ADAMS COUNTY SHORELAND PROTECTION ORDINANCE

RIPARIAN BUFFERS

ADAMS COUNTY SHORELAND PROTECTION ORDINANCE

• **P&Z** → Regulatory, 608-339-4222

 LWCD → Technical Assistance 608-339-4269

ADAMS COUNTY SHORELAND PROTECTION ORDINANCE

- Original ordinance adopted 1971.
- Enforced when violations reported.
- Standards for corrections were vague
- Revision of NR115 still in process with no end in sight.

WHY REVISE NOW?

- LWCD REQUESTED STANDARDS FOR VIOLATIONS BE DEFINED.
- PROVIDE A
 CONSISTENT AND
 EQUITABLE METHOD
 FOR ENFORCEMENT



TYPES OF RIPARIAN BUFFERS

COMPLIANCE

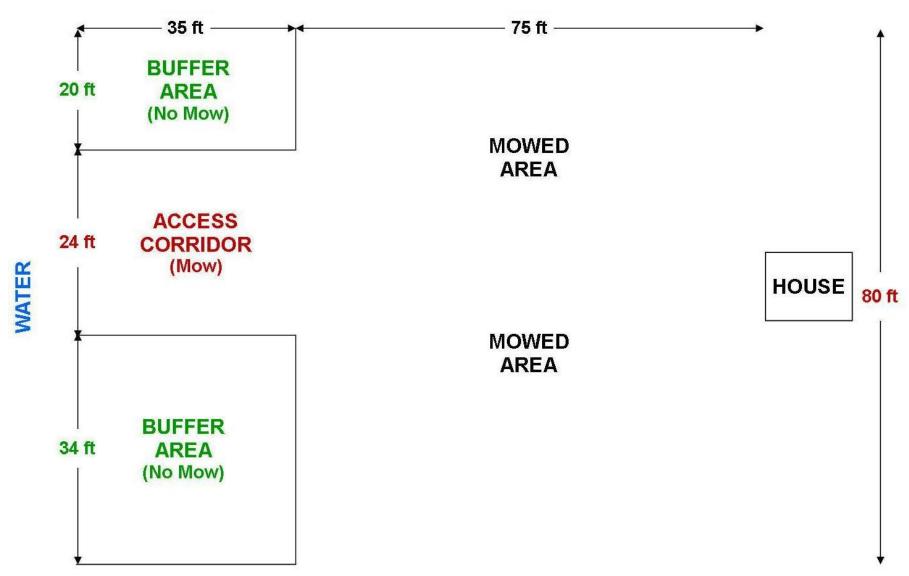
VIOLATIONS

NONCONFORMING

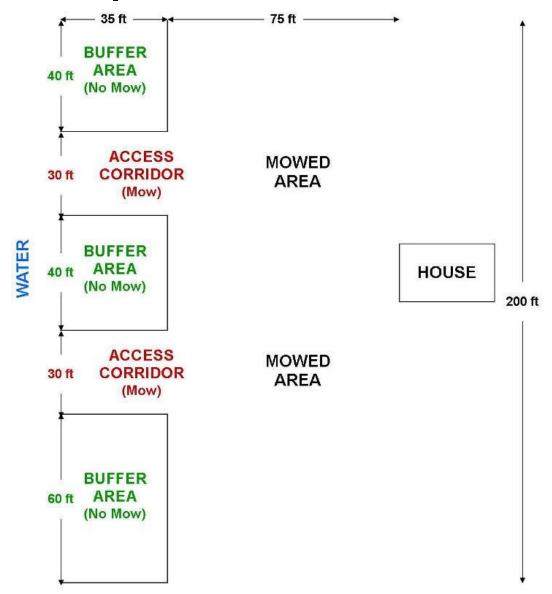
Shoreland Protection Ordinance Parcels in Compliance – Section 4

- Applies to all shorelands in the unincorporated areas of Adams County.
- Vegetation paralleling the shoreline extending 35 feet inland from all points of the ordinary high-water mark, referred to as the buffer area, shall not be removed (including tilling) except in the access corridor.
- Access corridor shall be the lesser of 30% of lot width or 30 feet per 100 feet of width.

30% of lot width Example



30 feet per 100 feet Example



Buffer Areas for parcels in Compliance

 Grasses in the buffer area may be trimmed to a height of no less than 12 inches

 Exception for lots with 30 feet or less of water frontage.

 Shoreline stabilization measure contribute to 35 feet buffer requirement.

View / Access Corridor for Parcels in Compliance

- Shall be a minimum of 35 feet between clear cut openings.
- Interpretation relative to beach areas:

Viewing corridor allows for the creation and maintenance of a beach area.

Note: Contact P&Z Dept before creating any beaches because any excavation, filling, grading needs to be permitted as described in Section 5.







Shoreland Protection Ordinance Parcels in Violation – Section 4

 Those parcels where existing vegetation is removed within the 35 feet buffer area and outside of the allowable access corridor.

 Planting plan and maintenance plan required immediately to replace the vegetation removed with similar species, size and age according to minimum standards of WI Biology Tech. Note 1.

WI Biology Tech Note 1 Minimum Standards – Woodland Buffer

2 or more native trees,

0.5 - 5 / 100 sqft

3 or more native shrubs,

1 - 4 / 100 sqft

 Native grass/flower plugs (3 or more species) 25 - 75 / 100 sqft

or

native grass/flower seed (3 or more species)

6 - 12 oz / 1000 sqft

WI Biology Tech Note 1 Minimum Standards – Prairie Buffer

- 0 native trees, may have up to 0.2 / 100 sqft
- 2 or more native shrubs, 0.2 0.5 / 100 sqft
- Native grass/flower plugs
 (5 or more species)
 50-100 / 100 sqft

or

native grass/flower seed 6 – 12 oz / 1000 sqft (3 or more species)

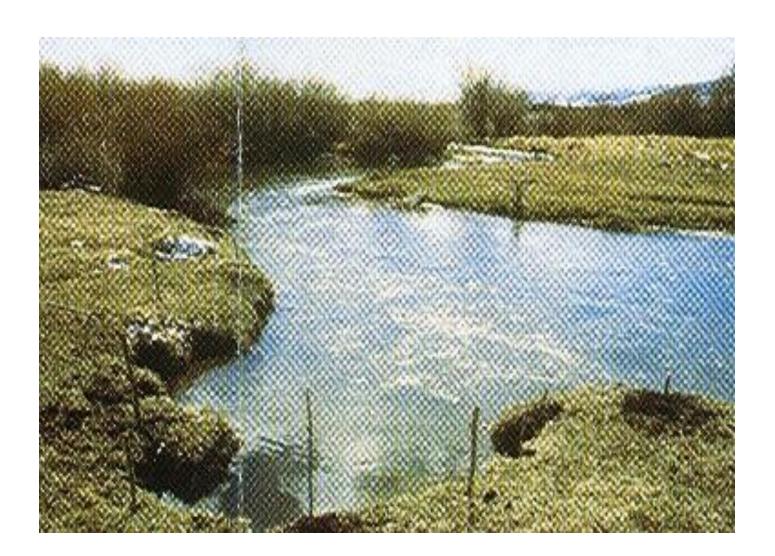




 Nonexistent, inadequate or otherwise ineffective 35 feet shoreline buffer areas as set forth in Section 4 shall be considered nonconforming, unless under existing maintenance or management plan approved by Adams County.

• All nonconforming shoreline buffer areas shall be brought into compliance by September 30, 2013, unless *NR115 as revised, requires less restoration for compliance*.



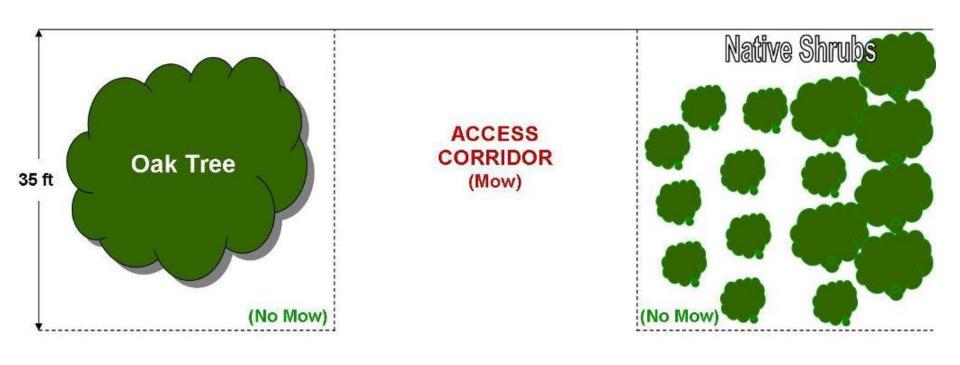


Minimum Standards for compliance:

- Vegetation within 35 feet buffer area shall not be mowed (except for grasses which may be cut to a minimum height of 12 inches), cut tilled or otherwise removed.
- Consist of a minimum 50% native canopy upon maturity.

EXAMPLE OF 50% CANOPY REQUIREMENT USING TREES/SHRUBS

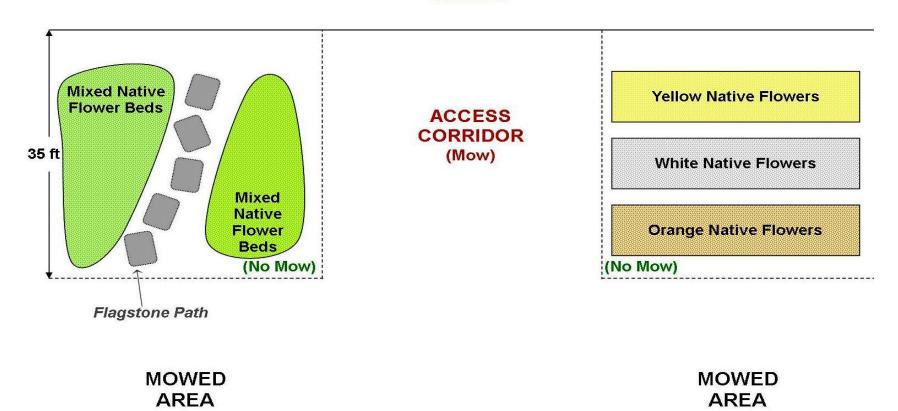
WATER



MOWED AREA MOWED AREA

EXAMPLE OF 50% CANOPY REQUIREMENT USING LANDSCAPING

WATER



 Cases where P&Z Dept and LWCD determine a 35 feet buffer is not practical due to site limitations including but not limited to legal nonconforming setback encroachments, topography, the non-existence of soil, soil inadequacies; other mitigation measures capable of serving the purpose of this ordinance such as rain gardens may be implemented in lieu of a portion of the required buffer.

 < 35 feet, buffer area shall be a minimum of 33% of distance as measured horizontally from the Ordinary High Water Mark to the primary structure.

View / Access Corridor for Parcels in Nonconformance

Interpretation relative to beach areas:

Existing beach areas outside of the viewing corridor are considered nonconforming and must be converted to vegetated buffer unless a Special Exception Permit to retain the beach area is applied for and granted – Section 5.

Viewing corridor allows for the creation and maintenance of a beach area.

Note: Contact P&Z Dept before creating any beaches because any excavation, filling, grading needs to be permitted as described in Section 5.

- In all such cases whether a buffer restoration/enhancement and/or other mitigation plan is required;
- A maintenance agreement shall be approved by LWCD and P&Z Dept.
- Maintenance agreement shall be filed with the LWCD and P&Z Dept.

Costs to Comply

- Minimum standards = \$0 to \$200
- Prairie buffer = \$.15 to \$1.00 / sqft
- Woodland buffer = \$.50 to \$2.00 / sqft
- Landscaped buffer = \$.25 to \$3.00 / sqft
- 70% 75% Cost share available for native restorations











• All nonconforming shoreline buffer areas shall be brought into compliance by September 30, 2013, unless *NR115 as revised, requires less restoration for compliance*.

REVISED NR115, JANUARY 2010

 NR115.05(1)(g)1. 'General rule for nonconforming uses.' Pursuant to ss. 59.69(10)(a) and 59.692(2)(a), Stats., an ordinance enacted under those provisions may not prohibit the continuation of the lawful use of a building, structure or **property**, that exists when an ordinance or ordinance amendment takes effect, which is not in conformity with the provisions of the ordinance or amendment.

WHAT'S NEXT?

- Majority of current Adams Planning and Development Committee members desire buffer compliance.
- Define trigger mechanism for nonconforming parcels
- Lawful use vs unlawful use during original ordinance
- Adams Corporation Counsel and WDNR Counsel communicating to meet oversight committee's desire.

QUESTIONS

