

What's a model

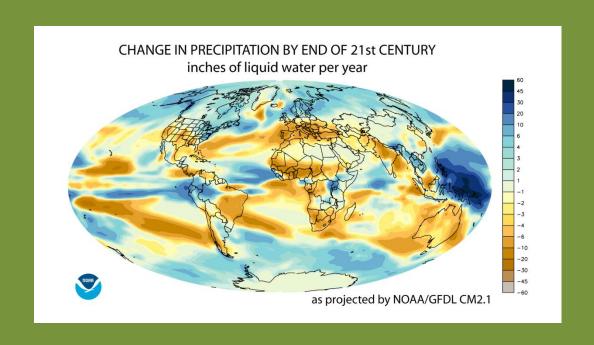
One definition: A mathematical description to help visualize something

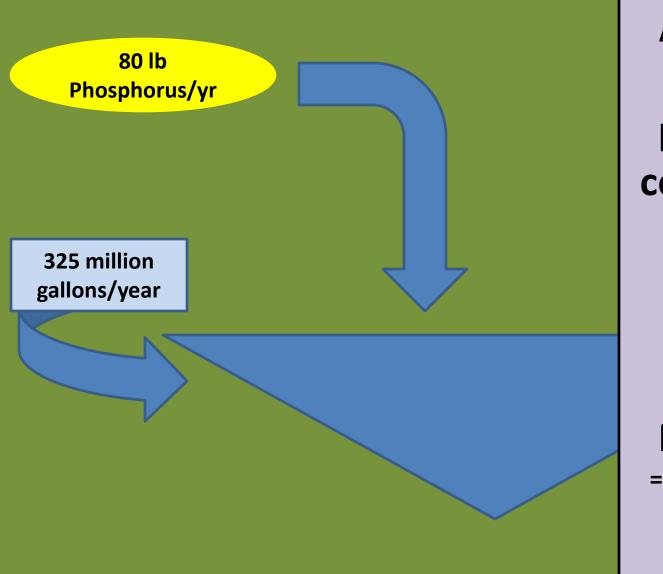




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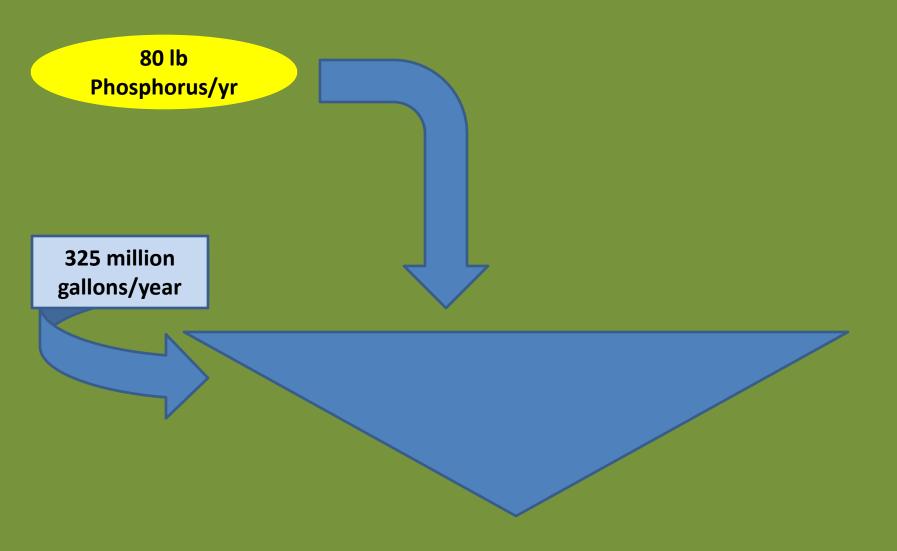




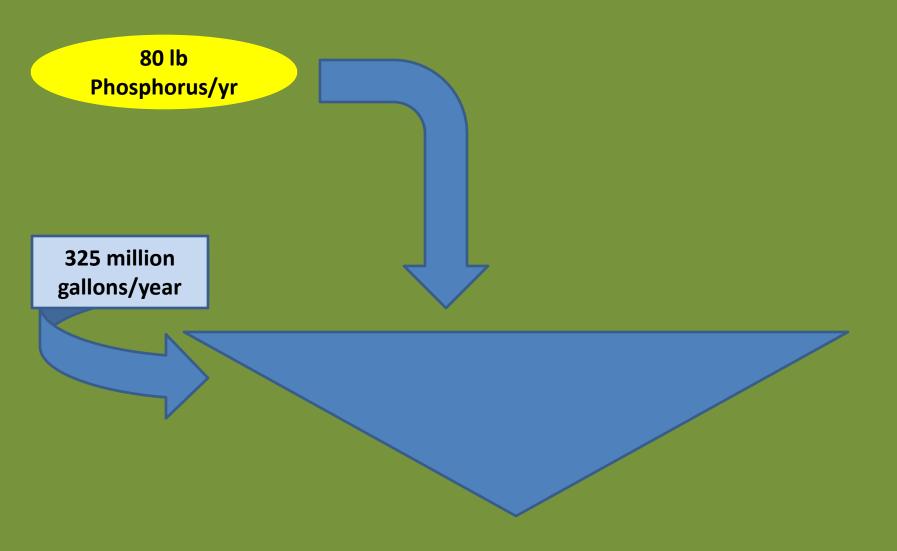
A model for the phosphorus concentration in a lake

Amount of **Phosphorus**

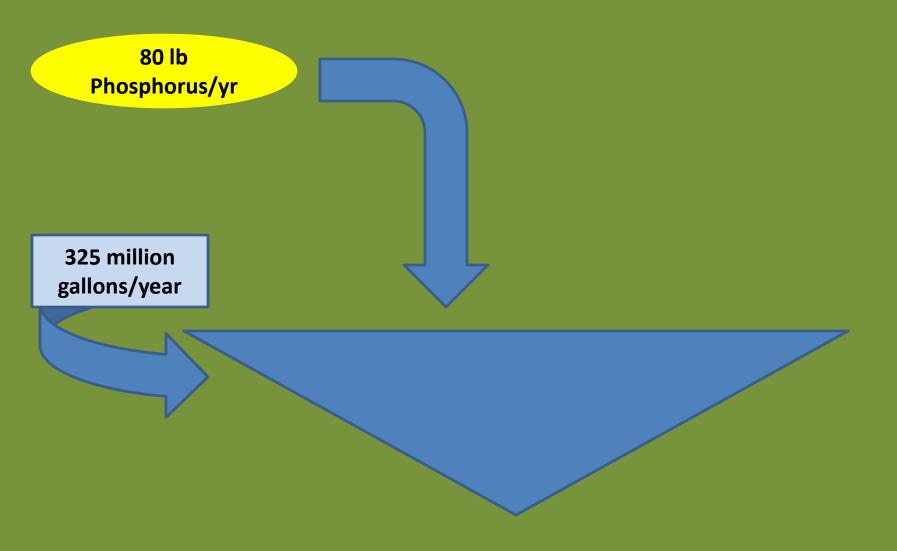
Amount of Water



= 80 lb/ 325 million gallons =



= 80 lb/ 3 billion lbs water=



= 80 lb/ 3 billion lbs water= 27 ppb

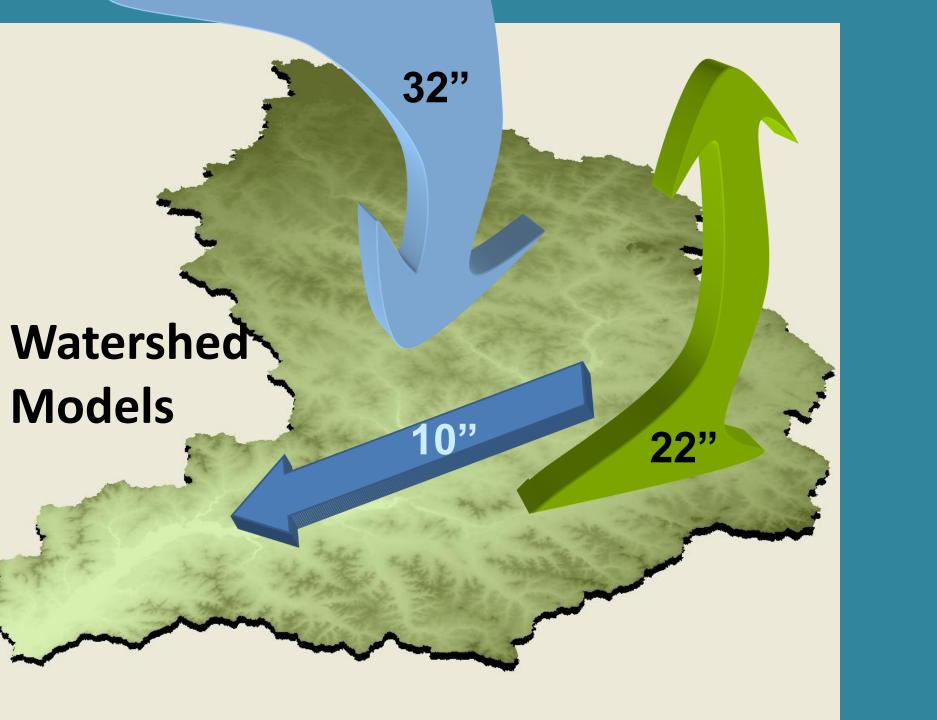
Why Model?

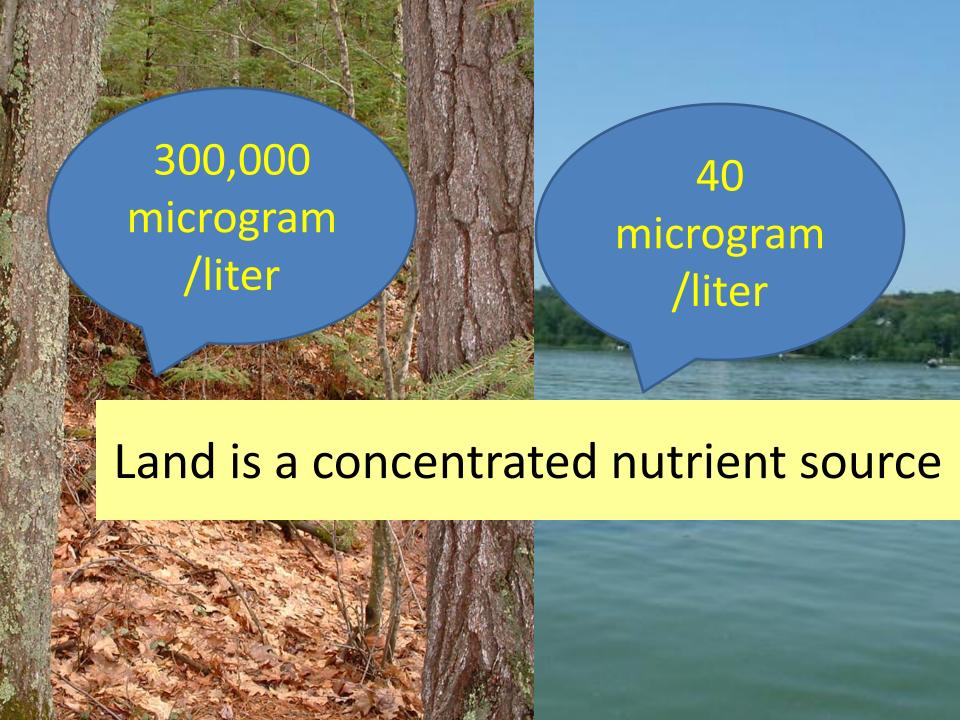
- Groundwater flow
 — where water is coming from?
- Lake concentration —what if we change the amount added?
- Watershed modeling
 – can watershed changes help and by how much?
- In-Lake Restoration "experiment" with treatment, diversions etc.

Rule #1

"All models are wrong but some are useful"

George Box





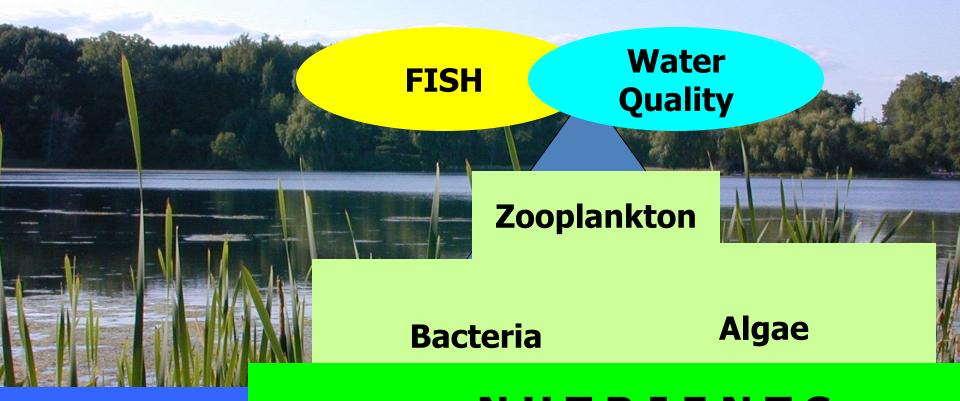


Rule #2

"Make everything as simple as possible, but not simpler"

A. Einstein

Lake Models



NUTRIENTS

WATER



Phosphorus Concentration (µg/l)	Productivity
10	Low (Oligotrophic)
10-20	Medium (Mesotrophic)
Greater than 20	High (Eutrophic)

Annual Phosphorus Input

Simpler Models...

- --completely mixed
- -- steady with time

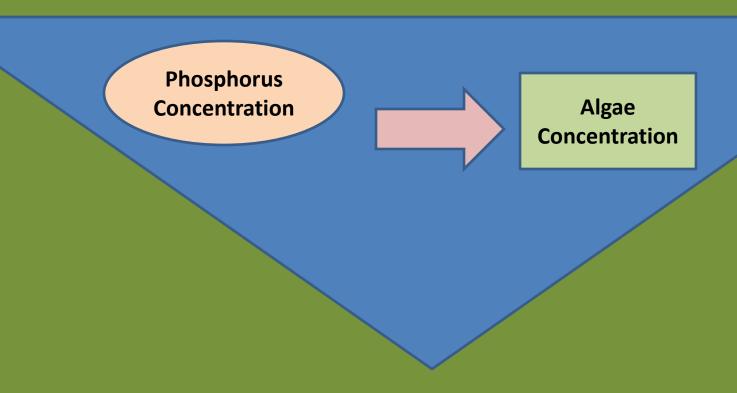
Annual Water Input

Annual Phosphorus Settling

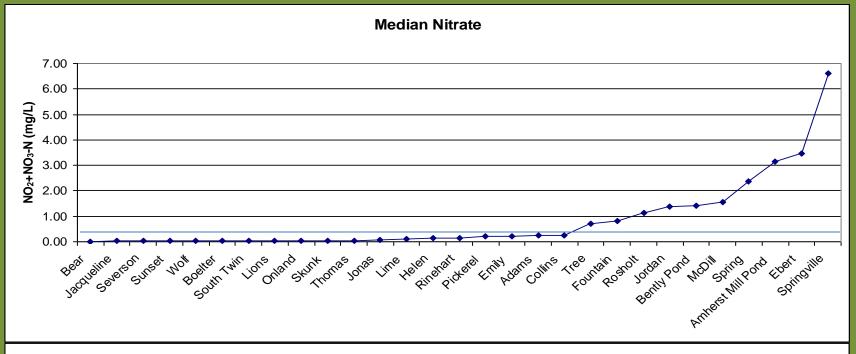
Complex Models...

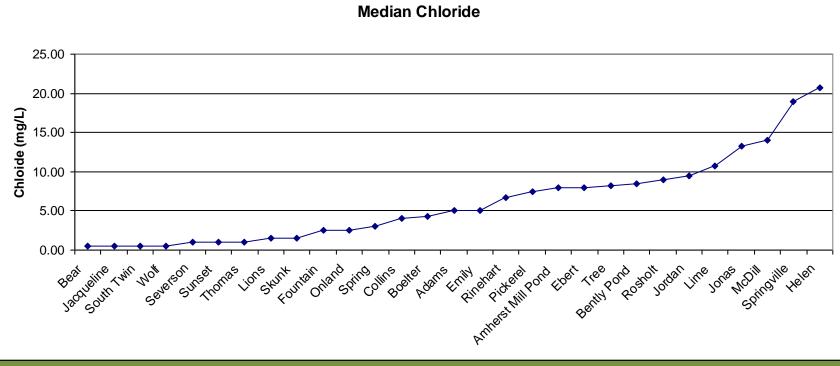
- --segments in lake
- --vary with time
- --biology!

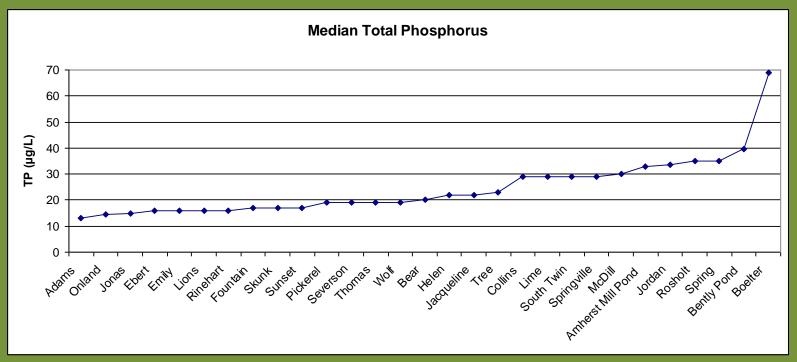
Lake Response Model?

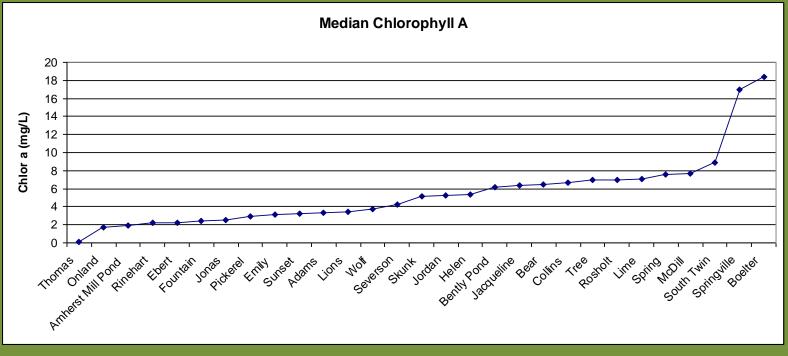


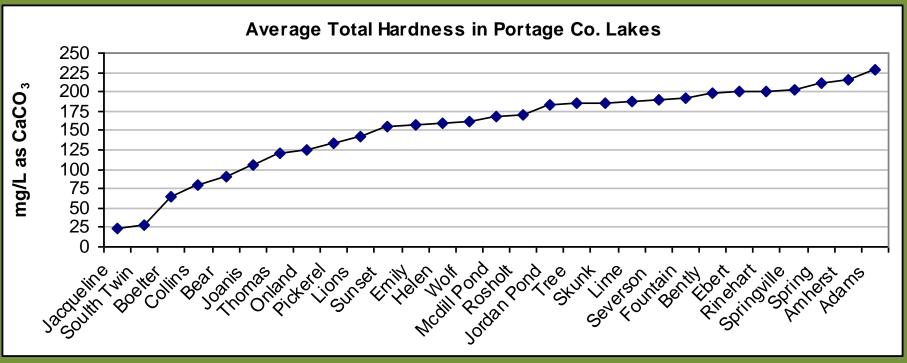
Application to Portage County

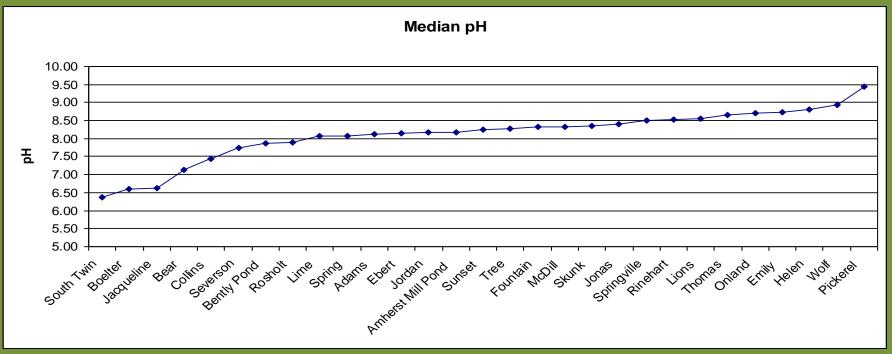














- Groundwater Inputs (based on groundwater modeling)
- Surface watershed inputs (two categories: developed and undeveloped)
- In-lake mixed and steady-state

Portage County Model

