culture Media	6
	Sept 10	Aseptic Technique and Inoculation	13
	Sept 12	Microscopes and Measurement	23
3	Sept 17	Basic Staining Techniques	31
	Sept 19	Bacterial Morphology	36
4	Sept 24	Capsule, Endospore, Acid-Fast Stains	41
	Sept 24	PLE #1 Morphological Unknown	X, 46
	Motility		47
	Oct 1	Relationship of Oxygen to Growth	51
5	Oct 3	Environmental Parameters of Growth	57
6	Oct 8	Quantitating Microbial Populations	65
	Oct 10	Effects of Heat and UV on Bacterial Growth	73
	34.10	PLE #1 Due	, 5
	Oct 15	Chemical Control of Microbial Growth	81
7	Oct 17	Chemotherapeutic Agent Sensitivity Testing	91
	Oct 22	Selective and Differential Media	97
8	Oct 24	Biochemical Differentiation of Cocci	101
	Oct 29	Biochemical Differentiation of Gram-Negative Bacilli	106
9	Oct 31	Biochemical Differentiation of Gram-Negative Bacilli	106
	Nov 5	PLE #2 Biochemical Unknown	XI
10	Nov 7	PLE# 2 Biochemical Unknown	XI
	Nov 12	Bacterial Transformation	117
11	Nov 14	Bacteriophage	123
	PLE #2 Due		
10	Nov 19	Normal Flora: Cocci	134
12	Nov 21	Soil Microbiology	138
13	Nov 26	Fungi	129
		PLE #3 Isolation Streak	
	Nov 28	THANKSGIVING BREAK – NO CLASS	
	Dec 3	Microbiology of Water	145
14		PLE #3 Due	
	Dec 5	Microbiology of Food	155
	Dec 10	DNA Sequence Analysis	161
15	D 10	PLE#4 Serial Dilution Plate Count QUIZ 6	
	Dec 12		
		PLE #4 Due DIE #5 Migropinetting	
		PLE #5 Micropipetting Lab Clean Up, check out	
16	Dec 17/19	Finals Week – NO LAB	
10	DCC 17/19	THIAIS VYCCK - NO LAD	