University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point
Annual Security Report and Annual Fire Safety Report

October 2019

Included in this document are the Annual Security Report, Annual Fire Safety Report, and annual notification of important information per the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act. This publication contains crime statistics, fire statistics, and policy statements for all campuses of UW-Stevens Point as defined by the Clery Act, to include: the Stevens Point campus; UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield; UW-Stevens Point at Wausau, the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station; and the Treehaven Field Station located near Tomahawk, Wisconsin.

The safety and success of students, faculty, and staff at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point is paramount. A safe environment depends on the cooperation and involvement of individuals like you. We encourage all current and potential members of the UW-Stevens Point community to use this report as a guide for safe practices on and off campus.

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act requires the distribution of an Annual Security Report to all current students, faculty, and staff on or before October 1 of each year. We notify all students, faculty, and staff of the report and the associated web presence, via email, as well as through informational postings within the campus website. You may obtain the report online at [http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/clery/Documents/ASR-ASFR.pdf](http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/clery/Documents/ASR-ASFR.pdf) Request a printed copy at dos@uwsp.edu

The Annual Security Report contains specific information on safety and security, crime prevention, policies relating to reporting crime, campus disciplinary procedures, state and federal laws, response to sexual violence, and crime statistics. The Clery Act requires the reporting of crime statistics for the previous three years concerning crimes that occur: (1) on campus, (2) on public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus, and (3) in or on non-campus buildings or property that the institution owns or controls. The Clery Act also requires institutions to report the number of crimes and referrals for campus disciplinary action that occurred in on-campus student housing facilities as a subset of the total number of crimes that occurred on campus. Lastly, this report includes the additional policies and statistics as required by the reauthorized Violence Against Women Act (VAWA). The Annual Fire Safety Report contains information about fire prevention efforts, fire alarms and protections systems, and reports of fires for the previous three years.

Finally, this document includes information from the UW-Stevens Point Center for Prevention regarding alcohol and drug polices, health effects associated with use of alcohol and other drugs, and university education and prevention efforts. The information is shared in accordance with the requirements of the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act.

Sincerely,
Troy L. Seppelt, Ed.D.
Assistant Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs and Dean of Students
UW-Stevens Point Clery Compliance Officer

Published October 2019 – Office of the Assistant Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs and Dean of Students
# University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point

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# University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point

## Campus and Community Resources

### Safety and Security

- **Office of the Dean of Students**
  212 Old Main, 715-346-2611
  dos@uwsp.edu
  www.uwsp.edu/dos

- **Title IX Coordinator – Haeryon Kim**
  116 Old Main, 715-346-3020

- **UWSP University Police and Security Services (on campus) – Stevens Point Campus**
  Lower level, George Stein Building
  Emergency: 911
  Non-Emergency: 715-346-3456
  www.uwsp.edu/protsv

- **Stevens Point Police Department (off campus)**
  Emergency: 911; Non-Emergency: 715-346-1500
  Crime Stoppers 1-866-346-6600

- **Portage County Sheriff’s Department (off campus)**
  Stevens Point and Central Wisconsin Environmental Station
  Emergency: 911; Non-Emergency: 715-346-1400

- **Lincoln County Sheriff’s Department (off campus)**
  Treehaven Field Station
  715-536-6206

- **Marshfield Police Department (off campus)**
  UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield
  715-387-4394

- **Wood County Sheriff’s Department (off campus)**
  UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield
  715-421-8700

- **Wausau Police Department (off campus)**
  UW-Stevens Point at Wausau
  715-261-7800

- **Marathon County Sheriff’s Department (off campus)**
  UW-Stevens Point at Wausau
  715-261-1200

### Health

- **UW-Stevens Point Counseling Center – Stevens Point**
  Third Floor, Delzell Hall, 715-346-3553
  Monday thru Friday: 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
  www.uwsp.edu/counseling

- **UW-Stevens Point Student Health Services – Stevens Point**
  First Floor, Delzell Hall, 715-346-4646
  Monday thru Friday: 7:45 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
  www.uwsp.edu/stuhealth

- **Ascension St. Michael’s Hospital**
  900 Illinois Avenue, Stevens Point
  Main: 715-346-5000
  Emergency: 715-346-5100
  Includes Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program
  Urgent Care: 715-343-3100

- **Ascension Sacred Heart Hospital – Treehaven**
  401 W. Mohawk Dr., Tomahawk
  Main: 715-453-7700

- **Ascension St. Clare’s Hospital in Weston**
  3400 Ministry Parkway, Weston
  715-393-2950
  Includes Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program

- **Aspirus Wausau Hospital**
  333 Pine Ridge Blvd, Wausau
  Emergency: 715-847-2000
  Includes Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program

- **Berlin Memorial Hospital**
  225 Memorial Dr., Berlin, WI
  920-361-1313

- **Portage County Family Services 24-Hour Crisis Line**
  866-317-9362

- **Marquette County Human Services 24-Hour Mental Health/AODA Crisis Line**
  888-552-6642

- **Marshfield Medical Center**
  611 N. St. Josephs Ave, Marshfield
  Emergency: 715-387-7677
  Includes Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program
### Additional Campus and Community Resources

**Residential Living – Stevens Point Campus**
601 Division Street  
715-346-3511  
[www.uwsp.edu/resliving](http://www.uwsp.edu/resliving)

**CAP Services, Inc. – Portage and Marquette Counties**  
UW-Stevens Point Main Campus and CWES  
24-hour sexual violence, domestic violence, and abuse assistance and advocacy services  
- 24-Hour Line: 1-800-472-3377  
- Sexual Assault Victims Services (SAVS)  
  Office: 715-343-7114  
- Family Crisis Center  
  Office: 715-343-7125  
- Domestic Violence Intervention  
  Office: 715-343-7129, Stevens Point  
[www.capservices.org](http://www.capservices.org)

**Personal Development Center (PDC) – Wood County**  
UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield  
Sexual assault and domestic abuse victim advocacy services  
Marshfield Office: 715-384-2971  
24-HR Crisis Line: 715-660-6813

**The Women’s Community**  
UW-Stevens Point at Wausau  
Sexual assault and domestic abuse victim advocacy services  
Office: 715-842-5663  
24-HR Confident Hotline: 715-842-7323 / 888-665-1234

**Household Abuse Victims Emergency Network (HAVEN) – Lincoln County**  
Treehaven Field Station  
715-536-1300 (24 HRS)

### National and Statewide Hotlines

**Alcohol Anonymous**  
24-Hour Help Line: 1-888-292-6677  
[www.aawidistrict04.org](http://www.aawidistrict04.org)

**Hopeline**  
Text “HOPELINE” to 741741

**Narcotics Anonymous**  
24-Hour Help Line: 1-866-590-2651  
[www.wisconsinna.org](http://www.wisconsinna.org)

**National Center on Drug Abuse Hotline**  
1-800-662-HELP (4357)

**National Domestic Violence Hotline**  
1-800-799-SAFE (7223)

**National Sexual Assault/Online Message Service**  
1-800-656-HOPE (4373)  
[www.rainn.org](http://www.rainn.org)

**National Suicide Prevention Lifeline**  
24-Hour Help Line: 1-800-273-TALK (8255)  
Veteran-specific services (press 1)  
[http://www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org/](http://www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org/)

**The Trevor Project**  
Crisis intervention & suicide prevention for LGBTQ individuals  
24-Hour Help Line: 1-866-488-7386  
[http://www.thetrevorproject.org](http://www.thetrevorproject.org)

**Trans Lifeline**  
Suicide prevention hotline for transgender people specifically  
877-565-8860
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point

Campus Geography Terms

The Clery Act requires the reporting of crime statistics for the previous three years concerning crimes that occur: (1) on campus, (2) on public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus, and (3) in or on non-campus buildings or property that the institution owns or controls. The Clery Act also requires institutions to report the number of crimes that occurred in on-campus student housing facilities as a subset of the total number of crimes that occurred on campus.

Definition of terms

On-Campus

- Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonable contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution’s educational purposes, including residence halls; and
- Any building or property that is within or reasonable contiguous to the area identified in first statement of this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as food or other retail vendor). Hyer Hall and Goerke Park fall into the category.

Non-Campus Property

- Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or
- Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution’s educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonable contiguous geographic area of the institution.

Public Property

- All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

Separate Campus

- A location that the institution owns or controls; is not reasonably geographically contiguous with the main campus; has an organized program of study and; has at least one person on site acting in an administrative capacity. Per this definition, UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield, UW-Stevens Point at Wausau, the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station, and the Treehaven Field Station near Tomahawk (WI) are considered separate campuses under the Clery Act.

Note

- The Clery Act does not require the reporting of crimes that fall outside of one of the above defined geographical categories, even if the crime involves a UW-Stevens Point student or employee.
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point

Clery Act Reportable Crimes

The Clery Act requires the reporting of crime statistics for the previous three years concerning crimes that occur on the Clery defined geography. Definitions for Clery reportable crimes, hate crimes, and Violence Against Women Act offenses are shared here.

Criminal Homicide, Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter
• The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Criminal Homicide, Manslaughter by Negligence
• The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sex Offenses
• Rape – The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
• Fondling – The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
• Incest – Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
• Statutory rape – Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery (definition includes attempted robbery)
• The taking, or attempting to take, of anything of value under confrontational circumstances from the control, custody or care of another person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear of immediate harm.

Aggravated Assault
• Unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury.

Motor Vehicle Theft
• The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle operating a motor vehicle without the owner’s consent.

Burglary
• Unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Arson
• Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Liquor Law Violations
• Violations of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, furnishing, sale, purchase, transportation, possession or use of alcoholic beverages. * Liquor Law Arrests/Referrals: Underage drinking is a civil offense in the state of Wisconsin, not a criminal offense, and therefore tickets issued for underage drinking are not classified as “arrests,” and are not counted as referrals for disciplinary action as per Clery Act regulations.

Drug Abuse/Controlled Substance Violations
• Violations of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and the derivatives (morphine, heroine, codeine); marijuana, synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).
Weapons Possession
- Violations of laws or ordinances dealing with weapons offenses, regulatory in nature, such as the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, illegal carry or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons and all attempts of the aforementioned.

Hate Crimes
- Any of the reportable Clery crimes or others that involve bodily injury, larceny/simple assault, damage/vandalism or property, or intimidation is committed against a victim who was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator’s bias or the perpetrator perceived the person to be in one of the protected categories (race, gender, gender identity, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, disability).

Domestic Violence
- Asserted violent misdemeanor and felony offenses committed by the victim’s current or former spouse, current or former cohabitant, person similarly situated under domestic or family violence law, or anyone else protected under domestic or family violence law.

Dating Violence
- Violence by a person who has been in a romantic or intimate relationship with the victim. Whether there was such relationship will be gauged by its length, type and frequency of interaction.

Stalking
- A course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for her, his or others’ safety, or to suffer substantial emotional distress.

Referrals for Disciplinary Action per the Clery Act

The Clery Act also requires the reporting of the number of referrals to the campus disciplinary process for certain crimes, specifically:
- Liquor Law Violations
- Drug Abuse Violations
- Weapons Possession Violations.

Definitions for reportable crimes are the same as above. Statistics for referrals for disciplinary action do not include those arrested for a crime or for violations of only an institutional policy.

Liquor Law Arrests/Referrals in Wisconsin: Underage possession or drinking are civil offenses in the state of Wisconsin, not a criminal offense, and therefore tickets issued for underage drinking are not classified as “arrests,” as per Clery Act regulations. Likewise, these incidents are not counted as “disciplinary referrals” as referrals must involve alleged criminal offenses. In the interest of transparency, the total number of students alleged and found responsible for violating institutional policy, UWSP 17.09(6)-Alcohol or controlled substances, are included on the Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action page for each campus of UW-Stevens Point.

Drug Law Arrests/Referrals: Clery Act Handbook Help Desk guidance indicates that arrests or referrals for being under the influence of drugs are not countable offenses for Clery Act reporting purposes.
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point

Campus Site Locations

Maps outlining UW-Stevens Point on-campus boundaries, associated public property, and the campuses of Treehaven and the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station (CWES) are included below. Per the Clery Act’s definition of “campus,” Treehaven, CWES, and the campuses in Marshfield and Wausau qualify as separate campuses. Other non-campus properties as defined by the Clery Act are shared here. NOTE: UW-Stevens Point does not operate any off-campus student organization facilities.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UW-Stevens Point Non-Campus Properties</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>City</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Northern Aquaculture Demo Facility                             | 36445 State Hwy 13                               | Bayfield, WI  | 54814
| Boston School Forest                                           | 5084 Lincoln Avenue                              | Plover, WI    | 54467
| McCloud Memorial Forest                                        | Parcel #004-21-0918:03                           | Almond, WI    | 54909
| Henry C. Kurtz Memorial Forest                                 | Parcels #002013090000 and #002013040000         | Friendship, WI | 53934
| Buena Vista Prairie                                            | T22N-R7E, Section 26 S½SE¼                        | Portage County, WI |
| Aquaponic Innovation Center                                    | 3731 WI-23                                      | Montello, WI  | 53949
| Orbital Club & Concert Venue                                   | 2109 Spencer Street                              | Marshfield, WI | 54449

Site Locations within Wisconsin
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, Stevens Point Campus
2100 Main Street, Stevens Point, WI 54481 (Portage County)

For an online, zoomable map:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=16G_Lw6PZFb_0o4wJfcAyCdpqeQpieT6r&usp=sharing

- On-campus geography for UW-Stevens Point is outlined in **purple**.
- Purple shaded areas are considered “on campus” for Clery reporting purposes.
- Public properties within or adjacent to the campus are outlined in **blue**.
## Crime Statistics

### UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point Campus

**2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years**

**NOTE:** Unfounded crimes for UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point campus: 2016 - zero, 2017 - zero, 2018 - one.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Crime</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
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<td></td>
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<td>On-Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder / non-negligent manslaughter</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manslaughter by Negligence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
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<td>Motor vehicle theft</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
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</table>

**Hate Crimes - 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years**

2016: Two reported hate crimes.
- A crime of intimidation based on race on campus.
- A crime of vandalism based on race on campus within a campus residence hall.

2017: No reported hate crimes.

2018: Three reported hate crimes.
- A crime of simple assault based on national origin on campus.
- A crime of vandalism based on sexual orientation on campus within a campus residence hall.
- A crime of intimidation based on race on campus within a campus residence hall.
Crime and Violence Against Women Act Statistics

UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point Campus

2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Incident</th>
<th>Year of Offense</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>2016</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>2016</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>2018</td>
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* The totals shared here represent the Clery defined crimes of Sexual Assault-Rape that were reported during the specified calendar year to have occurred on university owned or controlled property. These numbers do not represent the total number of reports received by the university, which includes reports of incidents that occurred before enrollment at the institution or that occurred off campus. In 2018, UW-Stevens Point received 61 total reports of sexual assault. For information about previous years, visit: [https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Documents/Sexual%20Assault%20Summary%20Report-Feb2019.pdf](https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Documents/Sexual%20Assault%20Summary%20Report-Feb2019.pdf)
## Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action:
### Liquor Law, Drug Law, and Weapons Possession Violations
#### UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point Campus
##### 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Law Violation</th>
<th>Year of Offense</th>
<th>On-Campus</th>
<th>Residence Halls ( Subset of On-campus)</th>
<th>Non-Campus Property</th>
<th>Public Adjacent Property</th>
<th>Totals for the offense</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Liquor law violations - Arrests</strong></td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>2018</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>0</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

* See page 7 of this report, under *Referrals for Disciplinary Action per the Clery Act*, for a description of how alcohol arrests are categorized in the State of Wisconsin. In the interest of transparency, the total number of students alleged and found responsible for violating institutional policy, *UWSP 17.09(6)-Alcohol or controlled substances*, are listed below.
- 2016 – 207
- 2017 – 229
- 2018 – 200

** Drug Law Arrests/Referrals: Clery Act Handbook Help Desk guidance indicates that arrests or referrals for being under the influence of drugs are not countable offenses for Clery Act reporting purposes. In 2018, UW-Stevens Point conducted an internal audit of all incident reports that indicated alleged use of drugs, possession of drugs, or possession of drug related paraphernalia for the 2016 and 2017 academic years and adjusted arrest/referral numbers based on the Help Desk guidance.
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, Stevens Point Campus

Clery Act Policy Statements and Information

1. Campus Law Enforcement Policies
1a. Law Enforcement Authority
UW–Stevens Point University Police and Security Services is the University’s law enforcement authority for the Stevens Point campus, operating 24 hours a day in a full law enforcement capacity. They represent the first line support for emergency response, safety and security of the campus community.

1b. Arrest Authority and Jurisdiction
University Police and Security Services sworn officers meet the standards of the Wisconsin Law Enforcement Standards Board and have the power to arrest and bring before the proper courts, persons violating the law on University property. Security officers do not have police authority and request police response when necessary.

Crime Log
UW-Stevens Point University Police maintains a log of crimes and incidents that occur on campus and make the log accessible to the public. This crime log is available at University Police in the George Stein Building during business hours, 7:45am to 4:30pm.

1b. Relationships with Local Law Enforcement Agencies
The University Police department maintains a close working relationship with local, regional, state and federal law enforcement agencies, and all appropriate elements of the criminal justice system. Regular meetings are held, both on a formal and informal basis, and crime-related reports and statistics are routinely exchanged.

A Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) exists between University Police and the Stevens Point Police Department outlining investigatory responsibilities of serious crimes, sharing of resources, and ongoing mutual training.

1c. Agreements with Local Law Enforcement Agencies
University Police and Security Services (UPSS) currently has a Memorandum of Understanding with the Stevens Point Police Department (SPPD). The current MOU specifies that SPPD will assist UPSS in the investigation of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd degree sexual assaults, as defined by Wisconsin state law.

2. Reporting Procedures
2a. Accurate and Prompt Reporting of all Crimes
UW-Stevens Point encourages all campus community members to accurately and promptly report crimes if they are victim of or witness.

2b. Reporting of Crimes
Crimes or other emergencies that occur on campus can be reported to the UW-Stevens Point University Police by calling 911, by calling the non-emergency number 715-346-3456, or by going to the department at 1925 Maria Drive (001 George Stein Building), Stevens Point, Wisconsin 54481.

Crimes that occur off campus can be reported to the Stevens Point Police Department via the non-emergency number 715-346-1500 or by going to the department.

The crimes of rape, fondling, statutory rape, or incest, as well as VAWA offenses of domestic violence, dating violent, or stalking may be reported directly to the Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator is Haeryon Kim, Old Main 116, 715-346-3020.

Students are also encouraged to report crimes/violations of University policies to the Dean of Students to seek assistance for themselves or to begin an investigation: 2100 Main Street (212 Old Main) Stevens Point, Wisconsin 54481, 715-346-2611. Reports can also be made online at the Dean
2c. Voluntary Confidential Reporting
If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the university conduct process or criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. UWSP University Police can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. You may also submit an anonymous report online through the website of the Office of the Dean of Students at:

The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a potential pattern of crime regarding a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for the institution.

2d. Professional and Pastoral Counselors
As a result of the negotiated rulemaking process which followed the signing into law, the 1998 amendments to 20 U.S.C. Section 1092 (f), clarification was given to those considered to be campus security authorities. Campus “Professional Counselors”, when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. As a matter of policy, they are encouraged, if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion into the annual crime statistics. The rulemaking committee defines counselors as:
• Professional Counselor: An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.
• UW-Stevens Point does not employ any pastoral counselors.

3. Timely Warning Procedures
3a. Timely Warning Reports Regarding the Occurrence of Clery Act Crimes
As outlined in University Policy and Security Services policy 406.00, the University of Wisconsin–Stevens Point will keep the community informed about safety and security matters on campus and maintain compliance with applicable features of the Clery Act (20 USC 1092(f)).

Timely warnings may be issued for Clery defined crimes to include:
• Murder or Manslaughter by Negligence
• Sexual Assault
• Robbery
• Aggravated Assault
• Burglary
• Arson
• Other crimes or situations as deemed appropriate

Some of the considerations prior to issuing a timely warning include:
• Nature of the crime (serious/non-serious, violent/non-violent)
• The continuing danger to the community or continuing crime pattern (yes/ no)
• The nature of the threat (general/specific target)
• The possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts

3b. Issuing a Timely Warning
When UW-Stevens Point University Police becomes aware of a situation that meets the criteria for a timely warning, University Police will issue a timely warning through all-campus emails and posting on
the University Police website. For time-critical, urgent threats, the University may use the Pointer Alert system.

Other entities on campus learning of an incident in which a timely warning may be needed will share the information with University Police. University Police will determine if the incident meets the criteria for a timely warning.

Timely warning notices may include information about the type of crime, a description of the assailant(s) if known, how those with information can connect to law enforcement, and safety precautions.

3c. Time-critical, urgent threats; Emergency Notifications
In the most time-critical, urgent threats to the campus, UW-Stevens Point University Police will inform the university through Pointer Alerts, the university’s emergency notification system. These messages may direct the recipients to a location such as the university’s webpage or University Relations and Communications’ social media channels for additional information and updates. UW-Stevens Point University Police will work with university and or community partners and, if in operation, the UW-Stevens Point Emergency Operations Center, regarding the content of additional information to be posted or disseminated.

Pointer Alerts is the name for UW–Steven Point’s emergency notification system. The system is designed to provide information about an active emergency situation that requires the community to take immediate action in order to stay safe. Students and employees are automatically entered into the Pointer Alert via their university email accounts and their cell phone information provided in accessPoint and the Employee Self-Service at MyUWSSystem, presuming phone numbers have been updated within each of these separate systems by the student or employee.

Depending on the exact nature of the situation, the system may utilize one or many of the components described below:
- Text messaging: UW-Stevens Point will text subscribers to reach mobile users who may be away from their computers or offices.
- UW-Stevens Point email: UW-Stevens Point email users may receive a mass e-mail warning message.
- Personal email: Students, faculty, and staff can add a personal email address.
- Phone: Campus Centrex phone users are configured to receive a call with a recorded message providing information.
- Campus computers: The campus community is alerted to a concern via a full-screen pop-up.

Students, faculty and staff are encouraged to update their contact information or learn more about the Pointer Alerts at http://www.uwsp.edu/rmgt/Pages/em/pointer-alerts/default.aspx

4. Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

4a. Oversight
The Office of Emergency Management provides the UW-Stevens Point campus with leadership and direction in the areas of emergency preparedness; individual, team, and campus leadership training; and incident response and recovery.

Emergency procedures, including the Emergency Management Plan for UW-Stevens Point, are located on the office website: https://www.uwsp.edu/emergency/Pages/status.aspx

The purpose of the Emergency Operations Plan is to provide guidelines for the preparation for, prevention of, response to, and recovery from natural or induced campus emergencies. An Emergency Planning Team meets as necessary to evaluate campus readiness and plan for improved responses to possible emergency situations. This team is led by the institution’s Emergency
Management Specialist and will oversee and evaluate emergency response training on campus.

In most cases, University Police serves as UW-Stevens Point incident command. Any member of the Emergency Operations Team may request activation of the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) via the designated EOC Manager. The EOC Manager will assemble and lead an Emergency Operations Team (EOT) comprised of specialized personnel specific to the event. The EOT shall

- Determine the type and magnitude of the campus emergency;
- Determine how the team will meet and communicate internally;
- Implement the Emergency Management Plan;
- Assess and implement all necessary response steps to ensure safety, health, and promote effective recovery;
- Determine necessary resources for response, including outside assistance as needed;
- Coordinate necessary actions and resources throughout campus and with outside organizations;
- Appoint specialized resource teams/leaders and delegate assignments;
- Notify UW-System Administration and Wisconsin Department of Administration of an emergency and status;
- Serve as Crisis Communication Team and implement Emergency Communications Plan;
- Consult with the Chancellor on steps to preserve and maintain operational integrity;
- In the recovery phase, debrief, evaluate response and advise improvements to the Chancellor’s Office and Emergency Planning Team;
- Delegate any needed response to appropriate UW-Stevens Point staff.

4b. System Tests
To ensure the Office of Emergency Management remains current and actionable, the campus conducts at least two tests of the PointerAlert system annually. The tests are assess based on how well they conform to EOC and campus goals. A description of the test, the exercise, the date, time, and whether it was announced or unannounced is recorded with Risk Management. These reports are retained in accordance with the institution’s records retention policies.

5. Addressing Criminal Activity Off Campus
The Stevens Point Police Department (SPPD) has primary jurisdiction in all areas off campus. SPPD routinely works with UW-Stevens Point University Police and the Dean of Students office on any serious incidents occurring off campus when a UW–Stevens Point student is involved in accordance with UWS Chapter 17.08.

6. Security and Access to Campus Facilities
Chapter UWS 21, Wisconsin Administrative Code, and institutional policies on file in the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Business Affairs, govern general access to and use of the facilities at UW–Stevens Point is governed by campus or community members.

Security is provided in the maintenance of the university’s facilities through a number of mechanisms, including limitations on hours of operation, enforced policies on key allocation, restricting access to those bearing proper identification as university staff or students, the provision of adequate lighting, plus exterior emergency “blue light” and interior “red phone” telephone call stations that are connected directly to UW-Stevens Point University Police for emergency assistance. Examples are the Health Enhancement Center, the Allen Center, and the Dreyfus University Center. Specific security mechanisms may vary with the type of university facility and are managed by the appropriate administrator of each facility. Emergencies may necessitate changes or alterations to any posted schedules.

Residence hall doors are locked 24 hours per day and only accessible to current residents with an access card.
7. Security Considerations Used in the Maintenance of Campus Facilities
On an annual basis, administrators from Emergency Management, Facilities, Residential Living, and other concerned areas conduct a campus security survey to assess landscaping, locks, alarms, lighting, and communications. Issues identified during the security survey are addressed by the department responsibility for the facility or area of campus.

8a. Security Awareness Programs for Students and Employees

University Police
Crime prevention information, educational videos (such as: Shots Fired on Campus and Flashpoint on Campus) and timely warnings are provided on the website. www.uwsp.edu/protsv

Stevens Point Police Department Information about the Stevens Point Police Department, including resources, services and community alerts. http://stevenspoint.com/index.aspx? nid=207

Office of the Dean of Students
Information about services offered, crime education programs, incident reporting and safety tips. www.uwsp.edu/dos

8b. Crime Prevention Programs for Students and Employees

Residential Living professional and student staff participate in regular training programs to remain knowledgeable in their positions. Educational programming opportunities (both passive and active) are provided by residence hall staff throughout the academic year. All students living in the residence halls receive the Residential Living Handbook. This document can be found on the Residential Living website: http://www.uwsp.edu/resliving/Documents/PDF/RLhandbook.pdf

Student organization officers are required to attend mandatory bi-annual re-recognition training in order to remain recognized as an active student organization. Officers receive a Student Organization Handbook and this document is published on the Campus Activities and Student Engagement website: https://www.uwsp.edu/centers/CASE Advisers to these organizations are trained upon appointment as a new adviser and every three years after.

Social fraternities and sororities send representatives to workshops on risk management, alcohol and hazing. These students receive information about risk factors for Greek leaders, liability reduction and creating safer communities. Greek leaders have the opportunity to attend the Association of Fraternal Leadership and Values and National Black Greek Leadership Conference.

Dean of Students staff provides outreach presentations and information to students, faculty and staff regarding incident reporting, services available, and community rights and responsibilities. Additional presentations by university staff and community agencies surrounding topics of alcohol and other drugs, safety and security, monitoring of the physical environment by University Police, crime prevention, sexual diseases, sexual assault and harassment are provided throughout the year. The Office Dean of Students also publishes student policies, located on the Dean of Students Office website: http://www.uwsp.edu/dos

Threat Assessment Team
The team is charged with assessing and responding to situations where a student, faculty, staff, or visitor poses a threat to other individuals. Members of the team include representatives from Dean of Students, University Police, Residential Living, Counseling Center, and the Campus Executives from both the Marshfield and Wausau branch campuses.

General Crime Prevention Tips:
• Call the police IMMEDIATELY if you see or hear something suspicious. Don’t hesitate to dial 911 in an emergency. Be sure to tell them exactly where you are.
• Keep your possessions in sight at all times. Don’t leave computers, cell phones, other mobile devices unattended.
• If you leave your office or room, even for a few minutes, lock the door.
• Be alert to potential danger. Trust your instincts.
• Walk with friends whenever possible or use Campus Cab (free service). If jogging, walking or biking alone, stay in well-lit and well-traveled areas.
• Shred documents you discard that contain personal information.

Protective Behaviors:
Victims of sexual assault or other violent crime are NOT responsible for being assaulted. All community members can take protective measures to increase their personal safety and the safety of others.
• When going to a party or a bar, let a friend or roommate know who you are with and where you will be. Leave an address and your phone number with them.
• Go out in groups and ask one member of the group to be the “Designated Friend” (like a Designated Driver) who checks in with members of the group throughout the night.
• Be wary of anyone who does not respect your boundaries around alcohol. Alcohol is the most commonly used predatory drug, otherwise known as a “rape” drug.
• Do not put your drink down or let someone else get it for you. Colorless, odorless and tasteless drugs are used to facilitate rape or other crimes and can render a victim defenseless and powerless.
• If you see something unsafe, say something. Safety is everyone’s responsibility.

Safety at home:
Inspect your home or contact your landlord to ensure that you:
• Have lights in all entrances
• Have working locks on the entrances to buildings and individual apartments
• Have locks on the windows and alternate entrances such as balcony doors
• Have working smoke detectors
• Have working carbon monoxide detectors on each floor

Additional Tips:
• Don’t put your first name on your mailbox. (ex., J. Doe - not Jane Doe)
• Do not prop open the outside door of a building.
• Always know who is at your door before opening it.

Campus Emergency Telephones
Throughout campus there are emergency telephones and code blue telephones. Each phone connects directly to UW-Stevens Point University Police. Code Blue telephones are found in various outdoor locations across campus and each has a blue light at the top of the kiosk. Additionally, each campus building has a red emergency phone. If the emergency phone has a dial pad, call 911 or 9-911. All emergency phones are labeled “Emergency Phone.”

UW-Stevens Point University Police regularly responds to calls in university-owned residence halls. The Dreyfus University Center is staffed with at least one Building Manager during hours of operation.

9. Alcohol and Drug Policies and Programs
9a. Alcohol and Drug Policies
Policies for addressing the illegal possession and use of alcoholic beverages or drugs, along with other law or policy violations, are outlined in Chapters 17 and 18 of the University of Wisconsin Administrative Code.

UWSP Chapter 17
The UW System and UW–Stevens Point have devised regulations defining responses to behavior of students which interferes with the life and work of the University and its members. Chapter UWSP 17 is a part of the University of Wisconsin Administrative Code and was adopted by the Board of Regents as a
set of disciplinary procedures for the University System. It defines conduct by students that may result in University discipline because it causes harm either to another member of the University community or to the University itself. UWS 17 also describes the penalties which may be imposed and the procedures for carrying out disciplinary actions. Of course, due process for students accused of misconduct is an important part of these procedures. (Note: Academic misconduct is covered in UWS 14. UWS 17 applies to student conduct; faculty and staff are governed by other regulations.)

Non-academic conduct rules cover a broad spectrum of conduct involving students’:
• behavior toward other community members;
• actions on university property;
• or actions related to a university activity.

A student may be subject to discipline for conduct that is or already has been the subject of a police citation or criminal action. This means that a student ticketed for an alcohol violation or charged with vandalism may also be subject to misconduct proceedings. A student may also be subject to discipline for conduct that is or has already been addressed by a University Housing breach of contract action.

**UWSP 17 defines prohibited conduct in the following areas:**
(Note: See the UWS 17 policies for a complete description of offenses & penalties; see the UWS 17 procedures for campus specific implementation guidelines.)

**UWSP 17.09 Conduct subject to disciplinary action.**
In accordance with s. UWS 17.08, the university may discipline a student for engaging in, attempting to engage in, or assisting others to engage in any of the following types of nonacademic misconduct:
(1) DANGEROUS CONDUCT. Conduct that endangers or threatens the health or safety of oneself or another person.
(2) SEXUAL ASSAULT. Conduct defined in s. 940.225, Stats.
(3) STALKING. Conduct defined in s. 940.32, Stats.
(4) HARASSMENT. Conduct defined in s. 947.013, Stats.
(5) HAZING. Conduct defined in s. 948.51, Stats.
(6) ILLEGAL USE, POSSESSION, MANUFACTURE, OR DISTRIBUTION OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. Use, possession, manufacture, or distribution of alcoholic beverages or of marijuana, narcotics, or other controlled substances, except as expressly permitted by law or university policy.
(7) UNAUTHORIZED USE OF OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY. Unauthorized possession of, use of, moving of, tampering with, damage to, or destruction of university property or the property of others.
(8) DISRUPTION OF UNIVERSITY-AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES. Conduct that obstructs or impairs university-run or university-authorized activities, or that interferes with or impedes the ability of a person to participate in university-run or university-authorized activities.
(9) FORGERY OR FALSIFICATION. Unauthorized possession of or fraudulent creation, alteration, or misuse of any university or other governmental document, record, key, electronic device, or identification.
(10) MISUSE OF COMPUTING RESOURCES. Conduct that involves any of the following:
   (a) Failure to comply with laws, license agreements, and contracts governing university computer network, software, and hardware use.
   (b) Use of university computing resources for unauthorized commercial purposes or personal gain.
   (c) Failure to protect a personal password or university-authorized account.
   (d) Breach of computer security, invasion of privacy, or unauthorized access to university computing resources.
(11) FALSE STATEMENT OR REFUSAL TO COMPLY REGARDING A UNIVERSITY MATTER. Making a knowingly false oral or written statement to any university employee or agent of the university regarding a university matter, or refusal to comply with a reasonable request on a university matter.
(12) VIOLATION OF CRIMINAL LAW. Conduct that constitutes a criminal offense as defined by state or federal law.
(13) SERIOUS AND REPEATED VIOLATIONS OF MUNICIPAL LAW. Serious and repeated off-campus violations of municipal law.
(14) VIOLATION OF CH. UWS 18. Conduct that violates ch. UWS 18, including, but not limited to, provisions regulating fire safety, theft, and dangerous weapons.
(15) VIOLATION OF UNIVERSITY RULES. Conduct that violates any published university rules, regulations, or policies, including provisions contained in university contracts with students.
(16) NONCOMPLIANCE WITH DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS. Conduct that violates a sanction, requirement, or restriction imposed in connection with previous disciplinary action.
(17) DATING VIOLENCE. Violence committed by a student against another person with whom they are in a “dating relationship as defined in s. 813.12(1)(ag), Stats.
(18) DOMESTIC VIOLENCE. Conduct defined as “domestic abuse n ss. 813.12(1)(am) and 968.075, Stats.
(19) SEXUAL HARASSMENT. Conduct defined in s. 111.32(13), Stats., or as defined in Board of Regents Policy.

UWSP 17.10 Disciplinary sanctions.
(1) The disciplinary sanctions that may be imposed for nonacademic misconduct, in accordance with the procedures of ss. UWS 17.11 to 17.13, are any of the following:
(a) A written reprimand.
(b) Denial of specified university privileges.
(c) Payment of restitution.
(d) Educational or service sanctions, including community service.
(e) Disciplinary probation.
(f) Imposition of reasonable terms and conditions on continued student status.
(g) Removal from a course in progress.
(h) Enrollment restrictions on a course or program.
(i) Suspension.
(j) Expulsion.

*Note: UWS 17 covers non-academic student misconduct. Faculty and staff are subject to other university policies and procedures. The policies and procedures for student academic misconduct (cheating) are contained in UWS 14.*

UWS Chapter 18
UWS Chapter 18 provides the UW System statutes for all behavior on university property. Regulations address topics ranging from traffic rules and criminal behavior to ticket scalping and distribution of political materials.
A link to these policies and procedures can be found at: http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Documents/Community Rights.pdf#page=27.

University Standards of Conduct and Sanctions Concerning Illicit Drugs and Alcohol
UW System Chapter 18 Conduct on University Lands. (The following is excerpted.)
• Smoking tobacco is not allowed in residence halls, nonresidential buildings, or within 25 feet of buildings. Note: UW-Stevens Point is tobacco free effective fall 2014.
• The use or possession of alcohol beverages (fermented malt beverages and intoxicating liquors containing 0.5% or more of alcohol by volume) is prohibited on all university premises, except in faculty and staff housing and as permitted by the chief administrative officer, subject to statutory age restrictions. No person may procure, sell, dispense or give away alcohol beverages to any person contrary to the provisions of ch. 125, Stats.
• No person may intentionally use or possess marijuana on university lands.
• No person may use, or possess with the primary intent to use, drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale or otherwise introduce into
Sanctions for alcohol and drug policy violations below.

Federal and State Laws

Federal Legal Sanctions
Pursuant to federal law, the United States Sentencing Guidelines establish mandatory minimum penalties for categories of drug offenses and provide for penalty enhancements in specific cases. Under these federal guidelines, courts can sentence a person for up to 6 years for unlawful possession of a controlled substance, including the distribution of a small amount (less than 250 grams) of marijuana; a sentence of life imprisonment can result from a conviction of possession of a controlled substance that results in death or bodily injury; and, possession of more than 5 grams of cocaine can trigger an intent to distribute penalty of 10 –16 years in prison.

State of Wisconsin Laws and Potential Sanctions
The Uniform Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 961 of the Wisconsin Statutes, regulates controlled substances and outlines specific penalties for the violation of the regulations. A first-time conviction for possession of a controlled substance can result in a sentence of up to one year in prison and a fine of up to $5,000. Sec. 961.41(3g), Stats. A person convicted of manufacturing a controlled substance, delivering a controlled substance, or possessing a controlled substance with an intent to manufacture or deliver, can be imprisoned for up to 30 years and fined up to $1,000,000. Secs. 961.41(1) and (1m), Stats. Penalties vary according to the type of drug involved, the amount of drug confiscated, the number of previous convictions, and the presence of any aggravating factors.

The distribution of a controlled substance to a minor can lead to the doubling of an authorized sentence term.

Sec. 961.46, Stats. Wisconsin has formidable legal sanctions that restrict the use of alcohol in various situations. It is illegal to procure for, sell, dispense or give away alcohol to anyone who has not reached the legal drinking age of 21 years. Sec. 125.07(1)(a)(1), Stats. Every adult has a legal obligation to prevent the illegal consumption of alcohol on premises owned by the adult or under the adult’s control.

21 U.S.C. 844a Civil fine of up to $10,000.
21 U.S.C. 862 Denial of Federal benefits, such as student loans, grants, contracts, and professional and commercial licenses, up to 1 year for first offense, up to 5 years for second and subsequent offenses.
18 U.S.C. 922(g) Ineligible to purchase, receive or transport a firearm. Miscellaneous Revocation of certain Federal licenses and benefits, e.g. pilot licenses, public housing tenancy, etc.
of the above subsections can be fined up to $500. It is against the law for an underage person to procure or attempt to procure an alcoholic beverage, to falsely represent his or her age for the purpose of obtaining alcohol, to enter premises licensed to sell alcohol, or to consume or possess alcohol on licensed premises. Sec. 125.07(4)(a), Stats. A first-time underage violator of Section 125.07(4)(b), Stats., can be fined up to $500, ordered to participate in a supervised work program, and have their driver’s license suspended.

Relevant Wisconsin State Statutes
The following Wisconsin State Statutes are linked to the Reviser of Statutes Bureau www.legis.state.wi.us/rsb/stats.html search under Folio Format by entering the statute number (i.e. 940.225).

36.12 Student discrimination prohibited
947.013 Harassment
940.225 Sexual assault
940.22 Sexual exploitation by therapist; duty to report
948.02 Sexual assault of a child
948.025 Engaging in repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child
939.50 Classification of felonies
939.51 Classification of misdemeanors
939.52 Classification of forfeitures
950.04 Basic bill of rights for victims and witnesses
950.055 Child victims and witnesses; rights and service

City of Stevens Point Sanctions
- Underage drinking violation - tavern related (17-20 yr olds), First offense; $452.50
- Underage drinking violation - non-tavern related (17-20 yr olds), First offense; $263.50
- Identification card violation - carrying, obtaining, providing, making, altering, duplicating (use of another’s id without consent is a felony) (17-20 yr olds); $515.50
- Sale of alcohol beverage without license/permit - (illegal taverns or house parties) First offense; $389.50
- Procure for/sell/dispense/give alcohol to an underage person - 1st offense; $389.50
- Being Loud, abusive, arguing, etc.; $186.00
- Aggravated loudness, abusiveness, profanity, involving property damage; $326.50
- Fighting, resisting arrest; $263.50
- Open intoxicant or malt beverage on public way; $236.50
- Causing damage to property/graffiti; $263.50
Urinating/defecating on public/private property without owner’s consent $175.50

9b. Substance Abuse Education Programs
Upon entering the institution UW-Stevens Point students participate in Think About It, a mandatory alcohol/drug education program. Electronic Check-up to Go (E-CHUG) for Alcohol and for Marijuana are online programs available to students 24/7 at no cost. Also, several units and departments offer alcohol education including Residential Living, Center for Prevention and Greek-letter organizations. Additional early intervention and educational services include brief motivational interventions for students.

The Student Health Service screens its patients using the Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test (AUDIT). The Office of Dean of Student refers students involved in policy violations to an alcohol education class, and as necessary, an AODA assessment.

More information about the UW-Stevens Point Center for Prevention can be found at http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv

Campus Resources for Employees
For faculty and staff, the Counseling Center supports an Employee Assistance Program. Persons with treatment needs are referred to several community services.

The Office of the Dean of Students prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of
Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. This report is prepared in cooperation with the local law enforcement agencies surrounding our main campus, law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction for other UW-Stevens Point properties, University Police, Residential Living, the Campus Activities and Student Engagement office, Emergency Management, the Division of Student Affairs and other campus offices. Each entity provides updated information on the educational efforts and programs to comply with the Clery Act.

Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to the Office of the Dean of Students, UWSP University Police, designated campus officials (included but not limited to directors, deans, department heads, designated Residential Living staff, advisors to students/student organizations, athletic coaches), and local law enforcement agencies. UWSP Counseling Center staff inform their clients of the procedures to report crime to the university on a voluntary or confidential basis. The online reporting process available through the Office of the Dean of Students website provides a mechanism for submitting anonymous reports.

Each year, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students as well as current faculty and staff that provided the web site to access this report. Copies of the report may also be obtained by contacting the Office of the Dean of Students at dos@uwsp.edu or by calling 715-346-2611. The web address for report is included in prospective student recruiting documents, on employment position postings, and online as part of student consumer information disclosures at http://www.uwsp.edu/chancellor/heoa

11. Missing Student Notification
This policy, with its accompanying procedures, establishes a framework for cooperation among members of the university community aimed at locating and assisting students who are reported missing. A student shall be deemed missing when they are absent from the University for more than 24 hours without any known reason. All reports of missing students shall be directed to University Police. University Police shall investigate each report and make a determination whether the student is missing in accordance with this policy.

All residential students shall have the opportunity to identify an individual to be contacted by University Police in the event the student is determined missing. Contact information for the identified person is entered on a student’s Gold Card and kept in that student’s residence hall. If a missing student is under 18 years of age, University Police is required to notify the parent or guardian of the missing student not later than 24 hours after determination was made that the student is missing. University Police will also notify area law enforcement no later than 24 hours after it determines that the student is missing.

Notification
Any report of a missing student, from whatever source, should immediately be directed to University Police.

When a student is reported missing University Police shall:
- Initiate an investigation to determine the validity of the missing person report.
- Contact the Dean of Students office.
- Contact University Relations and Communications
- Make a determination as to the status of the missing student.
- Notify the individual identified by the missing student as the emergency contact within 24 hours of making the determination that the student is missing.
- If the missing student is under the age of 18, notify the student’s custodial parent or guardian as contained in the records of the University within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing.
- Notify the Stevens Point Police Department within 24 hours after determining that student is missing so that NCIC entry can be made.
The Dean of Students and the Director of Residential Living will be notified by staff and the Dean of Students, in consultation with University Police shall initiate whatever action he or she deems appropriate under the circumstances in the best interest of the missing student.

Students shall be given an opportunity to designate emergency contact information on the university website and on their emergency information card that is completed while they reside in the residence halls.

This information can be registered confidentially, is accessible only to authorized campus officials, and may not be disclosed except to University Police or other law enforcement agency in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

Additional procedures for a student who has been missing for 24 hours includes:

- Residential Living staff gather information from the roommate and other house mates about last contact with student
- Residential Living staff confirms the last time access card was used to access a building
- Dining and Summer Conferences staff confirms the last time the student’s meal card was used in the cafeteria
- All information gathered is shared with UW-Stevens Point University Police as part of their investigation

12. Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence

To the extent permissible by law, UW-Stevens Point will endeavor to keep victim information private. However, once a report is made to the University, or the University has notice of an incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, confidentiality cannot be guaranteed unless that information is reported directly to confidential resources (e.g. UWSP Counseling Center).

For victims aged 18 and older who report to non-confidential sources, relevant information will be shared only with those who need to know, such as Title IX Coordinators and Deputy Coordinators, complaint investigators, and other individuals who are responsible for handling the school’s response to incidents of sexual violence. In the case of minors, UW-Stevens Point employees must report child abuse to Child University Police or local law enforcement.

UW-Stevens Point must respond to court ordered subpoenas that are not prohibited by other applicable law, and may not be able to redact information when responding to a subpoena.

UW-Stevens Point will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceedings conduct by the institution against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for the purposes of this paragraph.

13. Sex Offender Registration

University Police maintains registered sex offender information on their webpages:

http://www.uwsp.edu/protsv/Pages/WI-SexOffenders.aspx

The state of Wisconsin maintains a sex offender listing here: http://doc.wi.gov/community-resources/wi-sex-offender-registry

14. Policies and Procedures Related to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking

University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point does not discriminate on the basis of sex in its educational programs and sexual harassment and sexual violence are types of sex discrimination. Other acts can also be forms of sex-based discrimination and are also prohibited whether sexually based or not and
include dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. The University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point prohibits the offenses of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking and reaffirms its commitment as an intellectual community founded on mutual respect and is committed to providing a living, learning, and working environment that is free from sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking. These acts of violence are detrimental to the learning environment and can have a severe, long-lasting, effect on the survivor. The University of Wisconsin Stevens Point will not tolerate any violations of state law and or violations of University policy.

14a. Definitions

Sexual Assault: Means an offense classified as a forcible or non-forcible sex offense under the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The State of Wisconsin defines Sexual Assault in state statute §940.225.

That statute is described below:

(1) FIRST DEGREE SEXUAL ASSAULT. Whoever does any of the following is guilty of a Class B felony:
(a) Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person and causes pregnancy or great bodily harm to that person. (b) Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person by use or threat of use of a dangerous weapon or any article used or fashioned in a manner to lead the victim reasonably to believe it to be a dangerous weapon.
(c) Is aided or abetted by one or more other persons and has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person by use or threat of force or violence.

(2) SECOND DEGREE SEXUAL ASSAULT. Whoever does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony:
(a) Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person by use or threat of force or violence.
(b) Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person and causes injury, illness, disease or impairment of a sexual or reproductive organ, or mental anguish requiring psychiatric care for the victim.
(c) Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who suffers from a mental illness or deficiency which renders that person temporarily or permanently incapable of appraising the person's conduct, and the defendant knows of such condition.
(cm) Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who is under the influence of an intoxicant to a degree which renders that person incapable of giving consent if the defendant has actual knowledge that the person is incapable of giving consent and the defendant has the purpose to have sexual contact or sexual intercourse with the person while the person is incapable of giving consent.
(d) Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who the defendant knows is unconscious.
(f) Is aided or abetted by one or more other persons and has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without the consent of that person.
(g) Is an employee of a facility or program under s. 940.295 (2) (b), (c), (h) or (k) and has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who is a patient or resident of the facility or program.
(h) Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with an individual who is confined in a correctional institution if the actor is a correctional staff member. This paragraph does not apply if the individual with whom the actor has sexual contact or sexual intercourse is subject to prosecution for the sexual contact or sexual intercourse under this section.
(i) Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with an individual who is on probation, parole, or extended supervision if the actor is a probation, parole, or extended supervision agent who supervises the individual, either directly or through a subordinate, in his or her capacity as a probation, parole, or extended supervision agent or who has influenced or has attempted to influence another probation, parole, or extended supervision agent of the individual. This paragraph does not apply if the individual with whom the actor has sexual contact or sexual intercourse is subject to
prosecution for the sexual contact or sexual intercourse under this section.
(j) Is a licensee, employee, or nonclient resident of an entity, as defined in s. 48.685 (1) (b) or 50.065 (1) (c), and has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a client of the entity.

(3) THIRD DEGREE SEXUAL ASSAULT. Whoever has sexual intercourse with a person without the consent of that person is guilty of a Class G felony. Whoever has sexual contact in the manner described in sub. (5) (b) 2. or 3. with a person without the consent of that person is guilty of a Class G felony.

(3m) FOURTH DEGREE SEXUAL ASSAULT. Except as provided in sub. (3), whoever has sexual contact with a person without the consent of that person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

Domestic Violence
Domestic violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by person who is cohabiting with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth who is protected from the person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

(1) (a) "Domestic abuse" means any of the following engaged in by an adult person against his or her spouse or former spouse, against an adult with whom the person resides or formerly resided or against an adult with whom the person has a child in common:
1. Intentional infliction of physical pain, physical injury or illness.
2. Intentional impairment of physical condition.
3. A violation of s. 940.225 (1), (2) or (3).
4. A physical act that may cause the other person reasonably to fear imminent engagement in the conduct described under subd. 1., 2. or 3.

(b) "Law enforcement agency" has the meaning specified in s. 165.83 (1) (b).
(d) "Party" means a person involved in a domestic abuse incident.
(e) "Predominant aggressor" means the most significant, but not necessarily the first, aggressor in a domestic abuse incident.

(2) CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRING ARREST; PRESUMPTION AGAINST CERTAIN ARRESTS.
(a) Notwithstanding s. 968.07 (1) and except as provided in pars. (am) and (b), a law enforcement officer shall arrest and take a person into custody if:
1. The officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person is committing or has committed domestic abuse and that the person's actions constitute the commission of a crime; and
2. Any of the following apply:
a. The officer has a reasonable basis for believing that continued domestic abuse against the alleged victim is likely.
b. There is evidence of physical injury to the alleged victim.
c. The person is the predominant aggressor.

(am) Notwithstanding s. 968.07 (1), unless the person's arrest is required under s. 813.12 (7), 813.122 (10), 813.125 (6), or 813.128 (1) (b) or sub. (5) (e), if a law enforcement officer identifies the predominant aggressor, it is generally not appropriate for a law enforcement officer to arrest anyone under par. (a) other than the predominant aggressor.

(ar) In order to protect victims from continuing domestic abuse, a law enforcement officer shall consider all of the following in identifying the predominant aggressor:
1. The history of domestic abuse between the parties, if it can be reasonably ascertained by the officer, and any information provided by witnesses regarding that history.
2. Statements made by witnesses.
3. The relative degree of injury inflicted on the parties.
4. The extent to which each person present appears to fear any party.
5. Whether any party is threatening or has threatened future harm against another party or another family or household member.
6. Whether either party acted in self-defense or in defense of any other person under the circumstances described in s. 939.48.

(b) If the officer's reasonable grounds for belief under par. (a) 1. are based on a report of an alleged domestic abuse incident, the officer is required to make an arrest under par. (a) only if the report is received, within 28 days after the day the incident is alleged to have occurred, by the officer or the law enforcement agency that employs the officer.

(2m) IMMEDIATE RELEASE PROHIBITED. Unless s. 968.08 applies, a law enforcement officer may not release a person whose arrest was required under sub. (2) until the person posts bail under s. 969.07 or appears before a judge under s. 970.01 (1).

(3) LAW ENFORCEMENT POLICIES.

(a) Each law enforcement agency shall develop, adopt, and implement written policies regarding procedures for domestic abuse incidents. The policies shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
1. a. A statement emphasizing that in most circumstances, other than those under sub. (2), a law enforcement officer should arrest and take a person into custody if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person is committing or has committed domestic abuse and that the person's actions constitute the commission of a crime.
b. A policy reflecting the requirements of subs. (2) and (2m).
c. A statement emphasizing that a law enforcement officer's decision as to whether or not to arrest under this section may not be based on the consent of the victim to any subsequent prosecution or on the relationship of the parties.
d. A statement emphasizing that a law enforcement officer's decision not to arrest under this section may not be based solely upon the absence of visible indications of injury or impairment.
e. A statement discouraging, but not prohibiting, the arrest of more than one party.
f. A statement emphasizing that a law enforcement officer, in determining whether to arrest a party, should consider whether he or she acted in self-defense or in defense of another person.
2. A procedure for the written report and referral required under sub. (4).
3. A procedure for notifying the alleged victim of the incident of the provisions in sub. (5), the procedure for releasing the arrested person and the likelihood and probable time of the arrested person's release.
4. A procedure that requires a law enforcement officer, if the law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person is committing or has committed domestic abuse, to inform the victim of the availability of shelters and services in his or her community, including using lists available under ss. 49.165 (4) (b) and 165.93 (4) (b); to give notice of legal rights and remedies available to him or her; and to provide him or her with a statement that reads substantially as follows: "If you are the victim of domestic abuse, you may contact a domestic violence victim service provider to plan for your safety and take steps to protect yourself, including filing a petition under s. 813.12 of the Wisconsin statutes for a domestic abuse injunction or under s. 813.125 of the Wisconsin statutes for a harassment injunction."

(am) The policies under par. (a) may provide that the law enforcement agency will share information with organizations that are eligible to receive grants under s. 49.165 (2) or 165.93 (2).

(b) In the development of these policies, each law enforcement agency is encouraged to consult with community organizations and other law enforcement agencies with expertise in the recognition and handling of domestic abuse incidents.

(c) This subsection does not limit the authority of a law enforcement agency to establish policies that require arrests under more circumstances than those set forth in sub. (2), but the policies may not conflict with the presumption under sub. (2) (am).
(4) REPORT REQUIRED WHERE NO ARREST. If a law enforcement officer does not make an arrest under this section when the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person is committing or has committed domestic abuse and that person's acts constitute the commission of a crime, the officer shall prepare a written report stating why the person was not arrested. The report shall be sent to the district attorney's office, in the county where the acts took place, immediately after investigation of the incident has been completed. The district attorney shall review the report to determine whether the person involved in the incident should be charged with the commission of a crime.

(5) CONTACT PROHIBITION.
(a) 1. Unless there is a waiver under par. (c), during the 72 hours immediately following an arrest for a domestic abuse incident, the arrested person shall avoid the residence of the alleged victim of the domestic abuse incident and, if applicable, any premises temporarily occupied by the alleged victim, and avoid contacting or causing any person, other than law enforcement officers and attorneys for the arrested person and alleged victim, to contact the alleged victim.
2. An arrested person who intentionally violates this paragraph may be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both.
(b) 1. Unless there is a waiver under par. (c), a law enforcement officer or other person who releases a person arrested for a domestic abuse incident from custody less than 72 hours after the arrest shall inform the arrested person orally and in writing of the requirements under par. (a), the consequences of violating the requirements and the provisions of s. 939.621. The arrested person shall sign an acknowledgment on the written notice that he or she has received notice of, and understands the requirements, the consequences of violating the requirements and the provisions of s. 939.621. If the arrested person refuses to sign the notice, he or she may not be released from custody.
2. If there is a waiver under par. (c) and the person is released under subd. 1., the law enforcement officer or other person who releases the arrested person shall inform the arrested person orally and in writing of the waiver and the provisions of s. 939.621.
3. Failure to comply with the notice requirement under subd. 1. regarding a person who is lawfully released from custody bars a prosecution under par. (a) but does not affect the application of s. 939.621 in any criminal prosecution.
(c) At any time during the 72-hour period specified in par. (a), the alleged victim may sign a written waiver of the requirements in par. (a). The law enforcement agency shall have a waiver form available.
(d) The law enforcement agency responsible for the arrest of a person for a domestic abuse incident shall notify the alleged victim of the requirements under par. (a) and the possibility of, procedure for and effect of a waiver under par. (c).
(e) Notwithstanding s. 968.07 (1), a law enforcement officer shall arrest and take a person into custody if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person has violated par. (a).

(6) CONDITIONAL RELEASE. A person arrested and taken into custody for a domestic abuse incident is eligible for conditional release. Unless there is a waiver under sub. (5) (c), as part of the conditions of any such release that occurs during the 72 hours immediately following such an arrest, the person shall be required to comply with the requirements under sub. (5) (a) and to sign the acknowledgment under sub. (5) (b). The arrested person's release shall be conditioned upon his or her signed agreement to refrain from any threats or acts of domestic abuse against the alleged victim or other person.

(6m) OFFICER IMMUNITY. A law enforcement officer is immune from civil and criminal liability arising out of a decision by the officer to arrest or not arrest an alleged offender, if the decision is made in a good faith effort to comply with this section.

(7) PROSECUTION POLICIES. Each district attorney's office shall develop, adopt and implement written policies encouraging the prosecution of domestic abuse offenses. The policies shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
(a) A policy indicating that a prosecutor’s decision not to prosecute a domestic abuse incident should not be based:
1. Solely upon the absence of visible indications of injury or impairment;
2. Upon the victim’s consent to any subsequent prosecution of the other person involved in the incident; or
3. Upon the relationship of the persons involved in the incident.
(b) A policy indicating that when any domestic abuse incident is reported to the district attorney’s office, including a report made under sub. (4), a charging decision by the district attorney should, absent extraordinary circumstances, be made not later than 2 weeks after the district attorney has received notice of the incident.

(8) EDUCATION AND TRAINING. Any education and training by the law enforcement agency relating to the handling of domestic abuse complaints shall stress enforcement of criminal laws in domestic abuse incidents and protection of the alleged victim. Law enforcement agencies and community organizations with expertise in the recognition and handling of domestic abuse incidents shall cooperate in all aspects of the training.

(9) ANNUAL REPORT.
(a) Each district attorney shall submit an annual report to the department of justice listing all of the following:
1. The number of arrests for domestic abuse incidents in his or her county as compiled and furnished by the law enforcement agencies within the county.
1m. The number of responses law enforcement made that involved a domestic abuse incident that did not result in an arrest.
2. The number of subsequent prosecutions and convictions of the persons arrested for domestic abuse incidents.
(b) The listing of the number of arrests, prosecutions and convictions under par. (a) shall include categories by statutory reference to the offense involved and include totals for all categories.


**NOTE:** 1987 Wis. Act 346, which created this section, states the legislative intent and purpose in section 1 of the Act. Questions by an officer prior to an arrest to determine which spouse was the primary physical aggressor under sub. (3) (a) 1. b. was investigatory and Miranda warnings were not required when the defendant was not deprived of freedom or questioned in a coercive environment. State v. Leprich, 160 Wis. 2d 472, 465 N.W.2d 844 (Ct. App. 1991).

Warrantless arrest and detention for bail jumping, 946.49, is authorized if probable cause exists that the arrestee violated the contact prohibition in sub. (5) (a) 1. after being released under ch. 969. 78 Atty. Gen. 177. This section applies to roommates living in university residence halls, whether privately or state owned. If criteria requiring arrest under sub. (2) exist, a law enforcement officer must make a custodial arrest. 79 Atty. Gen. 109. A Prosecutor's View of Elder Abuse. Hanrahan. Wis. Law. Sept. 2000

**Dating Violence**

Dating violence is defined as violence committed by a person A) who is or has been in a social relationship or a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and B) where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on consideration of the following factors:
- The length of the relationship;
- The type of relationship;
- The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

**Stalking**

Stalking is defined as engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to A) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or B) suffer substantial emotional distress.
The State of Wisconsin defines stalking under state statute §940.32 and is described below.

(1) In this section:
(a) "Course of conduct" means a series of 2 or more acts carried out over time, however short or long, that show a continuity of purpose, including any of the following:
   1. Maintaining a visual or physical proximity to the victim.
   2. Approaching or confronting the victim.
   3. Appearing at the victim's workplace or contacting the victim's employer or coworkers.
   4. Appearing at the victim's home or contacting the victim's neighbors.
   5. Entering property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim.
   6. Contacting the victim by telephone or causing the victim's telephone or any other person's telephone to ring repeatedly or continuously, regardless of whether a conversation ensues.
   6m. Photographing, videotaping, audiotaping, or, through any other electronic means, monitoring or recording the activities of the victim. This subdivision applies regardless of where the act occurs.
   7. Sending material by any means to the victim or, for the purpose of obtaining information about, disseminating information about, or communicating with the victim, to a member of the victim's family or household or an employer, coworker, or friend of the victim.
   8. Placing an object on or delivering an object to property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim.
   9. Delivering an object to a member of the victim's family or household or an employer, coworker, or friend of the victim or placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by such a person with the intent that the object be delivered to the victim.
   10. Causing a person to engage in any of the acts described in subs. 1. to 9.
   (am) "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given in s. 813.12 (1) (am).
   (ap) "Domestic abuse offense" means an act of domestic abuse that constitutes a crime.

(c) "Labor dispute" includes any controversy concerning terms, tenure or conditions of employment, or concerning the association or representation of persons in negotiating, fixing, maintaining, changing or seeking to arrange terms or conditions of employment, regardless of whether the disputants stand in the proximate relation of employer and employee.

(b) "Member of a family" means a spouse, parent, child, sibling, or any other person who is related by blood or adoption to another.

(d) "Member of a household" means a person who regularly resides in the household of another or who within the previous 6 months regularly resided in the household of another.

(g) "Personally identifiable information" has the meaning given in s. 19.62 (5).

(r) "Record" has the meaning given in s. 19.32 (2).

(d) "Suffer serious emotional distress" means to feel terrified, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or tormented.

(2) Whoever meets all of the following criteria is guilty of a Class I felony:
(a) The actor intentionally engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person under the same circumstances to suffer serious emotional distress or to fear bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.
(b) The actor knows or should know that at least one of the acts that constitute the course of conduct will cause the specific person to suffer serious emotional distress or place the specific person in reasonable fear of bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.
(c) The actor's acts cause the specific person to suffer serious emotional distress or induce fear in the specific person of bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.
(2e) Whoever meets all of the following criteria is guilty of a Class I felony:

(a) After having been convicted of sexual assault under s. 940.225, 948.02, 948.025, or 948.085 or a domestic abuse offense, the actor engages in any of the acts listed in sub. (1) (a) 1. to 10., if the act is directed at the victim of the sexual assault or the domestic abuse offense.

(b) The actor knows or should know that the act will cause the specific person to suffer serious emotional distress or place the specific person in reasonable fear of bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.

(c) The actor’s act causes the specific person to suffer serious emotional distress or induces fear in the specific person of bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.

(2m) Whoever violates sub. (2) is guilty of a Class H felony if any of the following applies:

(a) The actor has a previous conviction for a violent crime, as defined in s. 939.632 (1) (e) 1., or a previous conviction under this section or s. 947.013 (1r), (1t), (1v) or (1x), the victim of that crime is the victim of the present violation of sub. (2), and the present violation occurs within 7 years after the prior conviction.

(b) The actor uses a dangerous weapon in carrying out any of the acts listed in sub. (1) (a) 1. to 9.

(3m) A prosecutor need not show that a victim received or will receive treatment from a mental health professional in order to prove that the victim suffered serious emotional distress under sub. (2) (c) or (2e) (c).

(4) (a) This section does not apply to conduct that is or acts that are protected by the person’s right to freedom of speech or to peaceably assemble with others under the state and U.S. constitutions, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. Giving publicity to and obtaining or communicating information regarding any subject, whether by advertising, speaking or patrolling any public street or any place where any person or persons may lawfully be.

2. Assembling peaceably.

3. Peaceful picketing or patrolling.

(b) Paragraph (a) does not limit the activities that may be considered to serve a legitimate purpose under this section.

(5) This section does not apply to conduct arising out of or in connection with a labor dispute.

(6) The provisions of this statute are severable. If any provision of this statute is invalid or if any application thereof is invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

This section does not violate the right to interstate travel and is not unconstitutionally vague or overbroad. State v. Ruesch, 214 Wis. 2d 548, 571 N.W.2d 898 (Ct. App. 1997), 96-2280.
The actor’s "acts" under sub. (2) (c) are not the equivalent of the actor’s "course of conduct" under sub. (2) (a). There must be proof that the actor’s acts caused fear and not that the course of conduct caused fear. State v. Sveum, 220 Wis. 2d 396, 584 N.W.2d 137 (Ct. App. 1998), 97-2185.

A "previous conviction for a violent crime" is a substantive element of the Class H felony stalking offense under sub. (2m) (a), not a penalty enhancer. It was not error to allow the introduction of evidence at trial that the defendant had stipulated to having a previous conviction for a violent crime, nor was it error to instruct the jury to make a finding on that matter. State v. Warbelton, 2009 WI 6, 315 Wis. 2d 253, 759 N.W.2d 557, 07-0105.

The 7-year time restriction specified in sub. (2m) (b) requires that only the final act charged as part of a course of conduct occur within 7 years of the previous conviction, and does not restrict by time the other acts used to establish the underlying course of conduct element of sub. (2). State v. Conner, 2009 WI App 143, 321 Wis. 2d 449, 775 N.W.2d 105, 08-1296.

Although the acts in this case spanned apparently fewer than 15 minutes, this section specifically provides that stalking may be a series of 2 acts over a short time if the acts show a continuity of purpose. State v. Eichorn, 2010 WI App 70, 325 Wis. 2d 241, 783 N.W.2d 902, 09-1864.

This section is not overbroad under the 1st amendment. Although a stalker might use language in committing the crime, the core of the statute is the stalker’s intent to engage in conduct that he or she knows or should know will cause fear in the victim and does cause the victim’s actual distress or fear. The language used by the defendant in stalking his victim was merely evidence of his crime and not prohibited in and of itself. State v. Hemmingway, 2012 WI App 133, 345 Wis. 2d 297, 825 N.W.2d 303, 11-2372.

**Consent**

In the State of Wisconsin consent means words or overt actions by a person who is competent to give informed consent indicating a freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse or sexual contact. Consent is not an issue in alleged violations of sub. (2) (c), (cm), (d), (g), (h), and (i).

The following persons are presumed incapable of consent, but the presumption may be rebutted by competent evidence, subject to the provisions of s. 972.11 (2): 37

(b) A person suffering from a mental illness or defect which impairs capacity to appraise personal conduct.

(c) A person who is unconscious or for any other reason is physically unable to communicate willingness to an act. Consent of all parties involved is a critical factor distinguishing acceptable sexual behavior from unacceptable sexual behavior. Consent is informed and freely and actively given. Consent is communicated through mutually understandable words or actions indicating willingness by all of the involved parties to engage in the same sexual activity, at the same time and in the same way.

**Elements of consent**

Consent cannot be freely given if the person’s ability to understand and give consent is impaired. Examples of those who are impaired and therefore cannot give consent include:

- Any person who is incapacitated due to the use of alcohol or drugs
- Any person who is unconscious or for any reason is physically incapacitated
- Any person who is mentally impaired
- Any person who is less than 18 years old
- Any person who has experienced the explicit or implicit use of force, coercion, threats and/or intimidation.

Ideally, consent is given verbally. However, consent (or lack of consent) can be given through gestures, body language, and/or attitude. For example, active reciprocation could express consent and pushing someone away or simply moving away, could express lack of consent.
Silence does not equal consent
- Consent to one form of sexual activity does not necessarily imply consent to other forms of sexual activity. Consent may be given for specific activities and not for others.
- Any party has the right to change his/her mind and withdraw consent at any time.
- A prior sexual history between the participants does not constitute consent.
- A person’s ability to freely give consent may be jeopardized if the initiator is in a position of power over the person.

14b. Education Programs
The University engages in comprehensive educational programming to prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking. Educational programming consists of primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and new employees and ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns for students and faculty that:
- Identifies domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking as prohibited conduct;
- Defines what behavior constitutes domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking;
- Defines what behavior and actions constitute consent to sexual activity in the State of Wisconsin;
- Provides safe and positive options for bystander intervention that may be carried out by an individual to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against a person other than the bystander;
- Provides information on risk reduction so that students and employees may recognize warning signs of abusive behavior and how to avoid potential attacks.
- Provides an overview of information contained in the Annual Security Report in compliance with the Clery Act.

UW-Stevens Point has developed an annual educational campaign for students consisting of a web-based educational program for all new students; an education session during Welcome Weekend; distribution of educational materials in classroom presentations; presenting programs throughout the year on at least a quarterly basis, including sessions such as: skits, clothes line projects, a residence hall speaker series, an annual poster series, and bystander intervention training opportunities.

The University is continuing to improve upon the annual educational campaign for faculty and staff by regularly participating in and presenting information and materials during new employee orientation and requiring completion of a web-based training program regarding the role of faculty and staff in assisting students who disclose abuse or an assault.

14c. What to do if Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking Occurs
- Seek medical attention immediately. A hospital visit is highly recommended. It is important to preserve evidence toward the proof of sexual assault. Health Services can also carry out a non-evidentiary exam at no cost to you, and will keep your visit confidential.
- Reports of any sexual assault, attempted sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking should be immediately reported to a university official.
- Reports of student-against-student interpersonal violence can be in person or online through Office of the Dean of Students. The online report can be found at www.uwsp.edu/dos
- Reports involving faculty or staff should be reported directly to Human Resources.
- In accordance with Title IX, the Title IX Coordinator for UW-Stevens Point is automatically made aware of all reports of sexual assault, attempted sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.
• You are encouraged, but not required, to also report the incident to UWSP University Police and local law enforcement. The Office of the Dean of Students can assist you with this process.
• Seek assistance from a professional counselor. Free counseling is available at the UWSP Counseling Center and the Counseling Center is a confidential reporting location.

14d. Option to Notify Law Enforcement
You are encouraged, but not required, to also report the incident to UWSP University Police or local law enforcement. The Office of the Dean of Students can assist you with this process.

14e. Counseling Services and Other Services
Counseling services at the UW-Stevens Point are free to all enrolled students. Employees of the University should contact Human Resources regarding resources through the Employee Assistance Program (EAP).

Center for Prevention – Confidential
601 Division Street, Stevens Point
715-346-2789

Counseling Center – Confidential
Delzell Hall - 3rd Floor, Stevens Point
715-346-3553

Title IX Coordinator - Haeryon Kim
103 Old Main, Stevens Point
715-346-3020

Office of the Dean of Students
212 Old Main, Stevens Point
715-346-2611

University Police & Security Services
George Stein Building 001, Stevens Point
715-346-3456

Student Health Services - Confidential
Delzell Hall - 1st Floor, Stevens Point
715-346-4646

Community Resources
Family Crisis Center - Confidential
1616 River Drive, Stevens Point
715-343-7125; 1-800-472-3377

Sexual Assault Victim Services, Inc. (SAVS) - Confidential
1616 West River Drive, Stevens Point
Office: 715-343-7114
Crisis: 715-343-7125 or 800-472-3377

Ascension St. Michael’s Hospital – Confidential
900 Illinois Avenue, Stevens Point
715-346-5000
715-346-5100 (24 hour emergency services)

Ascension Sacred Heart Hospital – Confidential
Treehaven
401 W. Mohawk Dr., Tomahawk
Main: 715-453-7700

Ascension St. Clare’s Hospital in Weston– Confidential
3400 Ministry Parkway, Weston
715-393-2950
Includes Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program

Aspirus Wausau Hospital- Confidential
333 Pine Ridge Blvd, Wausau
Emergency: 715-847-2000
Includes Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program

Berlin Memorial Hospital- Confidential
225 Memorial Dr., Berlin, WI
920-361-1313

Marshfield Medical Center- Confidential
611 N. St. Josephs Ave, Marshfield
Emergency: 715-387-7677
Includes Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program
14f. Interim Measures
The Title IX Coordinator or designee will determine whether interim interventions and protective measure should be implemented, and, if so, take steps to implement those protective measures as soon as possible. Examples of interim protective measures include but are not limited to: an order of no contact, residence hall relocation, adjustment of course schedules, a leave of absence, or reassignment to a different supervisor or position. These remedies may be applied to one, both, or to the multiple parties involved.

Violations of the Title IX Coordinator’s directives and/or protective measures will constitute related violations that may lead to additional disciplinary action. Interim or protective measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

The University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point also complies with Wisconsin law in recognizing orders of protection (injunction/restraining orders). Any person who obtains an order of protection or restraining order from Wisconsin or any state should provide a copy to University Police and the Office of the Title IX Coordinator.

14g. Campus Disciplinary Process Procedures
UWS Chapter 17 is a part of the University of Wisconsin Administrative Code and was adopted by the Board of Regents as a set of disciplinary procedures for the University System. It defines conduct by students that may result in University discipline because it causes harm either to another member of the University community or to the University itself. Due process for students accused of misconduct is an important part of these procedures. (Note: Academic misconduct is covered in UWS Chapter 14.)

UWS Chapters 17 and 18 apply to nonacademic student misconduct; faculty and academic staff are governed by UWS Chapters 4, 7, and 11.)

Nonacademic misconduct policies cover a broad spectrum of conduct involving students’ behavior wherever it takes place. A student may be subject to discipline for conduct that is or already has been the subject of criminal action. This means that a student ticketed or arrested by law enforcement may also be subject to misconduct proceedings. A student may also be subject to discipline for conduct occurring in campus residence halls.

UWS 17.09 Conduct subject to disciplinary action.
In accordance with s. UWS 17.08, the university may discipline a student for engaging in, attempting to engage in, or assisting others to engage in any of the following types of nonacademic misconduct:
(1) DANGEROUS CONDUCT. Conduct that endangers or threatens the health or safety of oneself or another person.
(2) SEXUAL ASSAULT. Conduct defined in s. 940.225, Stats.
(3) STALKING. Conduct defined in s. 940.32, Stats.
(4) HARASSMENT. Conduct defined in s. 947.013, Stats.
(5) HAZING. Conduct defined in s. 948.51, Stats.
(6) ILLEGAL USE, POSSESSION, MANUFACTURE, OR DISTRIBUTION OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. Use, possession, manufacture, or distribution of alcoholic beverages or of marijuana, narcotics, or other controlled substances, except as expressly permitted by law or university policy.
(7) UNAUTHORIZED USE OF OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY. Unauthorized possession of, use of,
moving of, tampering with, damage to, or destruction of university property or the property of others.

(8) DISRUPTION OF UNIVERSITY-AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES. Conduct that obstructs or impairs university-run or university-authorized activities, or that interferes with or impedes the ability of a person to participate in university-run or university-authorized activities.

(9) FORGERY OR FALSIFICATION. Unauthorized possession of or fraudulent creation, alteration, or misuse of any university or other governmental document, record, key, electronic device, or identification.

(10) MISUSE OF COMPUTING RESOURCES. Conduct that involves any of the following:
(a) Failure to comply with laws, license agreements, and contracts governing university computer network, software, and hardware use.
(b) Use of university computing resources for unauthorized commercial purposes or personal gain.
(c) Failure to protect a personal password or university-authorized account.
(d) Breach of computer security, invasion of privacy, or unauthorized access to university computing resources.

(11) FALSE STATEMENT OR REFUSAL TO COMPLY REGARDING A UNIVERSITY MATTER. Making a knowingly false oral or written statement to any university employee or agent of the university regarding a university matter, or refusal to comply with a reasonable request on a university matter.

(12) VIOLATION OF CRIMINAL LAW. Conduct that constitutes a criminal offense as defined by state or federal law.

(13) SERIOUS AND REPEATED VIOLATIONS OF MUNICIPAL LAW. Serious and repeated off-campus violations of municipal law.

(14) VIOLATION OF CH. UWS 18. Conduct that violates ch. UWS 18, including, but not limited to, provisions regulating fire safety, theft, and dangerous weapons.

(15) VIOLATION OF UNIVERSITY RULES. Conduct that violates any published university rules, regulations, or policies, including provisions contained in university contracts with students.

(16) NONCOMPLIANCE WITH DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS. Conduct that violates a sanction, requirement, or restriction imposed in connection with previous disciplinary action.

(17) DATING VIOLENCE. Violence committed by a student against another person with whom they are in a “dating relationship as defined in s. 813.12(1)(ag), Stats.

(18) DOMESTIC VIOLENCE. Conduct defined as “domestic abuse as s. 813.12(1)(am) and 968.075, Stats.

(19) SEXUAL HARASSMENT. Conduct defined in s. 111.32(13), Stats., or as defined in Board of Regents Policy.

Where UWS Chapter 17 conflicts with federal law requirements, UW-Stevens Point will follow state law/UWS Chapter 17.

14h. Possible Sanctions
UWS 17.10 Disciplinary sanctions.

(1) The disciplinary sanctions that may be imposed for nonacademic misconduct, to include sexual misconduct, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking, in accordance with the procedures of ss. UWS 17.11 to 17.13, are any of the following:
(a) A written reprimand.
(b) Denial of specified university privileges.
(c) Payment of restitution.
(d) Educational or service sanctions, including community service.
(e) Disciplinary probation.
(f) Imposition of reasonable terms and conditions on continued student status.
(g) Removal from a course in progress.
(h) Enrollment restrictions on a course or program.
(i) Suspension.
(j) Expulsion.

14i. Confidentiality
The university will protect the identity of persons who report having been victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to the
fullest extent of the law.

14j. Rights of Victims & Alleged Assailants of Sexual Assault
36.11(22)(1)(c) Wis. Stats.
• The right of the victim/survivor and alleged assailant to have the same opportunity to have one representative accompany them in a University disciplinary hearing.
• The right of the victim/survivor and alleged assailant to be informed of the outcome of any disciplinary hearing involving sexual assault.
• The right of the victim/survivor and alleged assailant right to appeal the outcome of a formal disciplinary hearing.

14k. Rights of Victims/Survivors of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking
• Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking are entitled to the following rights:
  • Disciplinary proceedings that provide a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution.
  • Disciplinary proceedings that are conducted by panel members who receive annual training on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking and how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability.
  • The same opportunity to have others present throughout disciplinary proceedings as the accused, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by an advisor of their choice.
  • Both parties shall be simultaneously informed, in writing, of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding that arises from an allegation of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and/or stalking; of the procedures for either party to appeal the outcome; of any change to the results that occurs prior to the time that such results become final; and of when such results become final. At no time can a victim be required to keep the outcome confidential or be prohibited from discussing the case.
• Victims have the same rights as the accused to appeal the outcome of a disciplinary proceeding.
• Victims shall be informed of their options to notify law enforcement.
• Students and employees will be provided written notification about existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and other services available to victims, both within the institution and in the community.
• Victims shall be notified, in writing, of options for changing academic, transportation, work, living situations and protective measures.

In addition to the above, Chap. 950 Wis. Stats., provides a victim’s bill of rights, 950.01 Legislative intent. In recognition of the civic and moral duty of victims and witnesses of crime to fully and voluntarily cooperate with law enforcement and prosecutorial agencies, and in further recognition of the continuing importance of such citizen cooperation to state and local law enforcement efforts and the general effectiveness and well-being of the criminal justice system of this state, the legislature declares its intent, in this chapter, to ensure that all victims and witnesses of crime are treated with dignity, respect, courtesy and sensitivity; and that the rights extended in this chapter to victims and witnesses of crime are honored and protected by law enforcement agencies, prosecutors and judges in a manner no less vigorous than the protections afforded criminal defendants. For more details on Wis. Stats. Chap. 950 go to: http://folio.legis.state.wi.us/

14l. Risk Reduction
Be an active bystander.
If you witness something happening, step in. Create a diversion. Even if you don’t know the person who looks in trouble, you can still help. Get him or her to a safe place. Remember, it’s your campus, so it’s your business.
Stick with friends. Check in with friends often and interrupt if you become concerned. Have a “safe word” that can be used with friends when you feel threatened or uncomfortable such as “It’s getting stale in here, let’s go.” Have your group commit in advance to leaving a situation when the safe word is used.

Trust your instincts. If you feel uncomfortable in a situation, get out of that situation as soon as possible. Do not worry about hurting anyone’s feelings or explaining reasons for leaving.

Be clear. You know yourself better than anyone else and it is important to set limits. Only do what is comfortable and communicate this clearly both verbally and behaviorally.

Support survivors
Believe someone who discloses a sexual assault, abusive relationship or experiences with stalking or cyber stalking. Do what you can to connect the person to resources.

Encourage the survivor to seek medical attention. This is an important step to ensure the individual is not physically injured. This is also a time when medical staff can connect the person with an advocate and help them to contact law enforcement.

Avoid or limit alcohol consumption. Alcohol does not cause sexual assault, but it is often involved or used as a tool. The more alcohol you consume, the more intoxicated you become and the more vulnerable you are to victimization.

Signs of an abusive dating partner
- Calls you names, insults you or continually criticizes you
- Does not trust you and acts possessive or jealous
- Tries to isolate you from family or friends
- Monitors where you go, who you call and who you spent time with
- Controls finances or refuses to share money
- Punishes you by withholding affection
- Expects you to ask permission
- Threatens to hurt you, your family, your pets or belongings
- Threatens and/or uses a weapon against you
- Has ever forced, coerced or manipulated you into having sex or performing sexual acts
- Accuses you of cheating or is often jealous of your relationships with others of the opposite gender
- Trapped you in your apartment or dorm room and kept you from leaving
- IM, text messages and calls you obsessively to find out where you are and what you are doing.

Avoid being a perpetrator
Perpetrators bear the burden of preventing sexual assault. There are many ways to decrease the likelihood of being a perpetrator.
- Remember that sexual assault is a crime. It is never acceptable to use pressure or force in sexual situations, no matter what the circumstances.
- Understand consent and adopt a healthy, respectful approach to sexual relations.
- Silence and passivity is not considered consent.
- A person cannot give consent if they are intoxicated or incapacitated by alcohol or drugs.
- Listen carefully. If someone is not being direct, ask for clarification. Don’t fall for the common stereotype that when someone says “No” it really means “Yes.” “No” means “No.”
- Don’t automatically assume that sex is inevitable just because someone drinks heavily, dresses provocatively, or agrees to go to your room.
- Be prepared to resist pressure from friends to participate in violent or criminal acts. Get involved in a situation if someone is at risk.

Preventing Stranger Assault:
Walking on or off campus
- Always be aware of what is going on around you. Stay alert to your surroundings.
- Walk with confidence. Hold your head up / shoulders straight.
• At night, stick to well-lighted, populated areas and walk with another person. Avoid walking alone or in isolated areas.
• Use campus escort services.
• Take special precautions in parking lots, stairwells, elevators, bathrooms, and dark areas with shrubbery. Studies show that many assaults by strangers occur in these places.
• If you suspect you are being followed, go to a place where there are other people as soon as possible. If you choose to run, run as fast as you are able and scream to attract attention or summon help.
• Follow your gut instincts. If you sense that you may be at risk or in danger, try to get out of the situation. For example, if you see a suspicious looking person or someone who makes you feel uncomfortable in a parking lot, leave the area. Report your suspicions to the authorities.

In Residence Halls
• Lock your door at all times, even if you run down the hall for just a few minutes to visit a friend.
• Do not prop security doors open.
• In residence halls accessed only by a special key, do not let anyone without such a key enter, no matter how presentable their appearance or how plausible their request seems. Simply tell them, “I would like to help you out, but we are very concerned about security in this residence,” and direct them to campus security for assistance.
• Be especially aware of security during vacation periods when there are fewer people on campus.

14m. Sexual Harassment
Definitions and Penalties for Sexual Harassment
36.11(22)(1)(a) Wis. Stats.
University policy as well as state and federal law prohibit sexual harassment. Some acts may constitute both assault and sexual harassment. Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature constitute sexual harassment when:

• Submission to such conduct is a condition of employment, academic progress, or participation in a university program;
• Submission to or rejection of such conduct influences employment, academic or university program decisions; or
• The conduct interferes with an employee’s work or a student’s academic career, or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work, learning or program environment.

Tangible Action or Quid Pro Quo (This for That)
Sexual Harassment
Occurs when employment or academic decisions resulting in a significant change in status are based on an employee or student’s submission to or rejection of unwelcome verbal or physical sexual conduct.

Hostile Environment Sexual Harassment Occurs when verbal, non-verbal and/or physical conduct is:
• Sexual and/or based on gender
• Unwelcome, and
• Sufficiently severe and pervasive to interfere with a person’s work, learning, or program performance or to create a hostile, intimidating or offensive environment.

The determination of sexual harassment is made on a case-by-case basis looking at the whole record, including the circumstances (such as the nature of the sexual advances) and the context in which the alleged incidents occurred. Some behaviors, which may be acceptable in certain contexts, are inappropriate in the workplace or classroom, particularly if an objection is expressed.

Key points about sexual harassment include:
• Differences in power or status can be a significant component in sexual harassment. A person who seems to acquiesce to sexual conduct may still experience tangible action harassment or hostile environment harassment if the conduct is unwelcome.
• Harassment can occur between men and women or between members of the same gender.
• Sexual harassment may or may not involve a tangible injury (e.g., economic loss, lowered grades). A sexually harassing environment, in and of itself, may constitute a harm.
• Sexual harassment must be addressed and corrected regardless of the position or status of the harasser or the person being harassed.
• Conduct is not always offensive or unwelcome to the same degree when perceived by different people. Courts use a “reasonable person” standard to determine whether the contested behavior constitutes sexual harassment.
• In an academic or program setting, offenders can be faculty, instructors, lecturers, teaching assistants, coaches, tutors, or even fellow students or program participants. In the workplace, offenders can be supervisors, co-workers, or non-employees such as vendors or customers.

Information about the sexual harassment policy and procedures on campus:
http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Sexual-Harrasment-Policy.aspx

PROTECTIVE BEHAVIORS
36.11(22)(1)(d) Wis. Stats.
If You Are Concerned About Possible Sexual Harassment – Faculty/Staff
We encourage early contact—consultation is not escalation. Timely discussion of people’s concerns may allow resolution before alternatives become limited. The university will protect confidentiality to the extent possible under the law.
• Seek advice. Consult with your department chair, another divisional resource person, Human Resources or another campus resource (listed above) to discuss options for resolution.
• Consider informing the individual(s) involved that the conduct is unwelcome and that you expect it to stop.
• Keep notes of what happened, when, where, and who was present. Retain copies of any correspondence.
• You may find it helpful to seek support from a trusted colleague. Be aware of your interest in keeping the matter as confidential as possible.

If You Are Accused of Sexual Harassment
• Early consultation may help avoid claims of retaliation and facilitate resolution of the situation.
• You will be informed of any complaint filed against you and provided with an opportunity to respond to the specific allegations.
• Staff should contact Human Resources
• Students should contact the Dean of Students Office.
• You may choose to seek private legal advice.
• Be honest when questioned about alleged conduct and explain its context.

If You Are in a Position of Authority
(E.g., Principal Investigator, Manager/Supervisor, Department Chair/Director, Dean)
Sexual harassment can arise in a healthy environment but it often develops in negative climates. If you have concerns about the climate in your area, consult with one of the resources listed above to learn about proactive measures to improve the climate for all individuals.
• Distribute the Sexual Harassment Policy to new faculty and staff and to all employees periodically and when there are modifications to the policy.
• Periodically remind employees of your expectation that they maintain a harassment free environment. Provide resources (e.g., this document, a link to the sexual harassment Web site).
• Schedule Sexual Harassment Informational Sessions and promote attendance by all department members.
• Encourage employees and students to come forward with questions, concerns, and allegations.
• Take every complaint seriously and ensure that others do as well. Ensure that your department appropriately addresses all complaints. If you have questions about the scope of your responsibility, contact Human Resources or the Dean of Students Office.
• Keep allegations confidential except on a “need to know” basis.
• Ensure that no retaliation occurs against the person making the allegations and that the person charged with harassment is not assumed guilty and/or disciplined on the basis of allegations.

For the protection of all parties, comply with all applicable university procedures and ensure that your department fully cooperates with any investigation.

Sexual Assault and Sexual Harassment
Encourage the individual to contact someone who can explain alternatives available to resolve the situation (a Title IX Coordinator or Investigator, department chair or other divisional resource, Human Resources, Dean of Students Office or other campus resources listed above).

If requested, and if you are comfortable doing so, assist the individual in reporting the behavior. Keep allegations confidential, except as necessary to cooperate with appropriate university officials.

OTHER DEFINITIONS AND PENALTIES 36.11(22)(1)(a) Wis. Stats.

Sexual Harassment (In Employment)
111.32(13) Wis. Stats.
“Sexual harassment” means unwelcome sexual advances, unwelcome requests for sexual favors, unwelcome physical contact of a sexual nature or unwelcome verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature.

“Sexual harassment” includes conduct directed by a person at another person of the same or opposite gender.

“Unwelcome verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature “ includes but is not limited to the deliberate, repeated making of unsolicited gestures or comments of a sexual nature; the deliberate, repeated display of offensive sexually graphic materials which is not necessary for business purposes; or deliberate verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, whether or not repeated, that is sufficiently severe to interfere substantially with an employee’s work performance or to create an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment.

Harassment
947.013 Wis. Stats.
947.013(1)(a)
“Course of conduct” means a pattern of conduct composed of a series of acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose.

947.013(1)(b)
“Credible threat” means a threat made with the intent and apparent ability to carry out the threat.

947.013(1)(c)
“Personally identifiable information” has the meaning given in s. 19.62 (5).

947.013(1)(d)
“Record” has the meaning given in s. 19.32 (2).

947.013(1m)
947.013(1m)(a)
Strikes, shoves, kicks or otherwise subjects the person to physical contact or attempts or threatens to do the same.

947.013(1m)(b)
Engages in a course of conduct or repeatedly commits acts which harass or intimidate the person and which serve no legitimate purpose.

947.013(1r)
Whoever violates sub. (1m) under all of the following circumstances is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor:
947.013(1r)(a)
The act is accompanied by a credible threat that places the victim in reasonable fear of death or great bodily harm.

947.013(1r)(b)
The act occurs while the actor is subject to an order or injunction under s.

813.12, 813.122 or 813.125 that prohibits or limits his or her contact with the victim.

947.013(1t)
Whoever violates sub. (1r) is guilty of a Class E felony if the person has a prior conviction under this subsection or sub. (1r), (1v) or (1x) or s. 940.32 (2), (2m), (3) or (3m) involving the same victim and the present violation occurs within 7 years of the prior conviction.

947.013(1v)
Whoever violates sub. (1r) is guilty of a Class D felony if he or she intentionally gains access to a record in electronic format that contains personally identifiable information regarding the victim in order to facilitate the current violation under sub. (1r).

947.013(2)
This section does not prohibit any person from participating in lawful conduct in labor disputes under s. 103.53.

Sexual Exploitation by a Therapist
940.22 Wis. Stats.
940.22(2)
Sexual exploitation by therapist; duty to report. (2) Sexual contact prohibited. Any person who is or who holds himself or herself out to be a therapist and who intentionally has sexual contact with a patient or client during any ongoing therapist-patient or therapist-client relationship, regardless of whether it occurs during any treatment, consultation, interview or examination, is guilty of a Class C felony. Consent is not an issue in an action under this subsection.

940.22(3) Reports of sexual contact. 940.22(3)(a) If a therapist has reasonable cause to suspect that a patient or client he or she has seen in the course of professional duties is a victim of sexual contact by another therapist or a person who holds himself or herself out to be a therapist in violation of sub. (2), as soon thereafter as practicable the therapist shall ask the patient or client if he or she wants the therapist to make a report under this subsection. The therapist shall explain that the report need not identify the patient or client as the victim. If the patient or client wants the therapist to make the report, the patient or client shall provide the therapist with a written consent to the report and shall specify whether the patient’s or client’s identity will be included in the report.”
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point at Marshfield Campus

2000 W. 5th Street, Marshfield, WI 54449 (Wood County)

For an online, zoomable map:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=1BnVcQRTiKgECAC2SdxMESlFPwig&usp=sharing

- On-campus geography for UW-Stevens Point is outlined in green.
- UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield on campus property includes the University Arboretum and Arboretum Connector Trail.
- Public properties within or adjacent to the campus are outlined in blue.
### Crime Statistics

**UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield**

**2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years**

**NOTE:** During 2016, 2017, and 2018 UW-Stevens Point had no unfounded crimes for the Marshfield campus.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crime</th>
<th>Year of Offense</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>Totals for the offense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
<td>Residence Halls (Subset of On-campus)</td>
<td>Non-Campus Property</td>
<td>Public Adjacent Property</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder / non-negligent manslaughter</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manslaughter by Negligence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor vehicle theft</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hate crimes</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hate Crimes - 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years**

2016: No reported hate crimes on the Marshfield campus.
2017: No reported hate crimes on the Marshfield campus.
2018: No reported hate crimes on the Marshfield campus.
## Crime and Violence Against Women Act Statistics

**UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield**  
**2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Incident</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The totals shared here represent the Clery defined crimes of Sexual Assault that were reported during the specified calendar year to have occurred on university owned or controlled property. These numbers do not represent the total number of reports received by the university, which includes reports of incidents that occurred before a student was enrolled at the institution or that occurred off campus. In 2018, UW-Stevens Point received 61 total reports of sexual assault. For information about previous years, visit: [https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Documents/Sexual%20Assault%20Summary%20Report-Feb2019.pdf](https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Documents/Sexual%20Assault%20Summary%20Report-Feb2019.pdf)
## Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action:
### Liquor Law, Drug Law, and Weapons Possession Violations
#### UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield
#### 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Law Violation</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor law violations - Arrests</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor law violations - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug law violations - Arrests</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug law violations - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Possessions - Arrests</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Possession - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* See page 7 of this report, under Referrals for Disciplinary Action per the Clery Act, for a description of how alcohol arrests are categorized in the State of Wisconsin. Fewer than ten (10) students were alleged and found responsible for violating institutional policy, UWSP 17.09(6)-Alcohol or controlled substances, at UW-Stevens Point at Wausau in 2016 and 2017. No students were found responsible for violating this policy in 2018.

** In 2018, UW-Stevens Point conducted an internal audit of incidents on the Marshfield campus that indicated potential liquor law violations. Underage possession and drinking are civil offenses in the state of Wisconsin, not a criminal offense, and therefore tickets issued for underage drinking are not classified as “arrests,” as per Clery Act regulations. Likewise, these incidents are not counted as “disciplinary referrals” as referrals must involve alleged criminal offenses. Data for calendar years 2016 and 2017 were changed accordingly.
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point at Marshfield

Clery Act Policy Statements and Information

NOTE: Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here.

1. Law Enforcement Policies

UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield does not have a campus law enforcement department and does not contract for security.

1a. Relationships with Local Law Enforcement Agencies

UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield maintains a close working relationship with the local law enforcement agencies and the Marshfield Police Department is the first point of contact regarding potential crimes on campus. Both formal and informal meetings are held to discuss campus security concerns.

1b. Agreements with Local Law Enforcement

UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield does not have any formal agreements or MOU with local law enforcement agencies.

2. Reporting Procedures

2a. Accurate and Prompt Reporting of all Crimes

UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield encourages all students, faculty, staff, and guests to accurately and promptly report crimes if they are a victim or a witness.

2b. Reporting of Crimes

Crimes or other emergencies that occur on campus should be reported to the Marshfield Police Department by calling 911, by calling the non-emergency number 715-387-4394, or by going to the department at 110 W. 1st Street, Marshfield, WI 54449.

The crimes of rape, fondling, statutory rape, or incest, as well as VAWA offenses of domestic violence, dating violent, or stalking may be reported directly to the Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator is Haeryon Kim, Old Main 116, 715-346-3020.

Students, faculty, and staff are also encouraged to report crimes/violations of University policies to the Dean of Students to seek assistance for themselves or to begin an investigation: 2100 Main Street (212 Old Main) Stevens Point, Wisconsin 54481, 715-346-2611. Reports can also be made online at the Dean of Students website: [http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx).

Students, faculty, and staff can also share information with the Campus Executive of UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield, located in the Solution Center on campus.

2c. Voluntary Confidential Reporting

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the university conduct process or criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. The Marshfield Police Department can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. You may also submit an anonymous report online through the website of the Office of the Dean of Students at: [http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx).
The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a potential pattern of crime regarding a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution.

2d. Professional and Pastoral Counselors
Campus “Professional Counselors”, when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. As a matter of policy, they are encouraged, if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion into the annual crime statistics. The rulemaking committee defines counselors as:

- Professional Counselor: An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.
  - UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield employs one, part-time professional counselor who works under the supervision of the UW-Stevens Point Director of Counseling (Stevens Point campus).
- UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield does not employ any pastoral counselors

3. Timely Warning Procedures
3a. Timely Warning Reports Regarding the Occurrence of Clery Act Crimes
UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield will keep the community informed about safety and security matters on campus and maintain compliance with applicable features of the Clery Act (20 USC 1092(f)).

Decisions to issue a timely warning are made on a case-by-case basis in light of the available facts surrounding an incident or alleged crime. Some of the considerations prior to issuing a timely warning include:

- Nature of the crime (serious/non-serious, violent/non-violent)
- The continuing danger to the community or continuing crime pattern (yes/ no)
- The nature of the threat (general/specific target)
- The possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts

3b. Issuing a Timely Warning
When UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield becomes aware of a situation that meets the criteria for a timely warning, the Campus Executive or their designee will issue a timely warning through all-campus email. For time-critical, urgent threats, the campus may use the Pointer Alert system.

If time permits, the Campus Executive or their designee will confer with local law enforcement, University Police and Security Services, other University administrators prior to issuing a timely warning or emergency notification.

Timely warning notices may include information about the type of crime, a description of the assailant(s) if known, how those with information can connect to law enforcement, and safety precautions.

3c. Emergency Notifications: Time-critical, Urgent Threats
In the most time-critical, urgent threats to the campus, the Campus Executive or their designee will inform the university through Pointer Alerts, the university’s emergency notification system. These
messages may direct the recipients to a location such as the university’s webpage or University Relations and Communications’ social media channels for additional information and updates. The Campus Executive or their designee, will work with UW-Stevens Point University Police, university and community partners and, if in operation, the UW-Stevens Point Emergency Operations Center, regarding the content of additional information to be posted or disseminated.

**Pointer Alerts** is the name for UW–Steven Point’s emergency notification system. The system is designed to provide information about an active emergency situation that requires the community to take immediate action in order to stay safe. Students and employees are automatically entered into the **Pointer Alert** via their university email accounts and their cell phone information provided in accessPoint and the Employee Self-Service at MyUWSytem, presuming phone numbers have been updated within each of these separate systems by the student or employee.

Depending on the exact nature of the situation, the system may utilize one or many of the components described below:

- Text messaging: UW-Stevens Point will text subscribers to reach mobile users who may be away from their computers or offices.
- UW-Stevens Point email: UW-Stevens Point email users may receive a mass e-mail warning message.
- Personal email: Students, faculty, and staff can add a personal email address.
- Phone: Campus Centrex phone users are configured to receive a call with a recorded message providing information.
- Campus computers: The campus community is alerted to a concern via a full-screen pop-up.

Students, faculty and staff are encouraged to update their contact information or learn more about the **Pointer Alerts** at [http://www.uwsp.edu/rmgt/Pages/em/pointeralerts/default.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/rmgt/Pages/em/pointeralerts/default.aspx)

4. **Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures**

The Office of Emergency Management on the main campus of UW-Stevens Point, serves all campuses of the University, to include UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield. **Information about emergency response and evacuation procedures can be found on pg. 17 of this report** at [https://www.uwsp.edu/emergency/Pages/default.aspx](https://www.uwsp.edu/emergency/Pages/default.aspx)

5. **Addressing Criminal Activity Off Campus**

The Marshfield Police Department (MPD) has primary jurisdiction in all areas off campus. MPD works with the Campus Executive and the Dean of Students office on any serious incidents occurring off campus when a UW–Stevens Point student is involved in accordance with UWS Chapter 17.08.

6. **Security and Access to Campus Facilities**

Chapter UWS 21, Wisconsin Administrative Code, and institutional policies on file in the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Business Affairs, govern general access to and use of the facilities at UW–Stevens Point at Marshfield.

Security is provided in the maintenance of the university’s facilities through a number of mechanisms, including limitations on hours of operation, enforced policies on key allocation, restricting access to those bearing proper identification as university staff or students, and the provision of adequate lighting. Specific security mechanisms may vary with the type of university facility and are managed by the appropriate administrator of each facility. Emergencies may necessitate changes or alterations to any posted schedules. Residence hall doors are locked 24 hours per day and only accessible to current residents with an access key.
7. Security Considerations Used in the Maintenance of Campus Facilities
On an annual basis, administrators from Emergency Management, Facilities, Residential Living, and other concerned areas conduct a campus security survey to assess landscaping, locks, alarms, lighting, and communications. Issues identified during the security survey are addressed by the department responsible for the facility or area of campus.

8a. Security Awareness Programs for Students and Employees
Risk Management
The Office of Risk Management leads a required session for new employees of the University. The training focused on safety and risk reduction measure for individuals and the institution as a whole.

UW-Stevens Point University Police
Crime prevention information, educational videos (such as: Shots Fired on Campus and Flashpoint on Campus) and timely warnings are available to students, faculty, and staff of UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield and are provided on their website at www.uwsp.edu/protsv

Marshfield Police Department
Information about the Marshfield Police Department, including resources, services and community alerts.

Office of the Dean of Students
Information about services offered, education programs, incident reporting and safety tips.
www.uwsp.edu/dos

8b. Crime Prevention Programs for Students and Employees
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Information about the University’s Threat Assessment Team, general crime prevention tips, protective behaviors, and safety at home can be found on pg. 18 of this report.

NOTE: UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield does not have social fraternities or sororities, a student organization re-recognition process, or campus emergency telephones.

9. Alcohol and Drug Policies and Programs
9a. Alcohol and Drug Policies
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Information about alcohol and drug policies to include UWSP Chapter 17, UWSP Chapter 18, and relevant Wisconsin State Statutes can be found on pg. 20 of this report.

9b. Substance Abuse Education Programs
Substance abuse education programs for all students of UW-Stevens Point, regardless of campus, are coordinated by the Center for Prevention. Information about these programs can be found on pg. 22 of this report and at https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Pages/default.aspx

Campus Resources for Employees
For faculty and staff, Human Resources supports an Employee Assistance Program (EAP). Persons with treatment needs are referred to the EAP program.

The Office of the Dean of Students prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. This report is prepared in cooperation with the local
law enforcement agencies surrounding our main campus, law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction for other UW-Stevens Point properties, University Police, Residential Living, the Campus Activities and Student Engagement office, Emergency Management, the Division of Student Affairs and other campus offices. Each entity provides updated information on the educational efforts and programs to comply with the Clery Act.

Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to the Office of the Dean of Students, UWSP University Police, designated campus officials (included but not limited to directors, deans, department heads, designated Residential Living staff, advisors to students/student organizations, athletic coaches), and local law enforcement agencies. UWSP Counseling Center staff inform their clients of the procedures to report crime to the university on a voluntary or confidential basis. The online reporting process available through the Office of the Dean of Students website provides a mechanism for submitting anonymous reports.

Each year, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students as well as current faculty and staff that provided the web site to access this report. Copies of the report may also be obtained by contacting the Office of the Dean of Students at dos@uwsp.edu or by calling 715-346-2611. The web address for report is included in prospective student recruiting documents, on employment position postings, and online as part of student consumer information disclosures at http://www.uwsp.edu/chancellor/heoa

11. Missing Student Notification
A student shall be deemed missing when they are absent from the University for more than 24 hours without any known reason. All reports of missing students shall be directed to the Campus Executive, local law enforcement, and University Police and Security Services.

All residential students shall have the opportunity to identify an individual to be contacted by the institution in the event the student is determined missing. Contact information for the identified person is logged with the Property Manager of The Villas. If a missing student is under 18 years of age, the University is required to notify the parent or guardian of the missing student not later than 24 hours after determination was made that the student is missing.

Notification
Any report of a missing student, from whatever source, should immediately be directed to the Campus Executive, local law enforcement, and University Police and Security Services.

When a student is reported missing, local law enforcement in collaboration with University Police shall:
• Initiate an investigation to determine the validity of the missing person report.
• Contact the Dean of Students office.
• Contact University Relations and Communications.
• Make a determination as to the status of the missing student.
• Notify the individual identified by the missing student as the emergency contact within 24 hours of making the determination that the student is missing.
• If the missing student is under the age of 18, notify the student’s custodial parent or guardian as contained in the records of the University within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing.
• Notify the Marshfield Police Department within 24 hours after determining that student is missing so that NCIC entry can be made.

The Dean of Students and the Chief of University Police will be notified by staff and the Dean of Students, in consultation with University Police and the Campus Executive shall initiate whatever action
they deem appropriate under the circumstances in the best interest of the missing student.

Students shall be given an opportunity to designate emergency contact information on the university website and on their emergency information card that is completed while they reside in the residence halls. This information can be registered confidentially, is accessible only to authorized campus officials, and may not be disclosed except to the Campus Executive or designee, the Office of the Dean of Students, or local law enforcement in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

Additional procedures for a student who has been missing for 24 hours includes:
• Residential Living staff gather information from the roommate and other house mates about last contact with student
• Dining and Summer Conferences staff confirms the last time the student’s meal card was used in the cafeteria
• All information gathered is shared with the Campus Executive or designee, the Office of the Dean of Students, or local law enforcement as part of their investigation

12. Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield campus are subject to policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here.

See pg. 25 of this report for information about disclosures to alleged victims of crimes violence.

13. Sex Offender Registration
University Police and Security Services maintains registered sex offender information on their webpages: http://www.uwsp.edu/protsv/Pages/WISexOffenders.aspx

The state of Wisconsin maintains a sex offender listing here: http://doc.wi.gov/community-resources/wi-sex-offender-registry

14. Policies and Procedures Related to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield campus are subject to policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here.

See pg. 26 of this report for Policies and Procedures Related to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking. The referenced section includes definitions, law enforcement policies, University education programs focused on the topic, what to do if an incident of interpersonal violence occurs, and options for notifying law enforcement.

Additionally, information about resources, interim measures as allowed for under Title IX, and the campus disciplinary process, including possible sanctions, is shared. Lastly, the rights of victims and risk reduction suggestions are share.
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point at Wausau Campus

518 South 7th Ave., Wausau, WI 54401 (Marathon County)

For an online, zoomable map:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=14adXudVDwl7UI5hTJWQHkjgx9yQ&usp=sharing

- On-campus geography for UW-Stevens Point is outlined in green.
- Per the Clery Handbook pg. 2-15, Marathon County Park immediately adjacent to the UW-Stevens Point at Wausau campus is included as on-campus property.
- Public properties within or adjacent to the campus are outlined in blue.
## Crime Statistics

**UW-Stevens Point at Wausau**

### 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

*NOTE: During 2016, 2017, and 2018 UW-Stevens Point had no unfounded crimes for the Wausau campus.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crime</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>Totals for the offense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
<td>Residence Halls (Subset of On-campus)</td>
<td>Non-Campus Property</td>
<td>Public Adjacent Property</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder / non-negligent manslaughter</td>
<td>2016</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manslaughter by Negligence</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
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<td>0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
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<td>Hate crimes</td>
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<tr>
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<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Hate Crimes - 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

- **2016:** No reported hate crimes on the Wausau campus.
- **2017:** No reported hate crimes on the Wausau campus.
- **2018:** No reported hate crimes on the Wausau campus.
## Crime and Violence Against Women Act Statistics
### UW-Stevens Point at Wausau
### 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Incident</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
<td>Residence Halls (Subset of On-campus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
<td>2016</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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</tbody>
</table>

* The totals shared here represent the Clery defined crimes of Sexual Assault that were reported during the specified calendar year to have occurred on university owned or controlled property. These numbers do not represent the total number of reports received by the university, which includes reports of incidents that occurred before a student was enrolled at the institution or that occurred off campus. In 2018, UW-Stevens Point received 61 total reports of sexual assault. For information about previous years, visit: [https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Documents/Sexual%20Assault%20Summary%20Report-Feb2019.pdf](https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Documents/Sexual%20Assault%20Summary%20Report-Feb2019.pdf)
Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action:
Liquor Law, Drug Law, and Weapons Possession Violations

UW-Stevens Point at Wausau
2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Law Violation</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
<td>Residence Halls (Subset of On-campus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor law violations - Arrests</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor law violations - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0**</td>
<td>0**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drug law violations - Arrests</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drug law violations - Disciplinary referrals</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
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<tr>
<td>Weapons Possessions - Arrests</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Possession - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* See pg. 7 of this report, under Referrals for Disciplinary Action per the Clery Act, for a description of how alcohol arrests are categorized in the State of Wisconsin. Fewer than fifteen (15) students were alleged and found responsible for violating institutional policy, UWSP 17.09(6)-Alcohol or controlled substances, at UW-Stevens Point at Wausau in 2016 and 2017. Eight (8) were found responsible for violating this policy in 2018.

** In 2018, UW-Stevens Point conducted an internal audit of incidents on the Wausau campus that indicated potential liquor law violations. Underage possession and drinking are civil offenses in the state of Wisconsin, not a criminal offense, and therefore tickets issued for underage drinking are not classified as “arrests,” as per Clery Act regulations. Likewise, these incidents are not counted as “disciplinary referrals” as referrals must involve alleged criminal offenses. Data for calendar 2016 was changed accordingly for this report.
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point at Wausau

Clery Act Policy Statements and Information

NOTE: Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Wausau campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here.

1. Law Enforcement Policies

UW-Stevens Point at Wausau does not have a campus law enforcement department and does not contract for security.

1a. Relationships with Local Law Enforcement Agencies

UW-Stevens Point at Wausau maintains a close working relationship with the local law enforcement agencies and the Wausau Police Department is the first point of contact regarding potential crimes on campus. Both formal and informal meetings are held to discuss campus security concerns.

1b. Agreements with Local Law Enforcement Agencies

UW-Stevens Point at Wausau does not have any formal agreements or MOU with local law enforcement agencies

2. Reporting Procedures

2a. Accurate and Prompt Reporting of all Crimes

UW-Stevens Point at Wausau encourages all students, faculty, staff, and guests to accurately and promptly report crimes if they are a victim or a witness.

2b. Reporting of Crimes

Crimes or other emergencies that occur on campus should be reported to the Wausau Police Department by calling 911, by calling the non-emergency number 715-261-7800, or at 515 Grand Avenue, Wausau, WI.

Crimes that occur off campus should be reported to the Wausau Police Department by calling 911, by calling the non-emergency number 715-261-7800, or by going to the department at 515 Grand Avenue, Wausau, WI.

The crimes of rape, fondling, statutory rape, or incest, as well as VAWA offenses of domestic violence, dating violent, or stalking may be reported directly to the Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator is Haeryon Kim, Old Main 116, 715-346-3020.

Students, faculty, and staff are also encouraged to report crimes/violations of University policies to the Dean of Students to seek assistance for themselves or to begin an investigation: 2100 Main Street (212 Old Main) Stevens Point, Wisconsin 54481, 715-346-2611. Reports can also be made online at the Dean of Students website: [http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx).

Students, faculty, and staff can also share information with the Campus Executive of UW-Stevens Point at Wausau, located in the Solution Center on campus.

2c. Voluntary Confidential Reporting

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the university conduct process or criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. The Wausau Police Department can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. You may also submit an anonymous report online through the website of the Office of the Dean of Students at: [http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx).
The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a potential pattern of crime regarding a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution.

2d. Professional and Pastoral Counselors
Campus “Professional Counselors”, when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. As a matter of policy, they are encouraged, if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion into the annual crime statistics. The rulemaking committee defines counselors as:

- Professional Counselor: An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.
  - UW-Stevens Point at Wausau employs one, part-time professional counselor who works under the supervision of the UW-Stevens Point Director of Counseling (Stevens Point campus).
- UW-Stevens Point at Wausau does not employ any pastoral counselors

3. Timely Warning Procedures
3a. Timely Warning Reports Regarding the Occurrence of Clery Act Crimes
UW-Stevens Point at Wausau will keep the community informed about safety and security matters on campus and maintain compliance with applicable features of the Clery Act (20 USC 1092(f)).

Decisions to issue a timely warning are made on a case-by-case basis in light of the available facts surrounding an incident or alleged crime. Some of the considerations prior to issuing a timely warning include:

- Nature of the crime (serious/non-serious, violent/non-violent)
- The continuing danger to the community or continuing crime pattern (yes/ no)
- The nature of the threat (general/specific target)
- The possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts

3b. Issuing a Timely Warning
When UW-Stevens Point at Wausau becomes aware of a situation that meets the criteria for a timely warning, the Campus Executive or their designee will issue a timely warning through all-campus email. For time-critical, urgent threats, the campus may use the Pointer Alert system.

If time permits, the Campus Executive or their designee will confer with local law enforcement, University Police and Security Services, other University administrators prior to issuing a timely warning or emergency notification.

Timely warning notices may include information about the type of crime, a description of the assailant(s) if known, how those with information can connect to law enforcement, and safety precautions.

3c. Emergency Notifications: Time-critical, Urgent Threats
In the most time-critical, urgent threats to the campus, the Campus Executive or their designee will inform the university through Pointer Alerts, the university's emergency notification system. These messages may direct the recipients to a location...
such as the university’s webpage or University Relations and Communications’ social media channels for additional information and updates. The Campus Executive or their designee, will work with UW-Stevens Point University Police, university and community partners and, if in operation, the UW-Stevens Point Emergency Operations Center, regarding the content of additional information to be posted or disseminated.

**Pointer Alerts** is the name for UW–Steven Point’s emergency notification system. The system is designed to provide information about an active emergency situation that requires the community to take immediate action in order to stay safe. Students and employees are automatically entered into the **Pointer Alert** via their university email accounts and their cell phone information provided in accessPoint and the Employee Self-Service at MyUWSystem, presuming phone numbers have been updated within each of these separate systems by the student or employee.

Depending on the exact nature of the situation, the system may utilize one or many of the components described below:

- **Text messaging**: UW-Stevens Point will text subscribers to reach mobile users who may be away from their computers or offices.
- **UW-Stevens Point email**: UW-Stevens Point email users may receive a mass e-mail warning message.
- **Personal email**: Students, faculty, and staff can add a personal email address.
- **Phone**: Campus Centrex phone users are configured to receive a call with a recorded message providing information.
- **Campus computers**: The campus community is alerted to a concern via a full-screen pop-up.

Students, faculty and staff are encouraged to update their contact information or learn more about the Pointer Alerts at [http://www.uwsp.edu/rmgt/Pages/em/pointeralerts/default.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/rmgt/Pages/em/pointeralerts/default.aspx)

4. Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

The Office of Emergency Management on the main campus of UW-Stevens Point, serves all campuses of the University, to include UW-Stevens Point at Wausau. Information about emergency response and evacuation procedures can be found on pg. 17 of this report at [https://www.uwsp.edu/emergency/Pages/default.aspx](https://www.uwsp.edu/emergency/Pages/default.aspx)

5. Addressing Criminal Activity Off Campus

The Wausau Police Department (MPD) has primary jurisdiction in all areas off campus. MPD works with the Campus Executive and the Dean of Students office on any serious incidents occurring off campus when a UW–Stevens Point student is involved in accordance with UWS Chapter 17.08.

6. Security and Access to Campus Facilities

Chapter UWS 21, Wisconsin Administrative Code, and institutional policies on file in the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Business Affairs, govern general access to and use of the facilities at UW–Stevens Point at Wausau.

Security is provided in the maintenance of the university’s facilities through a number of mechanisms, including limitations on hours of operation, enforced policies on key allocation, restricting access to those bearing proper identification as university staff or students, and the provision of adequate lighting. Specific security mechanisms may vary with the type of university facility and are managed by the appropriate administrator of each facility. Emergencies may necessitate changes or alterations to any posted schedules. Residence hall doors are locked 24 hours per day and only accessible to current residents with an access key.
7. Security Considerations Used in the Maintenance of Campus Facilities
On an annual basis, administrators from Emergency Management, Facilities, Residential Living, and other concerned areas conduct a campus security survey to assess landscaping, locks, alarms, lighting, and communications. Issues identified during the security survey are addressed by the department responsible for the facility or area of campus.

8a. Security Awareness Programs for Students and Employees
Risk Management
The Office of Risk Management leads a required session for new employees of the University. The training focused on safety and risk reduction measures for individuals and the institution as a whole.

UW-Stevens Point University Police
Crime prevention information, educational videos (such as: Shots Fired on Campus and Flashpoint on Campus) and timely warnings are available to students, faculty, and staff of UW-Stevens Point at Wausau and are provided on their website at www.uwsp.edu/protsv

Wausau Police Department
Information about the Wausau Police Department, including resources, services and community alerts. http://www.ci.wausau.wi.us/departments/police.aspx

Office of the Dean of Students
Information about services offered, education programs, incident reporting and safety tips. www.uwsp.edu/dos

8b. Crime Prevention Programs for Students and Employees
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Wausau campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Information about the University’s Threat Assessment Team, general crime prevention tips, protective behaviors, and safety at home can be found on pg. 18 of this report.

NOTE: UW-Stevens Point at Wausau does not have social fraternities or sororities, a student organization re-recognition process, or campus emergency telephones.

9. Alcohol and Drug Policies and Programs
9a. Alcohol and Drug Policies
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Wausau campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Information about alcohol and drug policies to include UWSP Chapter 17, UWSP Chapter 18, and relevant Wisconsin State Statutes can be found on pg. 20 of this report.

9b. Substance Abuse Education Programs
Substance abuse education programs for all students of UW-Stevens Point, regardless of campus, are coordinated by the Center for Prevention. Information about these programs can be found on pg. 22 of this report and at https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Pages/default.aspx

Campus Resources for Employees
For faculty and staff, Human Resources supports an Employee Assistance Program (EAP). Persons with treatment needs are referred to the EAP program.

The Office of the Dean of Students prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. This report is prepared in cooperation with the local law enforcement agencies surrounding our main campus, law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction for other UW-Stevens Point properties, University
Police, Residential Living, the Campus Activities and Student Engagement office, Emergency Management, the Division of Student Affairs and other campus offices. Each entity provides updated information on the educational efforts and programs to comply with the Clery Act.

Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to the Office of the Dean of Students, UWSP University Police, designated campus officials (including but not limited to directors, deans, department heads, designated Residential Living staff, advisors to students/student organizations, athletic coaches), and local law enforcement agencies. UWSP Counseling Center staff inform their clients of the procedures to report crime to the university on a voluntary or confidential basis. The online reporting process available through the Office of the Dean of Students website provides a mechanism for submitting anonymous reports.

Each year, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students as well as current faculty and staff that provided the web site to access this report. Copies of the report may also be obtained by contacting the Office of the Dean of Students at dos@uwsp.edu or by calling 715-346-2611. The web address for report is included in prospective student recruiting documents, on employment position postings, and online as part of student consumer information disclosures at http://www.uwsp.edu/chancellor/heoa

11. Missing Student Notification
A student shall be deemed missing when they are absent from the University for more than 24 hours without any known reason. All reports of missing students shall be directed to the Campus Executive, local law enforcement, and University Police and Security Services.

All residential students shall have the opportunity to identify an individual to be contacted by the University in the event the student is determined missing. Contact information for the identified person is entered on a student’s Gold Card and kept in that student’s residence hall. If a missing student is under 18 years of age, the University is required to notify the parent or guardian of the missing student not later than 24 hours after determination was made that the student is missing.

Notification
Any report of a missing student, from whatever source, should immediately be directed to the Campus Executive, local law enforcement, and University Police and Security Services.

When a student is reported missing, local law enforcement in collaboration with University Police shall:
When a student is reported missing University Police shall:

• Initiate an investigation to determine the validity of the missing person report.
• Contact the Dean of Students office.
• Contact University Relations and Communications.
• Make a determination as to the status of the missing student.
• Notify the individual identified by the missing student as the emergency contact within 24 hours of making the determination that the student is missing.
• If the missing student is under the age of 18, notify the student’s custodial parent or guardian as contained in the records of the University within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing.
• Notify the Wausau Police Department within 24 hours after determining that student is missing so that NCIC entry can be made.

The Dean of Students, the Chief of University Police, and the Director of Residential Living will be notified by staff and the Dean of Students shall initiate whatever additional actions they deem appropriate.
under the circumstances in the best interest of the missing student.

Students shall be given an opportunity to designate emergency contact information on the university website and on their emergency information card that is completed while they reside in the residence halls. This information can be registered confidentially, is accessible only to authorized campus officials, and may not be disclosed except to the Campus Executive or designee, the Office of the Dean of Students, or local law enforcement in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

Additional procedures for a student who has been missing for 24 hours includes:
- Residential Living staff gather information from the roommate and other house mates about last contact with student
- Dining and Summer Conferences staff confirms the last time the student’s meal card was used in the cafeteria
- All information gathered is shared with the Campus Executive or designee, the Office of the Dean of Students, or local law enforcement as part of their investigation

12. Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Wausau campus are subject to policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here. See pg. 25 of this report for information about disclosures to alleged victims of crimes violence.

13. Sex Offender Registration
University Police and Security Services maintains registered sex offender information on their webpages: http://www.uwsp.edu/protsv/Pages/WI-SexOffenders.aspx

The state of Wisconsin maintains a sex offender listing here: http://doc.wi.gov/community-resources/wi-sex-offender-registry

14. Policies and Procedures Related to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the UW-Stevens Point at Wausau campus are subject to policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here. See pg. 26 of this report for Policies and Procedures Related to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking. The referenced section includes definitions, law enforcement policies, University education programs focused on the topic, what to do if an incident of interpersonal violence occurs, and options for notifying law enforcement.

Additionally, information about resources, interim measures as allowed for under Title IX, and the campus disciplinary process, including possible sanctions, is shared. Lastly, the rights of victims and risk reduction suggestions are share.
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point
Central Wisconsin Environmental Station (CWES) Campus
10186 County Road MM, Amherst Junction, WI 54407 (Portage County)

Parcels owned by the UWSP Foundation and leased to UW-Stevens Point:
  - 026241022-03.01
  - 026241022-04.02

Parcels owned by the Trustees, Samoset Council-Boy Scouts of America and leased to UW-Stevens Point:
  - 026241015-11.02
  - 026241022-06.02
  - 026241022-08.02
  - 026241022-08.01
  - 026241022-05
  - 026241015-12.05

Note: Per the Handbook for Campus Safety and Security Reporting, 2016 Edition (2-15), because portions of Sunset and Minister Lakes are accessible from property owned or controlled by UW-Stevens Point, Clery crimes that occur on the public waterways are considered reportable crimes.
## Crime Statistics

**Central Wisconsin Environmental Station Campus (CWES)**

**2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years**

*NOTE: During 2016, 2017, and 2018 UW UW-Stevens Point had no unfounded crimes for the CWES campus.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crime</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder / non-negligent manslaughter</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manslaughter by Negligence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor vehicle theft</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hate crimes</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Hate Crimes - 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

- **2016:** No reported hate crimes on the CWES campus.
- **2017:** No reported hate crimes on the CWES campus.
- **2018:** No reported hate crimes on the CWES campus.
Crime and Violence Against Women Act Statistics
Central Wisconsin Environmental Station Campus (CWES)
2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Incident</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The totals shared here represent the Clery defined crimes of Sexual Assault that were reported during the specified calendar year to have occurred on university owned or controlled property. These numbers do not represent the total number of reports received by the university, which includes reports of incidents that occurred before a student was enrolled at the institution or that occurred off campus. In 2018, UW-Stevens Point received 61 total reports of sexual assault. For information about previous years, visit: https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Documents/Sexual%20Assault%20Summary%20Report-Feb2019.pdf
## Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action:
### Liquor Law, Drug Law, and Weapons Possession Violations
#### Central Wisconsin Environmental Status Campus (CWES)
#### 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Law Violation</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>On-Campus</th>
<th>Residence Halls (Subset of On-campus)</th>
<th>Non-Campus Property</th>
<th>Public Adjacent Property</th>
<th>Totals for the offense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Liquor law violations - Arrests</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor law violations - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug law violations - Arrests</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug law violations - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Possessions - Arrests</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Possession - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* See pg. 7 of this report, under Referrals for Disciplinary Action per the Clery Act, for a description of how alcohol arrests are categorized in the State of Wisconsin. In the interest of transparency, the number of students alleged and found responsible for violating institutional policy, UWSP 17.09(6)-Alcohol or controlled substances, at CWES are listed below.
- 2016 – Zero (0)
- 2017 – Zero (0)
- 2018 – Zero (0)
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point
Central Wisconsin Environmental Station (CWES)
Clery Act Policy Statements and Information

NOTE: Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station (CWES) campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here.

1. Law Enforcement Policies
CWES does not have a campus law enforcement department and does not contract for security. The CWES staff contact University Police and Security Services on the Stevens Point campus for consultation on law enforcement matters.

1a. Relationships with Local Law Enforcement Agencies
Staff at CWES maintain a close working relationship with the local law enforcement agencies. Both formal and informal meetings are held between University Police and Security Services on the Stevens Point campus and local law enforcement to discuss security concerns at CWES.

1b. Agreements with Local Law Enforcement Agencies
CWES does not have any formal agreements or MOU with local law enforcement agencies.

2. Reporting Procedures
2a. Accurate and Prompt Reporting of all Crimes
The CWES staff encourages all students, faculty, staff, and guests to accurately and promptly report crimes if they are a victim or a witness.

2b. Reporting of Crimes
Crimes or other emergencies that occur on campus should be reported to the Portage County Sheriff by calling 911, by calling the non-emergency number 715-346-1400, or by going to the department at 1500 Strongs Ave. Stevens Point, WI.

Crimes that occur off campus should be reported to the Portage County Sheriff by calling 911, by calling the non-emergency number 715-346-1400, or by going to the department at 1500 Strongs Ave. Stevens Point, WI.

The crimes of rape, fondling, statutory rape, or incest, as well as VAWA offenses of domestic violence, dating violent, or stalking may be reported directly to the Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator is Haeryon Kim, Old Main 116, 715-346-3020.

Students, faculty, and staff are also encouraged to report crimes/violations of University policies to the Dean of Students to seek assistance for themselves or to begin an investigation: 2100 Main Street (212 Old Main) Stevens Point, Wisconsin 54481, 715-346-2611. Reports can also be made online at the Dean of Students website: http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx.

Students, faculty, and staff can also share information with the Director of CWES.

2c. Voluntary Confidential Reporting
If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the university conduct process or criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. The Portage County Sheriff’s Department can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. You may also submit an anonymous report online through the website of the Office of the
The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a potential pattern of crime regarding a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution.

2d. Professional and Pastoral Counselors
Campus “Professional Counselors”, when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. As a matter of policy, they are encouraged, if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion into the annual crime statistics. The rulemaking committee defines counselors as:
- Professional Counselor: An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.
  - Students at CWES can access counseling services on the Stevens Point campus of UW-Stevens Point.
- CWES does not employ any pastoral counselors

3. Timely Warning Procedures
3a. Timely Warning Reports Regarding the Occurrence of Clery Act Crimes
The CWES staff will keep the community informed about safety and security matters on campus and maintain compliance with applicable features of the Clery Act (20 USC 1092(f)). As CWES does not have a campus law enforcement agency, the staff consults with University Police and Securing Services on the Stevens Point campus in regard to timely warnings and emergency notifications.

Decisions to issue a timely warning are made on a case-by-case basis in light of the available facts surrounding an incident or alleged crime. Some of the considerations prior to issuing a timely warning include:
- Nature of the crime (serious/non-serious, violent/non-violent)
- The continuing danger to the community or continuing crime pattern (yes/ no)
- The nature of the threat (general/specific target)
- The possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts

3b. Issuing a Timely Warning
When the CWES staff becomes aware of a situation that meets the criteria for a timely warning, the facility Director or their designee will issue a timely warning by contacting all staff via walkie-talkie and by posting appropriate information around the property.

If time permits, the Director or their designee will confer with local law enforcement, University Police and Security Services, or other University administrators prior to issuing a timely warning or emergency notification.

Timely warning notices may include information about the type of crime, a description of the assailant(s) if known, how those with information can connect to law enforcement, and safety precautions.
3c. Emergency Notifications: Time-critical, Urgent Threats

In the most time-critical, urgent threats to the campus, the Director or their designee, will work with UW-Stevens Point University Police to inform the university through Pointer Alerts, the university’s emergency notification system. These messages may direct the recipients to a location such as the university’s webpage or University Relations and Communications’ social media channels for additional information and updates. The Director or their designee, will work with UW-Stevens Point University Police, university and community partners and, if in operation, the UW-Stevens Point Emergency Operations Center, regarding the content of additional information to be posted or disseminated.

Pointer Alerts is the name for UW–Steven Point’s emergency notification system. The system is designed to provide information about an active emergency situation that requires the community to take immediate action in order to stay safe. Students and employees are automatically entered into the Pointer Alert via their university email accounts and their cell phone information provided in accessPoint and the Employee Self-Service at MyUWSystem, presuming phone numbers have been updated within each of these separate systems by the student or employee.

Depending on the exact nature of the situation, the system may utilize one or many of the components described below:

- Text messaging: UW-Stevens Point will text subscribers to reach mobile users who may be away from their computers or offices.
- UW-Stevens Point email: UW-Stevens Point email users may receive a mass e-mail warning message.
- Personal email: Students, faculty, and staff can add a personal email address.
- Phone: Campus Centrex phone users are configured to receive a call with a recorded message providing information.
- Campus computers: The campus community is alerted to a concern via a full-screen pop-up.

Additionally, the staff at CWES ring an exterior bell and contact all staff via walkie-talkie about the emergency situation.

Students, faculty and staff are encouraged to update their contact information or learn more about the Pointer Alerts at http://www.uwsp.edu/rmgt/Pages/em/pointeralerts/default.aspx

4. Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

The Office of Emergency Management on the main campus of UW-Stevens Point, serves all campuses of the University, to include CWES. Information about emergency response and evacuation procedures can be found on pg. 17 of this report at https://www.uwsp.edu/emergency/Pages/default.aspx

5. Addressing Criminal Activity Off Campus

The Portage County Sheriff’s Department has primary jurisdiction in all areas off campus. The Sheriff works with UW-Stevens Point University Police, the CWES staff, and the Dean of Students office on any serious incidents occurring off campus when a UW–Stevens Point student is involved in accordance with UWS Chapter 17.08.

6. Security and Access to Campus Facilities

Chapter UWS 21, Wisconsin Administrative Code, and institutional policies on file in the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Business Affairs, govern general access to and use of the facilities at CWES.

Security is provided in the maintenance of the university’s facilities through a number of mechanisms, including limitations on hours of
operation, enforced policies on key allocation, restricting access to those bearing proper identification as university staff or students, and the provision of adequate lighting. Specific security mechanisms may vary with the type of university facility and are managed by the appropriate administrator of each facility. Emergencies may necessitate changes or alterations to any posted schedules.

7. Security Considerations Used in the Maintenance of Campus Facilities
On an annual basis, CWES staff conduct a campus security survey to assess landscaping, locks, alarms, lighting, and communications. Issues identified during the security survey are addressed by the department responsible for the facility or area of campus.

8a. Security Awareness Programs for Students and Employees

Risk Management
The Office of Risk Management leads a required session for new employees of the University. The training focused on safety and risk reduction measure for individuals and the institution as a whole.

UW-Stevens Point University Police
Crime prevention information, educational videos (such as: Shots Fired on Campus and Flashpoint on Campus) and timely warnings are available to students, faculty, and staff of CWES and are provided on their website at www.uwsp.edu/protsv

Portage County Sheriff’s Department
Information about the Portage County Sheriff, including resources, services and community alerts can be found at: https://www.co.portage.wi.us/department/sheriff-s-office

8b. Crime Prevention Programs for Students and Employees

Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with CWES are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Information about the University’s Threat Assessment Team, general crime prevention tips, protective behaviors, and safety at home can be found on pg. 18 of this report.

NOTE: CWES does not have social fraternities or sororities, a student organization re-recognition process, or campus emergency telephones.

9. Alcohol and Drug Policies and Programs

9a. Alcohol and Drug Policies
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the CWES campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Information about alcohol and drug policies to include UWSP Chapter 17, UWSP Chapter 18, and relevant Wisconsin State Statutes can be found on pg. 20 of this report.

9b. Substance Abuse Education Programs
Substance abuse education programs for all students of UW-Stevens Point, regardless of campus, are coordinated by the Center for Prevention. Information about these programs can be found on pg. 22 of this report and at https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Pages/default.aspx
Campus Resources for Employees
For faculty and staff, Human Resources supports an Employee Assistance Program (EAP). Persons with treatment needs are referred to the EAP program.

The Office of the Dean of Students prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. This report is prepared in cooperation with the local law enforcement agencies surrounding our main campus, law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction for other UW-Stevens Point properties, University Police, Residential Living, the Campus Activities and Student Engagement office, Emergency Management, the Division of Student Affairs and other campus offices. Each entity provides updated information on the educational efforts and programs to comply with the Clery Act.

Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to the Office of the Dean of Students, UWSP University Police, designated campus officials (included but not limited to directors, deans, department heads, designated Residential Living staff, advisors to students/student organizations, athletic coaches), and local law enforcement agencies. UWSP Counseling Center staff inform their clients of the procedures to report crime to the university on a voluntary or confidential basis. The online reporting process available through the Office of the Dean of Students website provides a mechanism for submitting anonymous reports.

Each year, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students as well as current faculty and staff that provided the web site to access this report. Copies of the report may also be obtained by contacting the Office of the Dean of Students at dos@uwsp.edu or by calling 715-346-2611. The web address for report is included in prospective student recruiting documents, on employment position postings, and online as part of student consumer information disclosures at http://www.uwsp.edu/chancellor/heoa

11. Missing Student Notification
A student shall be deemed missing when they are absent from the University for more than 24 hours without any known reason. All reports of missing students shall be directed to the Director of the facility, University Police and Security Services, and the local law enforcement agency.

All residential students shall have the opportunity to identify an individual to be contacted by the University in the event the student is determined missing. Contact information for the identified person is kept with the Director or their designee. If a missing student is under 18 years of age, the University is required to notify the parent or guardian of the missing student not later than 24 hours after determination was made that the student is missing.

Notification
Any report of a missing student, from whatever source, should immediately be to the Director of the facility, University Police and Security Services, and the local law enforcement agency. When a student is reported missing University Police shall:
• Initiate an investigation to determine the validity of the missing person report.
• Contact the Dean of Students office.
• Contact University Relations and Communications.
• Make a determination as to the status of the missing student.
• Notify the individual identified by the missing student as the emergency contact within 24 hours of making the determination that the student is missing.
• If the missing student is under the age of 18, notify the student’s custodial parent or guardian as contained in the records of the University within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing.
• Notify the Portage County Sheriff within 24 hours after determining that student is missing so that NCIC entry can be made.

The Dean of Students and the Chief of University Police will be notified by staff and they shall initiate whatever action they deem appropriate under the circumstances in the best interest of the missing student.

Students shall be given an opportunity to designate emergency contact information on the university website and on their emergency information card that is completed while they reside in the residence halls. This information can be registered confidentially, is accessible only to authorized campus officials, and may not be disclosed except to the Campus Executive or designee, the Office of the Dean of Students, or local law enforcement in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

Additional procedures for a student who has been missing for 24 hours includes:
• Residential Living staff gather information from the roommate and other house mates about last contact with student
• Dining and Summer Conferences staff confirms the last time the student’s meal card was used in the cafeteria
• All information gathered is shared with the Campus Executive or designee, the Office of the Dean of Students, or local law enforcement as part of their investigation

12. Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with CWES are subject to policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here. See pg. 25 of this report for information about disclosures to alleged victims of crimes violence.

13. Sex Offender Registration
University Police and Security Services maintains registered sex offender information on their webpages: [http://www.uwsp.edu/protsv/Pages/WI-SexOffenders.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/protsv/Pages/WI-SexOffenders.aspx)

The state of Wisconsin maintains a sex offender listing here: [http://doc.wi.gov/community-resources/wi-sex-offender-registry](http://doc.wi.gov/community-resources/wi-sex-offender-registry)

14. Policies and Procedures Related to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with CWES are subject to policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here.

See pg. 26 of this report for Policies and Procedures Related to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking. The referenced section includes definitions, law enforcement policies, University education programs focused on the topic, what to do if an incident of interpersonal violence occurs, and options for notifying law enforcement.

Additionally, information about resources, interim measures as allowed for under Title IX, and the campus disciplinary process, including possible sanctions, is shared. Lastly, the rights of victims and risk reduction suggestions are share.
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point
Treehaven Field Station Campus
W2540 Pickerel Creek Road, Tomahawk, WI 54487 (Lincoln County)
## Crime Statistics

### Treehaven Field Station Campus -

#### 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

**NOTE:** During 2016, 2017, and 2018 UW UW-Stevens Point had no unfounded crimes for the Treehaven campus.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crime</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>On-Campus</th>
<th>Residence Halls (Subset of On-campus)</th>
<th>Non-Campus Property</th>
<th>Public Adjacent Property</th>
<th>Totals for the offense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Murder / non-negligent manslaughter</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manslaughter by Negligence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor vehicle theft</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hate crimes</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Hate Crimes - 2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years

- **2016:** No reported hate crimes on the Treehaven campus.
- **2017:** No reported hate crimes on the Treehaven campus.
- **2018:** No reported hate crimes on the Treehaven campus.
### Crime and Violence Against Women Act Statistics

**Treehaven Field Station Campus**

**2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Incident</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
<th>Totals for the offense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
<td>Residence Halls (Subset of On-campus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The totals shared here represent the Clery defined crimes of *Sexual Assault* that were reported during the specified calendar year to have occurred on university owned or controlled property. These numbers do not represent the total number of reports received by the university, which includes reports of incidents that occurred before a student was enrolled at the institution or that occurred off campus. In 2018, UW-Stevens Point received 61 total reports of sexual assault. For information about previous years, visit: [https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Documents/Sexual%20Assault%20Summary%20Report-Feb2019.pdf](https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Documents/Sexual%20Assault%20Summary%20Report-Feb2019.pdf)
### Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action:
**Liquor Law, Drug Law, and Weapons Possession Violations**
**Treehaven Field Station Campus**
**2016, 2017, and 2018 Calendar Years**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Law Violation</th>
<th>Year of</th>
<th>Location of Incidents</th>
<th>Totals for the offense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Year of</td>
<td>On-Campus</td>
<td>Residence Halls (Subset of On-campus)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor law violations - Arrests</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor law violations - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug law violations - Arrests</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug law violations - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Possessions - Arrests</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Possession - Disciplinary referrals</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* See pg. 7 of this report, under Referrals for Disciplinary Action per the Clery Act, for a description of how alcohol arrests are categorized in the State of Wisconsin. In the interest of transparency, the number of students alleged and found responsible for violating institutional policy, UWSP 17.09(6)-Alcohol or controlled substances, at Treehaven are listed below.
- 2016 – Two (2)
- 2017 – Three (3)
- 2018 – Zero (0)
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point
Treehaven Field Station Campus
Clery Act Policy Statements and Information

NOTE: Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the Treehaven Field Station campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here.

1. Law Enforcement Policies
Treehaven does not have a campus law enforcement department and does not contract for security.

1a. Relationships with Local Law Enforcement Agencies
Staff at Treehaven maintain a close working relationship with the local law enforcement agencies. Both formal and informal meetings are held between University Police and Security Services on the Stevens Point campus and local law enforcement to discuss security concerns at Treehaven.

1b. Agreements with Local Law Enforcement Agencies
Treehaven does not have any formal agreements or MOU with local law enforcement agencies.

2. Reporting Procedures
2a. Accurate and Prompt Reporting of all Crimes
The Treehaven staff encourages all students, faculty, staff, and guests to accurately and promptly report crimes if they are a victim or a witness.

2b. Reporting of Crimes
Crimes or other emergencies that occur on campus should be reported to the Lincoln County Sheriff by calling 911, by calling the non-emergency number 715-536-6272 or by going to the department at 1104 E. 2st Street, Merrill, WI 54452.

The crimes of rape, fondling, statutory rape, or incest, as well as VAWA offenses of domestic violence, dating violent, or stalking may be reported directly to the Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator is Haeryon Kim, Old Main 116, 715-346-3020.

Students, faculty, and staff are also encouraged to report crimes/violations of University policies to the Dean of Students to seek assistance for themselves or to begin an investigation: 2100 Main Street (212 Old Main) Stevens Point, Wisconsin 54481, 715-346-2611. Reports can also be made online at the Dean of Students website: http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx.

2c. Voluntary Confidential Reporting
If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the university conduct process or criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. The Portage County Sheriff’s Department can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. You may also submit an anonymous report online through the website of the Office of the Dean of Students at: http://www.uwsp.edu/dos/Pages/Anonymous-Report.aspx.
The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a potential pattern of crime regarding a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution.

2d. Professional and Pastoral Counselors
Campus “Professional Counselors”, when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. As a matter of policy, they are encouraged, if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion into the annual crime statistics. The rulemaking committee defines counselors as:

- Professional Counselor: An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.
  - Treehaven does not employ any professional counselors.
- Treehaven does not employ any pastoral counselors

3. Timely Warning Procedures

3a. Timely Warning Reports Regarding the Occurrence of Clery Act Crimes
The Treehaven staff will keep the community informed about safety and security matters on campus and maintain compliance with applicable features of the Clery Act (20 USC 1092(f)). As Treehaven does not have a campus law enforcement agency, the staff consults with University Police and Securing Services on the Stevens Point campus in regard to timely warnings and emergency notifications, as time allows.

Decisions to issue a timely warning are made on a case-by-case basis in light of the available facts surrounding an incident or alleged crime. Some of the considerations prior to issuing a timely warning include:

- Nature of the crime (serious/non-serious, violent/non-violent)
- The continuing danger to the community or continuing crime pattern (yes/ no)
- The nature of the threat (general-specific target)
- The possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts

3b. Issuing a Timely Warning
When the Treehaven staff becomes aware of a situation that meets the criteria for a timely warning, the facility Director or their designee will issue a timely warning by contacting all staff via walkie-talkie and by posting appropriate information around the property.

If time permits, the Director or their designee will confer with local law enforcement, University Police and Security Services, or other University administrators prior to issuing a timely warning or emergency notification.

Timely warning notices may include information about the type of crime, a description of the assailant(s) if known, how those with information can connect to law enforcement, and safety precautions.

3c. Emergency Notifications: Time-critical, Urgent Threats
In the most time-critical, urgent threats to the campus, the Director or their designee, will work with UW-Stevens Point University Police to inform the university through Pointer Alerts, the
university’s emergency notification system. These messages may direct the recipients to a location such as the university’s webpage or University Relations and Communications’ social media channels for additional information and updates. The Director or their designee, will work with UW-Stevens Point University Police, university and community partners and, if in operation, the UW-Stevens Point Emergency Operations Center, regarding the content of additional information to be posted or disseminated.

Pointer Alerts is the name for UW–Steven Point’s emergency notification system. The system is designed to provide information about an active emergency situation that requires the community to take immediate action in order to stay safe. Students and employees are automatically entered into the Pointer Alert via their university email accounts and their cell phone information provided in accessPoint and the Employee Self-Service at MyUWSSystem, presuming phone numbers have been updated within each of these separate systems by the student or employee.

Depending on the exact nature of the situation, the system may utilize one or many of the components described below:

- Text messaging: UW-Stevens Point will text subscribers to reach mobile users who may be away from their computers or offices.
- UW-Stevens Point email: UW-Stevens Point email users may receive a mass e-mail warning message.
- Personal email: Students, faculty, and staff can add a personal email address.
- Phone: Campus Centrex phone users are configured to receive a call with a recorded message providing information.
- Campus computers: The campus community is alerted to a concern via a full-screen pop-up.

Additionally, the staff immediately contact all staff via walkie-talkie about the emergency situation.

Students, faculty and staff are encouraged to update their contact information or learn more about the Pointer Alerts at http://www.uwsp.edu/rmgt/Pages/em/pointeralerts/default.aspx

4. Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures
The Office of Emergency Management on the main campus of UW-Stevens Point, serves all campuses of the University, to include Treehaven. Information about emergency response and evacuation procedures can be found on pg. 17 of this report at https://www.uwsp.edu/emergency/Pages/default.aspx

5. Addressing Criminal Activity Off Campus
The Portage County Sheriff’s Department has primary jurisdiction in all areas off campus. The Sheriff works with UW-Stevens Point University Police, the Treehaven staff, and the Dean of Students office on any serious incidents occurring off campus when a UW–Stevens Point student is involved in accordance with UWS Chapter 17.08.

6. Security and Access to Campus Facilities
Chapter UWS 21, Wisconsin Administrative Code, and institutional policies on file in the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Business Affairs, govern general access to and use of the facilities at Treehaven.

Security is provided in the maintenance of the university’s facilities through a number of mechanisms, including limitations on hours of operation, enforced policies on key allocation, restricting access to those bearing proper identification as university staff or students, and the provision of adequate lighting. Specific security mechanisms may vary with the type of university facility and are managed by the appropriate administrator of each facility. Emergencies may necessitate changes or alterations to any posted schedules.
7. Security Considerations Used in the Maintenance of Campus Facilities
On an annual basis, Treehaven staff conduct a campus security survey to assess landscaping, locks, alarms, lighting, and communications. Issues identified during the security survey are addressed by the department responsible for the facility or area of campus.

8a. Security Awareness Programs for Students and Employees
Risk Management
The Office of Risk Management leads a required session for new employees of the University. The training focused on safety and risk reduction measure for individuals and the institution as a whole.

UW-Stevens Point University Police
Crime prevention information, educational videos (such as: Shots Fired on Campus and Flashpoint on Campus) and timely warnings are available to students, faculty, and staff of Treehaven and are provided on their website at www.uwsp.edu/protsv

Lincoln County Sheriff’s Department
Information about the Lincoln County Sherriff, including resources, services and community alerts. https://co.lincoln.wi.us/sheriffs-office

Office of the Dean of Students
Information about services offered, education programs, incident reporting and safety tips. www.uwsp.edu/dos

8b. Crime Prevention Programs for Students and Employees
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with Treehaven are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Information about the University’s Threat Assessment Team, general crime prevention tips, protective behaviors, and safety at home can be found on pg. 18 of this report.

NOTE: Treehaven does not have social fraternities or sororities, a student organization re-recognition process, or campus emergency telephones.

9. Alcohol and Drug Policies and Programs
9a. Alcohol and Drug Policies
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with the Treehaven campus are subject to all policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Information about alcohol and drug policies to include UWSP Chapter 17, UWSP Chapter 18, and relevant Wisconsin State Statutes can be found on pg. 20 of this report.

9b. Substance Abuse Education Programs
Substance abuse education programs for all students of UW-Stevens Point, regardless of campus, are coordinated by the Center for Prevention. Information about these programs can be found on pg. 22 of this report and at https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv/Pages/default.aspx

Campus Resources for Employees
For faculty and staff, Human Resources supports an Employee Assistance Program (EAP). Persons with treatment needs are referred to the EAP program.

The Office of the Dean of Students prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. This report is prepared in cooperation with the local law enforcement agencies surrounding our main campus, law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction for other UW-Stevens Point properties, University Police, Residential Living, the Campus Activities and Student Engagement office, Emergency Management, the Division of Student Affairs and
other campus offices. Each entity provides updated information on the educational efforts and programs to comply with the Clery Act.

Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to the Office of the Dean of Students, UWSP University Police, designated campus officials (included but not limited to directors, deans, department heads, designated Residential Living staff, advisors to students/student organizations, athletic coaches), and local law enforcement agencies. UWSP Counseling Center staff inform their clients of the procedures to report crime to the university on a voluntary or confidential basis. The online reporting process available through the Office of the Dean of Students website provides a mechanism for submitting anonymous reports.

Each year, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students as well as current faculty and staff that provided the web site to access this report. Copies of the report may also be obtained by contacting the Office of the Dean of Students at dos@uwsp.edu or by calling 715-346-2611. The web address for report is included in prospective student recruiting documents, on employment position postings, and online as part of student consumer information disclosures at http://www.uwsp.edu/chancellor/heoa

11. Missing Student Notification
A student shall be deemed missing when they are absent from the University for more than 24 hours without any known reason. All reports of missing students shall be directed to the Director of the facility, University Police and Security Services, and the local law enforcement agency.

All residential students shall have the opportunity to identify an individual to be contacted by the University in the event the student is determined missing. Contact information for the identified person is kept with the Director or their designee. If a missing student is under 18 years of age, the University is required to notify the parent or guardian of the missing student not later than 24 hours after determination was made that the student is missing.

Notification
Any report of a missing student, from whatever source, should immediately be the Director of the facility, University Police and Security Services, and the local law enforcement agency. When a student is reported missing University Police shall:

- Initiate an investigation to determine the validity of the missing person report.
- Contact the Dean of Students office.
- Contact University Relations and Communications.
- Make a determination as to the status of the missing student.
- Notify the individual identified by the missing student as the emergency contact within 24 hours of making the determination that the student is missing.
- If the missing student is under the age of 18, notify the student’s custodial parent or guardian as contained in the records of the University within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing.
- Notify the Lincoln County Sheriff within 24 hours after determining that student is missing so that NCIC entry can be made.

The Dean of Students and Chief of University Police shall initiate whatever action they deem appropriate under the circumstances in the best interest of the missing student.

Students shall be given an opportunity to designate emergency contact information on the university website and on their emergency information card that is completed while they reside in the residence halls. This information can be registered confidentially, is accessible only to authorized campus officials, and may not be disclosed except...
to the Campus Executive or designee, the Office of the Dean of Students, or local law enforcement in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

Additional procedures for a student who has been missing for 24 hours includes:
- Residential Living staff gather information from the roommate and other house mates about last contact with student
- Dining and Summer Conferences staff confirms the last time the student’s meal card was used in the cafeteria
- All information gathered is shared with the Campus Executive or designee, the Office of the Dean of Students, or local law enforcement as part of their investigation

12. Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with Treehaven are subject to policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here.

See pg. 25 of this report for information about disclosures to alleged victims of crimes violence.

13. Sex Offender Registration
University Police and Security Services maintains registered sex offender information on their webpages: [http://www.uwsp.edu/protsv/Pages/WI-SexOffenders.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/protsv/Pages/WI-SexOffenders.aspx)

The state of Wisconsin maintains a sex offender listing here: [http://doc.wi.gov/community-resources/wi-sex-offender-registry](http://doc.wi.gov/community-resources/wi-sex-offender-registry)

14. Policies and Procedures Related to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking
Students, faculty, staff, and guests associated with Treehaven are subject to policies and procedures of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Only campus-specific policy and procedure differences are noted here.

See pg. 26 of this report for Policies and Procedures Related to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking. The referenced section includes definitions, law enforcement policies, University education programs focused on the topic, what to do if an incident of interpersonal violence occurs, and options for notifying law enforcement.

Additionally, information about resources, interim measures as allowed for under Title IX, and the campus disciplinary process, including possible sanctions, is shared. Lastly, the rights of victims and risk reduction suggestions are share.
The following report is a summary of fire safety systems, fire incident statistics, and related policies as required by the federal Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA) and reaffirmed in the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. The data presented is for calendar years 2016, 2017, and 2018 and represents data for on-campus student residences.

More than 3,450 UW-Stevens Point students can call the main campus residence halls on the main campus home during the academic year. Marathon Hall on the campus of UW-Stevens Point at Wausau can be home for another 162 students. The Villa at Marshfield, owned and operated by the private property management company known as Bluffstone, LLC, serves as a housing option for students in Marshfield. Lastly, a portion of our students also periodically take up residence at the UW-Stevens Point Treehaven Field Station and the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station (CWES) as part of their academic study.

Troy L. Seppelt, Ed.D.
Assistant Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs and Dean of Students
UW-Stevens Point Clery Compliance Officer

**Description of housing facilities**

**University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, Stevens Point Residence Halls**
Students who reside on the main campus live in one of 13 residence halls. The halls are made up of double and single rooms. All buildings also offer community kitchens, with one building having kitchens within each suite.

**University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point at Marshfield Residence Hall**
Students who reside on the Marshfield campus live in one residence hall. The building is made up of double rooms and offers community spaces, to include a community kitchen.

**University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point at Wausau Residence Hall**
Students who reside on the Wausau campus live an apartment building. The building is comprised of 4-person apartment, 4-bedroom apartments, each with their own kitchen.

**Central Wisconsin Environmental Station**
CWES is a 200-acre teaching and learning center located 17 miles east of Stevens Point on Sunset Lake. Up to 112 students can live in the seven buildings: Anderson Lodge (24 beds), Walker Lodge (48 beds) and the five Scandinavian Cabins (40 beds total).

**Treehaven Field Station**
The Treehaven Field Station is a natural resources education, conference and research center located east of Tomahawk, Wis., approximately 80 miles north of Stevens Point. The facility offers accommodations for up to 124 students in three buildings: Okray Living Centers (107 beds), Fern Young Cottage (10 beds) and White Pine Lodge (7 beds).
Fire Log
The fire log for the UW-Stevens Point campus is maintained by University Police and Security Services and is in the George Stein Building during normal business hours, 7:45am to 4:30pm. Fire logs for UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield and UW-Stevens Point at Wausau are maintained in the Solution Center for each respective campus and are available during normal business hours. Fire logs for the Treehaven Field Stations and the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station (CWES) are maintained by the Directors of each facility. Treehaven and CWES logs are available during normal business hours at the office of the appropriate Director.

Description of the fire safety “system” in each housing facility
UW-Stevens Point Residence Halls - Table I below provides a summary of fire safety systems.

Baldwin Hall: Robert D. Baldwin Hall has a multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building and 100 percent full coverage sprinkler system; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Burroughs Hall: Leland M. Burroughs Hall has a multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building and 100 percent full coverage sprinkler system; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Hanson Hall: William C. Hanson Hall has a multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building and 100 percent full coverage sprinkler system; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Hyer Hall: Frank S. Hyer Hall has a multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building, and a sprinkler system for the building’s recycling chutes; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Knutzen Hall: Norman E. Knutzen Hall a has multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building and 100 percent full coverage sprinkler system; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

May Roach Hall: May M. Roach Hall has a multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building, and a sprinkler system for the building’s recycling chutes; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Neale Hall: Oscar W. Neale Hall has multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building and 100 percent full coverage sprinkler system; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Pray / Sims Hall: Theron B. Pray / John F. Sims Hall has a multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building, and a sprinkler system for the building’s recycling chutes; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.
Smith Hall: E. T. Smith Hall has a multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building, and a sprinkler system for the building’s recycling chutes; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Steiner Hall: Steiner Hall a has multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building and 100 percent full coverage sprinkler system; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Suites @ 201 Reserve: Suites@201 has a multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building plus 100 percent full coverage sprinkler system; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Thomson Hall: John C. Thomson Hall a has multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building and 100 percent full coverage sprinkler system; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Watson Hall: Charles F. Watson Hall a has multiplexed, hard wired fire alarm system, with smoke and heat sensors throughout the building and 100 percent full coverage sprinkler system; resident rooms include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Marathon Hall – UW-Stevens Point at Wausau: Marathon Hall does not have a sprinkler system. Fire extinguishers are strategically placed throughout the facility. Training is provided on the use of the extinguishers each year. The fire alarm system is up-to-date and tested quarterly. The local fire department also conducts periodic and regular safety checks.

The Villas – UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield: Bluffstone, LLC is a private, for profit business providing housing to students at UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield. This building is equipped with smoke detectors and fire extinguishers in every apartment and the common areas. There is a full sprinkler system in the building.

Central Wisconsin Environmental Station
Anderson Lodge, Walker Lodge and the Scandinavian Cabins include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout buildings to include kitchens.

Treehaven Field Station
Okray Living Centers, Fern Young Cottage and White Pine Cottage include stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors; fire extinguishers throughout building including kitchens.

Fire Safety Policy Statements
UW-Stevens Point Residence Halls, Treehaven, and CWES
- Policies for portable electric appliances, smoking and open flames are available on-line in the Residential Living Handbook http://www.uwsp.edu/resliving/Pages/landing/goodToKnow.aspx, or the Treehaven land use regulations at https://www.uwsp.edu/cnr-ap/treehaven/Pages/propertyuse.aspx,
Procedures for evacuation are posted on all resident and staff floors. This information is also included on pg. 31 of the Residential Living Handbook found at https://www.uwsp.edu/resliving/Documents/PDF/RLhandbook.pdf

Reporting Fires: All fires should be reported to the Campus Executive (Marshfield or Wausau), facility Director (CWES or Treehaven) and UW-Stevens Point University Police. In an emergency, call 911.

Fire Safety training and education for residents is covered at floor meetings in the residence halls and during orientation for Treehaven/CWES experiences. This is a review of general fire safety information.

Fire Safety training and education for staff includes yearly training. Training includes discussion regarding roles in the event of a fire, open door impact, smoke danger and causes of recent fires. Facilities staff training includes hands on (fire extinguisher) and review of a fire safety video. The UW-Stevens Point Office of Risk Management also offers open sessions regarding fire prevention and fire extinguisher training.

Plans for future improvements in fire safety
UW-Stevens Point will continue to adhere to stringent inspection, testing and maintenance of all fire safety systems, equipment, and devices. The campus also partners with the Stevens Point Fire Department to conduct ongoing compliance inspections and fire crew trainings in our residence halls. All new facilities will be fully alarmed and sprinkled. Future renovations and upgrades are summarized below.

Residence Hall Renovations
UW-Stevens Point – There are no proposed renovations for residence halls.
UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield - There are no proposed renovations for residence halls.
UW-Stevens Point at Wausau – There are no proposed renovations for residence halls.

Treehaven and CWES: The site managers are creating proposals for the improvement of alarm systems at these facilities.

Terms
Fire: Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.

Fire drill: A supervised practice of a mandatory evacuation of a building for a fire.

Fire-related injury: Any instance in which a person is injured as a result of a fire, including an injury sustained from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue or escaping from the dangers of the fire. The term person may include students, faculty, staff, visitors, firefighters or any other individuals.

Fire-related death: Any instance in which a person is killed as a result of a fire, including death resulting from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of a fire or deaths that occur within one year of injuries sustained as a result of the fire.
**Fire safety system:** Any mechanism or system related to the detection of a fire, the warning resulting from a fire or the control of a fire including:
- sprinkler or other fire extinguishing systems
- fire detection devices
- stand-alone smoke alarms
- devices that alert one to the presence of a fire, such as horns, bells or strobelights
- smoke-control and reduction mechanisms, and
- fire doors and walls that reduce the spread of a fire.

**Value of property damage:** The estimated value of the loss of the structure and contents, in terms of the cost of replacement in like kind and quantity, including:
- contents damaged by fire
- related damages caused by smoke, water, and overhaul
- it does not include indirect loss, such as business interruption.

**University Resources**
UW-Stevens Point University Police [http://www.uwsp.edu/protsv/Pages/default.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/protsv/Pages/default.aspx)
UW-Stevens Point Office of Risk Management [http://www.uwsp.edu/rmgt/Pages/default.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/rmgt/Pages/default.aspx)
UW-Stevens Point Residential Living [http://www.uwsp.edu/resliving/Pages/default.aspx](http://www.uwsp.edu/resliving/Pages/default.aspx)

**Community and External Resources**
City of Stevens Point
Includes Fire and EMS Information

Lincoln County
[http://www.co.lincoln.wi.us](http://www.co.lincoln.wi.us)

Pelican Lake Fire Department
[http://pelicanfire.com](http://pelicanfire.com)

Iola Fire Department
[http://iolafire.com](http://iolafire.com)

National Fire Protection Association
[www.nfpa.org](http://www.nfpa.org)
### Table I: Description of Stevens Point Student Housing Fire Safety Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residence Hall</th>
<th>Fire Detection System Type</th>
<th>Fire Suppression System</th>
<th>Fire Extinguishers Present</th>
<th>Monitoring System</th>
<th>Fire Drills Each Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baldwin Hall 425 Isadore St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burroughs Hall 201 Isadore St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hansen Hall 409 Isadore St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyer Hall 1319 Fremont St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>Sprinkler system in recycling chutes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knutzen Hall 209 Isadore St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May Roach Hall 301 Reserve St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>Sprinkler system in recycling chutes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neale Hall 433 Isadore St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pray/Sims Hall 501 Reserve St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>Sprinkler system in recycling chutes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smith Hall 409 Reserve St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>Sprinkler system in recycling chutes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steiner Hall 401 Isadore St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suites @ 201 201 Reserve St. Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thompson Hall 1817 Maria Drive Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watson Hall 1801 Maria Drive Stevens Point, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treehaven W2540 Pickerel Creek Road, Tomahawk, WI</td>
<td>Stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors</td>
<td>No sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CWES 10186 County Road MM, Amherst Junction, WI</td>
<td>Stand-alone, battery powered smoke detectors</td>
<td>No sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marathon Hall 615 Garfield Ave. Wausau, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>No sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Villas 2313 W. 5th Street Marshfield, WI</td>
<td>Multiplexed, hard wired, smoke and heat sensors</td>
<td>100% full coverage sprinkler system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table II: 2016 Fire Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residence Hall</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Total Number of Fires</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Damage Amount</th>
<th>Number of Injuries</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baldwin Hall</td>
<td>425 Isadore St</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burroughs Hall</td>
<td>201 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hansen Hall</td>
<td>409 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyer Hall</td>
<td>1319 Fremont St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knutzen Hall</td>
<td>209 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May Roach Hall</td>
<td>301 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neale Hall</td>
<td>433 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pray/Sims Hall</td>
<td>501 Reserve St.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Unintentional, electrical</td>
<td>$0-99</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smith Hall</td>
<td>409 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steiner Hall</td>
<td>401 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suites @ 201</td>
<td>201 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thomson Hall</td>
<td>1817 Maria Dr.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watson Hall</td>
<td>1801 Maria Dr.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treehaven</td>
<td>W2540 Pickerel Creek Road, Tomahawk, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CWES</td>
<td>10186 County Road MM, Amherst Junction, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marathon Hall (Wausau campus)</td>
<td>615 Garfield Ave. Wausau, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Villas (Marshfield campus)</td>
<td>2313 W. 5th Street Marshfield, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table III: 2017 Fire Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residence Hall</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Total Number Fires</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Damage Amount</th>
<th>Number of Injuries</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baldwin Hall</td>
<td>425 Isadore St</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burroughs Hall</td>
<td>201 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hansen Hall</td>
<td>409 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyer Hall</td>
<td>1319 Fremont St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knutzen Hall</td>
<td>209 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May Roach Hall</td>
<td>301 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neale Hall</td>
<td>433 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pray/Sims Hall</td>
<td>501 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smith Hall</td>
<td>409 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steiner Hall</td>
<td>401 Isadore St.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Unintentional, Cooking</td>
<td>$100-999</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suites @ 201</td>
<td>201 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thomson Hall</td>
<td>1817 Maria Dr.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watson Hall</td>
<td>1801 Maria Dr.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treehaven</td>
<td>W2540 Pickerel Creek Road, Tomahawk, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CWES</td>
<td>10186 County Road MM, Amherst Junction, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marathon Hall (Wausau campus)</td>
<td>615 Garfield Ave. Wausau, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Villas (Marshfield campus)</td>
<td>2313 W. 5th Street Marshfield, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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</table>
### Table IV: 2018 Fire Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residence Hall</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Total Number Fires</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Damage Amount</th>
<th>Number of Injuries</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baldwin Hall</td>
<td>425 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Burroughs Hall</td>
<td>201 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hansen Hall</td>
<td>409 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyer Hall</td>
<td>1319 Fremont St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knutzen Hall</td>
<td>209 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May Roach Hall</td>
<td>301 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neale Hall</td>
<td>433 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pray/Sims Hall</td>
<td>501 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smith Hall</td>
<td>409 Reserve St.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cooking</td>
<td>$0-$99</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steiner Hall</td>
<td>401 Isadore St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suites @ 201</td>
<td>201 Reserve St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thomson Hall</td>
<td>1817 Maria Dr.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watson Hall</td>
<td>1801 Maria Dr.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cooking</td>
<td>$0-$99</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treehaven</td>
<td>W2540 Pickeral Creek Road, Tomahawk, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CWES</td>
<td>10186 County Road MM, Amherst Junction, WI</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Drug Free Schools and Communities Act - Alcohol and Other Drugs Information

The University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, in collaboration with city and community agencies, has created the UW-Stevens Point Center for Prevention. The Center for Prevention seeks to employ best practices to address the alcohol and other drug use culture among members of the UW-Stevens Point community to foster an environment that optimizes learning and engagement for students. The information shared below is included in accordance with the requirements of the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act.

Services and Programs

Upon entering the institution UW-Stevens Point students participate in Think About It, an online mandatory alcohol education program. Electronic Check-up to Go (E-CHUG) for Alcohol and for Marijuana are online programs available to students 24/7 at no cost. Also, several units and departments offer alcohol education including Residential Living, Center for Prevention, and Greek-letter organizations. Additional early intervention and educational services include brief motivational interventions for students.

The Student Health Service screens its patients using the Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test (AUDIT). The university refers students involved in policy violations to an alcohol and/or marijuana education class.

More information about the UW-Stevens Point Center for Prevention can be found at https://www.uwsp.edu/dos/aoda-ipv

Campus Resources for Employees

For faculty and staff, the Human Resources supports an Employee Assistance Program. Information for employees can be found at https://www.uwsp.edu/hr/Pages/Employee%20Relations/Additional-Resources.aspx.

University Standards of Conduct and Sanctions Concerning Illicit Drugs and Alcohol

UW System Chapter 18 Conduct on University Lands. (The following is excerpted.)

- Smoking tobacco and vaping are not allowed in residence halls, nonresidential buildings, or anywhere on campus. The UW-Stevens Point campus is tobacco free effective August 2014. Similarity, UW-Stevens Point at Marshfield and UW-Stevens Point at Wausau do not allow tobacco use in or near any campus buildings. CWES and Treehaven do not allow tobacco use in any of their facilities and have designated specific locations away from buildings where tobacco may be used.

- The use or possession of alcohol beverages (fermented malt beverages and intoxicating liquors containing 0.5% or more of alcohol by volume) is prohibited on all university premises, except in faculty and staff housing and as permitted by the chief administrative officer, subject to statutory age restrictions. No person may procure, sell, dispense or give away alcohol beverages to any person contrary to the provisions of ch. 125, Stats.

- No person may intentionally use or possess marijuana on university lands.

- No person may use, or possess with the primary intent to use, drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in violation of ch. 961,
Stats. In this subsection, the term “drug paraphernalia” has the meaning specified in s. 961.571(1), Stats.; the term “controlled substance” has the meaning specified in s. 961.01(4), Stats.; and the term “controlled substance analog” has the meaning specified in s. 961.01(4m), Stats.

- The student conduct process, to include the full list of possible sanctions, is outline in UWSP Chapter 17. See information on pg. 20 of this report.
- Sanctions for alcohol and drug policy violations are outlined below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incident</th>
<th>Sanction Guidelines for Alcohol Violations</th>
<th>Sanction Guidelines for Drug Violations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Educational Component: (PACE) Personal Alcohol Control through Exploration class ($200 program fee plus follow up meeting with the Center for Prevention)</td>
<td>2. Educational Component: Marijuana 101 – an online marijuana education exercise, 6 lessons, 3 hours ($200 program fee plus follow up meeting with the Center for Prevention)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Alcohol use reflection paper</td>
<td>3. Parent/legal guardian notification by letter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level Two</td>
<td>1. Parental/legal guardian notification by letter</td>
<td>1. Parental/legal guardian notification by phone with student</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Educational Component: (BASICS) Brief Alcohol Screening and Intervention for College Students (first 60-minute meeting; personal inventory; second 60-minute meeting; $350 program fee)</td>
<td>2. Educational Component: (CASICS) Cannabis Screening and Intervention for College Students (first 60-minute meeting; personal inventory; second 60-minute meeting; $350 program fee)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Alcohol use reflection paper</td>
<td>3. On campus residence hall relocation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4. Drug use reflection paper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level Three</td>
<td>1. 12 months University Disciplinary Probation</td>
<td>1. 12 months University Disciplinary Probation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Referred to the Dean of Students</td>
<td>2. On campus residence hall relocation</td>
<td>2. Residence Hall contract termination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office</td>
<td>3. Parental/legal guardian notification via phone call by the Dean of Students Office</td>
<td>3. Parental/legal guardian notification via phone call by the Dean of Students office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Financial restitution (if damages are incurred)</td>
<td>4. Signed statement of suspension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Signed statement of suspension</td>
<td>5. Educational Component: Referral to UWSP AODA assessment ($175 program fee) or external agency referral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Educational Component: Referral to UWSP AODA assessment ($175 program fee) or external agency referral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Federal and State Laws**

**Federal Legal Sanctions**

Pursuant to federal law, the United States Sentencing Guidelines establish mandatory minimum penalties for categories of drug offenses and provide for penalty enhancements in specific cases. Under these federal guidelines, courts can sentence a person for up to 6 years for unlawful possession of a controlled substance, including the distribution of a small amount (less than 250 grams) of marijuana; a sentence of life imprisonment can result from a conviction of possession of a controlled substance that results in death or bodily injury; and, possession of more than 5 grams of cocaine can trigger an intent to distribute penalty of 10 –16 years in prison.

**Federal Penalties and Sanctions for Illegal Possession of Controlled Substances**

- 1st conviction: Up to 1 year imprisonment and fined at least $1,000 but not more than $100,000, or both. After 1 prior drug conviction: At least 15 days in prison, not to exceed 2 years and fined at least $2,500 but not more than $250,000, or both.
- After 2 or more prior drug convictions: At least 90 days in prison, not to exceed 3 years and fined at least $5,000 but not more than $250,000, or both.
• 21 U.S.C. 853(a)(2) and 881(a)(7) Forfeiture of personal and real property used to possess or to facilitate possession of a controlled substance if that offense is punishable by more than 1 year imprisonment. (See special sentencing provisions re: crack, above.)
• 21 U.S.C. 881(a)(4) Forfeiture of vehicles, boats, aircraft or any other conveyance used to transport or conceal a controlled substance.
• 21 U.S.C. 844a Civil fine of up to $10,000.
• 21 U.S.C. 862 Denial of Federal benefits, such as student loans, grants, contracts, and professional and commercial licenses, up to 1 year for first offense, up to 5 years for second and subsequent offenses.
• 18 U.S.C. 922(g) Ineligible to purchase, receive or transport a firearm. Miscellaneous Revocation of certain Federal licenses and benefits, e.g. pilot licenses, public housing tenancy, etc.

State of Wisconsin Laws and Potential Sanctions
The Uniform Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 961 of the Wisconsin Statutes, regulates controlled substances and outlines specific penalties for the violation of the regulations. A first-time conviction for possession of a controlled substance can result in a sentence of up to one year in prison and a fine of up to $5,000. Sec. 961.41(3g), Stats. A person convicted of manufacturing a controlled substance, delivering a controlled substance, or possessing a controlled substance with an intent to manufacture or deliver, can be imprisoned for up to 30 years and fined up to $1,000,000. Secs. 961.41(1) and (1m), Stats. Penalties vary according to the type of drug involved, the amount of drug confiscated, the number of previous convictions, and the presence of any aggravating factors. The distribution of a controlled substance to a minor can lead to the doubling of an authorized sentence term.

Sec. 961.46, Stats. Wisconsin has formidable legal sanctions that restrict the use of alcohol in various situations. It is illegal to procure for, sell, dispense or give away alcohol to anyone who has not reached the legal drinking age of 21 years. Sec. 125.07(1)(a)(1), Stats. Every adult has a legal obligation to prevent the illegal consumption of alcohol on premises owned by the adult or under the adult’s control. Sec. 125.07(1)(a)(3), Stats. A first-time violator of either of the above subsections can be fined up to $500. It is against the law for an underage person to procure or attempt to procure an alcoholic beverage, to falsely represent his or her age for the purpose of obtaining alcohol, to enter premises licensed to sell alcohol, or to consume or possess alcohol on licensed premises. Sec. 125.07(4)(a), Stats. A first-time underage violator of Section 125.07(4)(bs), Stats., can be fined up to $500, ordered to participate in a supervised work program, and have their driver’s license suspended.

Health Effects of Alcohol and Other Drugs
This is a brief summary of some of the principal health risks and hazards associated with the use of illicit drugs and alcohol. It is neither comprehensive nor exhaustive. For more detailed information concerning the dangers of drugs and alcohol, students should consult your doctor or a drug and alcohol rehabilitation counselor.

Alcohol and Other Depressants (barbiturates, sedatives and tranquilizers) Addiction, accidents as a result of impaired ability and judgment, alcohol overdose, overdose when used with other depressants, causes damage to a developing fetus, heart and liver damage.

Marijuana
Impairs short-term memory, thinking and physical coordination. Can also cause panic reaction and increase the risk of lung cancer and emphysema. Can interfere with judgment, attention span, concentration and overall intellectual performance. Impairs driving ability. May cause psychological dependence and compromise the immune system.
Cocaine
Addiction, cardiovascular system damage including heart attack, brain damage, seizures, lung damage, severe depression, paranoia, psychosis. Similar risks are associated with other stimulants, such as speed and uppers.

Nicotine
Tobacco smoke contains thousands of chemical compounds, many of which are known to cause cancer. Nicotine, which is a central nervous system stimulant, produces an increase in heart and respiration rates, blood pressure, adrenaline production and metabolism. People can rapidly become physically and psychologically dependent on tobacco. Nicotine compromises the immune system.

Inhalants
Inhalants are a diverse group of chemicals that easily evaporate and can cause intoxication when their vapors are inhaled. Most inhalants are central nervous system depressants. Use of these drugs slow down many body functions. High doses can cause severe breathing problems.